



# RIVERSIDE PUBLIC UTILITIES

## Board Memorandum

**BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES**

**DATE: March 24, 2025**

**GENERAL MANAGER'S REPORT**

**SUBJECT: MONTHLY WATER REPORT – January 31, 2025**

Total water production (potable and non-potable) was 6,019 acre-feet (AF) or 1,961 million gallons. For reference, an acre-foot is the volume of water needed to cover 1 acre of land with water 1 foot deep. This equates to about 325,850 gallons of water – about half the size of an Olympic swimming pool.

For Fiscal Year 2024-25 to date, total water production and deliveries of 49,279 AF increased by 4,308 AF (10%) from last fiscal year, as shown in Figure 1 of the attachment to this report. Total production by calendar year is shown in Figure 2 (attached). The annual rolling production totals by month are shown in Figure 3 (attached). In January, the peak water usage on the potable water distribution system was 60.8 million gallons per day and occurred on January 14, 2025, as shown in Figure 4 (attached).

January potable water production totaled 5,336 AF, an increase of 1,157 AF (28%) from last January. Under its production, conveyance, and emergency water supply agreements, the water division wheeled 734 AF of potable water to the Western Municipal Water District and wholesaled 70 AF of potable water to the City of Norco in January.

In January, RPU's Gallons Per-Capita per Day (GPCD) was 153, and its Residential Gallons Per-Capita per Day (R-GPCD) was 87. RPU's annual rolling GPCD was 180, which is below the compliance target specified in SB X7-7 (i.e., 20% reduction by 2020) of 213. RPU's annual rolling R-GPCD was 102, as shown in Figure 5 (attached). On July 3, 2024, the State Water Resources Control Board adopted the 'Making Conservation a California Way of Life' regulation, which includes new performance standards. These standards became effective on January 1, 2025.

Weather conditions in the City of Riverside indicate that January 2025 was 1.5 degrees warmer compared to January last year, with a decrease of 1.24 inches in rainfall compared to January 2024.

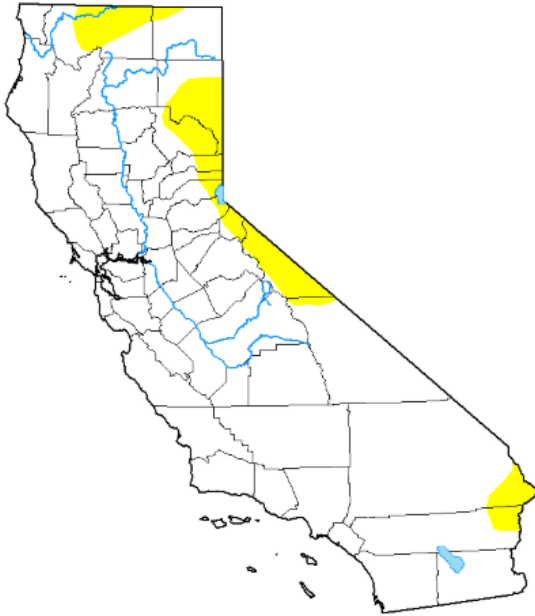
On a regional scale, the link below provides real-time updates on the progression and intensity of the Drought within the State:

<https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/CurrentMap/StateDroughtMonitor.aspx?CA>

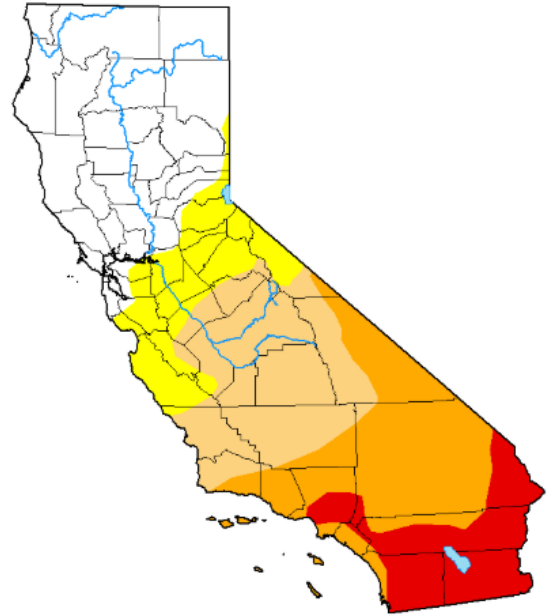
The maps below show the drought conditions throughout the State between January 2023 and January 2024, and an annual class change map for improvement or degradation in the drought conditions.

