

## UPDATE OF RIVERSIDE TRANSMISSION AND RELIABILITY PROJECT

### **Public Utilities Department**

City Council May 14, 2024

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# NEED FOR THE RTRP HAS NOT CHANGED

- 1. The Riverside Transmission and Reliability Project (RTRP) was designed and proposed to support a safe and reliable electric distribution system that will serve the City's existing customers as well as to support additional growth within the City's limits.
- 2. Riverside's current distribution system capacity is supporting electricity demand that exceeds the prudent operating standards and practices of the electric utility industry to maintain a safe and reliable electric system.
- The City's electric loads will exceed the safe operating capacity under expected conditions by 2029 and potentially earlier if development projects continue to be approved.

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| PRUDENT SYSTEM PLANNING  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Operating<br>Standards   | N-1 Condition   | Total Remaining Capacity  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Loss of Transmission (already surpassed)  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Loss of one of two transformers at Vista<br>(loss of 280 MW capacity)   | 754 MW – 280 MW = 474 MW<br>RPU Summer Peak exceeds this capacity           |  |  |  |  |
| Plan for<br>Systems to<br>Support an<br>expected<br>weather event<br>with loss of one<br>critical piece of<br>infrastructure | Loss of a Generation Asset  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Loss of 1 RERC unit (loss of 48.5 MW capacity)  | 754 MW – 48.5 MW = 705.5 MW   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Loss of a Critical Infrastructure Transformer   |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Transformer loss in equipment connecting<br>RERC units to the distribution system<br>would result in the loss of generation from<br>two RERC units (loss of 97 MW capacity)         | 754 MW – 97 MW = 657 MW<br>RPU Summer Peak almost exceeded this<br>capacity |  |  |  |  |
|  | Note: The loss of both transformers at the Vista substation (loss of 560 MW capacity) would be what is considered an N-2 condition. RPU would only be able to serve 194 MW of load. |   |  |  |  |  |
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# **CONTINUING WITHOUT RTRP IS A RISK**

- 1. Summer loads are expected to exceed more than one safe operating capacity standard between 2024 and 2029
- 2. When capacity is exceeded there will be <u>rolling blackouts</u>
- It is not prudent to continue to approve growth in loads until a capacity solution is in place

RPU Actual and Forecast Peak Loads (2021 through 2030)

|      | Temperature Scenarios |        |        |         |         |  |  |
|------|-----------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|--|--|
| Year | Actual                | 1-in-2 | 1-in-5 | 1-in-10 | 1-in-20 |  |  |
| 2021 | 560.0                 |        |        |         |         |  |  |
| 2022 | 648.0                 |        |        |         |         |  |  |
| 2023 | 589.8                 |        |        |         |         |  |  |
| 2024 |                       | 601.4  | 631.4  | 647.4   | 660.4   |  |  |
| 2025 |                       | 611.3  | 641.3  | 657.3   | 670.3   |  |  |
| 2026 |                       | 623.1  | 653.1  | 669.1   | 682.1   |  |  |
| 2027 |                       | 634.4  | 664.4  | 680.4   | 693.4   |  |  |
| 2028 |                       | 645.8  | 675.8  | 691.8   | 704.8   |  |  |
| 2029 |                       | 661.1  | 691.1  | 707.1   | 720.1   |  |  |
| 2030 |                       | 667.6  | 697.6  | 713.6   | 726.6   |  |  |

Red indicates conditions that have the potential to exceed RPU's total safe operating capacity for an Expected N-1 condition (657 MW for loss of transformer at RERC). 8

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### System Capacity Compared to Forecast Peak Load

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# AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE CITY AND SCE

- The City and SCE entered an Interconnection Facilities Agreement (IFA)
  - a. Original agreement dated March 9, 2009 was amended on August 10, 2010 and March 23, 2018. The current agreement is dated January 15, 2019.
  - b. Sets forth various rights and obligations of SCE and Riverside in connection with the development, ownership, and operation of the RTRP
- 2. IFA contains the RTRP development Obligations and Terms
  - a. Facilities and cost allocation
  - b. Development responsibilities
  - c. Payment structure
  - 3. FERC granted SCE an incentive ratemaking in the event the RTRP was abandoned
- 4. FERC would determine the allocation of costs for the RTRP in the event the IFA is terminated; SCE also has an avenue to recover costs through the IFA

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# LARGE INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS TAKE TIME

Majority of time to complete transmission and generation projects is planning, design, environmental review and approval with multiple stakeholders and agencies

- 1. California Public Advocates Office study showed that transmission projects in California take an average 11.5 years
- 2. Majority of the time is planning, design, permitting and intergovernmental agency reviews
- 3. Construction takes a few years
  - a. A new transmission project will require years of negotiation, design, environmental review and approvals before it can begin construction

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| RIVERSIDE INTERNAL GENERATION  |    |  |  |  |
|--|----|--|--|--|
| Existing power   | 1. | <b>RPU's generation in the City of Riverside is aging</b><br>a. Springs end-of-life expected 2028<br>b. RERC end-of-life expected 2039   |  |  |
| be able to be<br>replaced with   | 2. | Will need to be replaced by renewable and zero-emissions generation  |  |  |
| similar<br>technologies,<br>will take more<br>land and be<br>costly to | 3. | <ul> <li>Utility scale renewable generation is either not possible in Riverside (geothermal) or will take large land areas</li> <li>1. Utility solar takes 5-10 acres of land to produce 1 MW of power when the sun is shining</li> <li>2. To replace RERC's 194 MW of power generation during the day would take between 1.5 and 3 square miles of land area</li> <li>3. Large scale solar takes 4-5 years to design, permit and build</li> </ul> |  |  |
| Riverside  | 4. | Riverside customers will solely bear the cost of building infrastructure within the City – electricity rates will increase   |  |  |
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| OTHER CONSIDERATIONS  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 3. Wildfire Hazard and Risk   |  |  |  |  |  |
| a. CPUC noted in its denial of the Norco PFM that fire hazard and risk<br>were evaluated during its and the City's evaluations and approvals<br>of the RTRP |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>CPUC noted that Norco had not provided new information that would justify a<br/>PFM</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |  |
| b. Fire hazard and risk maps have been updated but the hazard and<br>risk designation in the path of the RTRP have not changed over the<br>years            |  |  |  |  |  |
| c. Transmission lines like RTRP present a lower fire risk than distribution lines   |  |  |  |  |  |
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