**Drought Classification**

- None
- D0 (Abnormally Dry)
- D1 (Moderate Drought)
- D2 (Severe Drought)
- D3 (Extreme Drought)
- D4 (Exceptional Drought)
- No Data

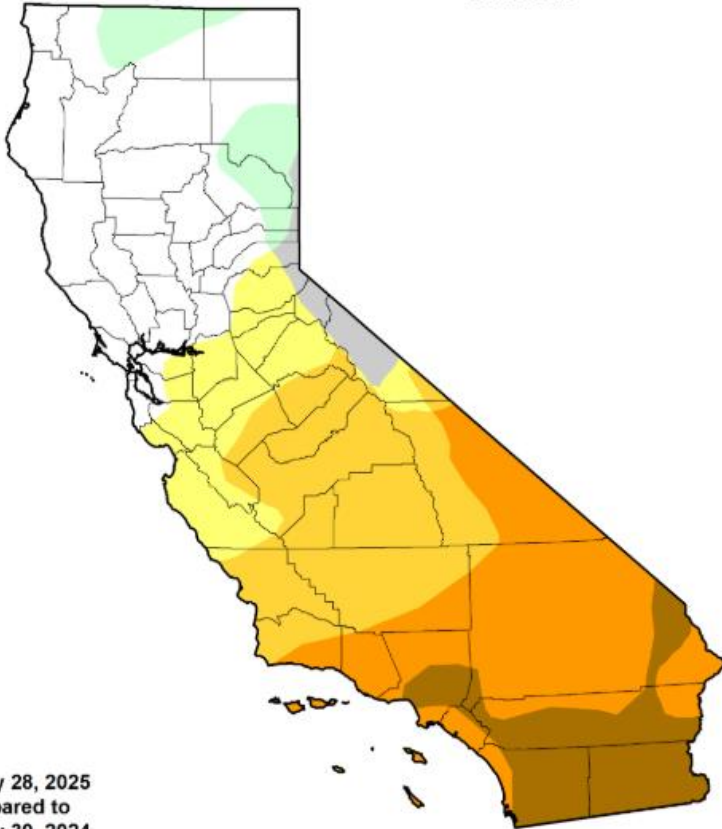


< January 30, 2024 > ⬇



< January 28, 2025 > ⬇

**U.S. Drought Monitor Class Change - California**  
52 Week



January 28, 2025  
compared to  
January 30, 2024



- 5 Class Degradation
- 4 Class Degradation
- 3 Class Degradation
- 2 Class Degradation
- 1 Class Degradation
- No Change
- 1 Class Improvement
- 2 Class Improvement
- 3 Class Improvement
- 4 Class Improvement
- 5 Class Improvement

droughtmonitor.unl.edu

Significant events for the water system in January 2024.

Date	Site	Issue	Comments	Status
Nov -24	Scheuer		Well Rehab	Out of Service
Nov -24	Garner B		Well Rehab	Out of Service

### Basin Groundwater Levels

Groundwater levels in the Bunker Hill, Rialto-Colton, and Riverside North basins continue to show a long-term decline, while groundwater levels in the Riverside South Basin remain relatively stable as described below and shown in Figure 6 (attached).

- Water levels in the Bunker Hill Basin increased by 4 feet compared to January of last year.
- Water levels in the Rialto-Colton Basin increased by 8 feet compared to January of last year.
- Water levels in the Riverside North Basin increased by 6 feet compared to January of last year.
- Water levels in the Riverside South Basin increased by 3 feet compared to January of last year.

Since 1994, RPU has invested in capital improvement projects such as stormwater capture in the Bunker Hill Basin to mitigate declining water levels in its groundwater basins and support Riverside's primary water supply source. These stormwater capture projects will become operational this spring, with full implementation in early spring 2025. The project will have the capacity to capture up to 80,000 AF of stormwater in any wet year, supporting groundwater levels in Riverside's groundwater wells while increasing Riverside's extraction rights as set by the Western-San Bernardino Watermaster.