- containing putrescible wastes, construction and demolition debris facilities, fly ash disposal, and incinerators.)
- (d) Any use which would generate electrical interference that may be detrimental to the operation of aircraft and/or aircraft instrumentation.
- (e) Highly noise sensitive outdoor nonresidential uses. Examples of noise-sensitive outdoor nonresidential uses that are prohibited include, but are not limited to, major spectator-oriented sports stadiums, amphitheaters, concert halls and drive-in theaters.
- (f) Hazards to flight
- 3. The attached "Notice of Airport in Vicinity" shall be provided to all prospective purchasers and occupants of the property and be recorded as a deed notice. In the event that the Office of the Riverside County Assessor-Clerk-Recorder declines to record said notice, the text of the notice shall be included on the Environmental Constraint Sheet (ECS) of the final parcel map, if an ECS is otherwise required.
- 4. Any proposed stormwater basins or facilities shall be designed and maintained to provide for a maximum 48-hour detention period following the design storm, and remain totally dry between rainfalls. Vegetation in and around the detention basins that would provide food or cover for birds would be incompatible with airport operations and shall not be utilized in project landscaping. Trees shall be spaced so as to prevent large expanses of contiguous canopy, when mature. Landscaping in and around the detention basin(s) shall not include trees or shrubs that produce seeds, fruits, or berries.

Landscaping in the detention basin, if not rip-rap, should be in accordance with the guidance provided in ALUC "LANDSCAPING NEAR AIRPORTS" brochure, and the "AIRPORTS, WILDLIFE AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT" brochure available at <u>RCALUC.ORG</u> which list acceptable plants from Riverside County Landscaping Guide or other alternative landscaping as may be recommended by a qualified wildlife hazard biologist.

A notice sign, in a form similar to that attached hereto, shall be permanently affixed to the stormwater basin with the following language: "There is an airport nearby. This stormwater basin is designed to hold stormwater for only 48 hours and not attract birds. Proper maintenance is necessary to avoid bird strikes". The sign will also include the name, telephone number or other contact information of the person or entity responsible to monitor the stormwater basin.

- 5. March Air Reserve Base must be notified of any land use having an electromagnetic radiation component to assess whether a potential conflict with Air Base radio communications could result. Sources of electromagnetic radiation include radio wave transmission in conjunction with remote equipment inclusive of irrigation controllers, access gates, etc.
- 6. The project has been evaluated for 3,590 square foot drive-thru car wash, which includes 144 square feet of break room area, 748 square feet of storage area, 156 square feet of office area, and 25 car stacking drive-thru spaces. Any increase in building area, or change in use to any higher intensity use, will require an amended review to evaluate consistency with the ALUCP compatibility criteria, at the discretion of the ALUC Director.

7. The project does not propose rooftop solar panels at this time. However, if the project were to propose solar rooftop panels in the future, the applicant/developer shall prepare a solar glare study that analyzes glare impacts, and this study shall be reviewed by the Airport Land Use Commission and March Air Reserve Base.

Supporting documentation was provided to the Airport Land Use Commission and is available online at www.rcaluc.org, click Agendas 5-13-21 Agenda, Bookmark Agenda Item No. 3.3.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (951) 955-6893.

Sincerely,

RIVERSIDE COUNTY AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION

Paul Rull, ALUC Director

Attachments: Notice of Airport in Vicinity

cc: Omega Engineering Consultants (applicant)

Eugene Marini (representative/property owner) Gary Gosliga, March Inland Port Airport Authority

Doug Waters, Chief Engineering Flight, March Air Reserve Base

ALUC Case File

 $Y: VAIRPORT\ CASE\ FILES \ VAIRPORT\ CASE\ CAS$

NOTICE OF AIRPORT IN Y L N N

associated with the property before you complete your airport, within what is known as an airport influence annoyances [can vary from person to person. You may you. Business & Professions Code Section 11010 (b) This property is presently located in the vicinity of an area. For that reason, the property may be subject to some of the annoyances or inconveniences associated with proximity to airport operations (for example: noise, vibration, or odors). Individual sensitivities to those wish to consider what airport annoyances], if any, are purchase and determine whether they are acceptable to

RF-2024-001023 (GPA, RZ, CUP, VR, DR), Exhibit 9 - Airport Land Use Commission Determination

THERE IS AN AIRPORT NEARBY.

THIS STORM WATER BASIN IS DESIGNED TO HOLD STORM WATER FOR ONLY 48 HOURS AND NOT TO ATTRACT BIRDS

PROPER MAINTENANCE IS NECESSARY TO AVOID

BIRD STRIKES



IF THIS BASIN IS OVERGROWN, PLEASE CONTACT:

Name:

Phone:

PR-2021-001023 (GPA, RZ, CUP, VR, DR), Exhibit 9 - Airport Land Use Commission Determination

COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTDEPARTMENT

PLANNING DIVISION

WARD: 2

1. Case Numbers: PR-2021-001023 (GPA-RZ-CUP-DR-VR)

2. Project Title: Quick Quack Car Wash

3. **Lead Agency:** City of Riverside

Community & Economic Development Department

Planning Division

3900 Main Street, 3rd Floor Riverside, CA 92522

4. **Contact Person:** Candice Assadzadeh, Senior Planner

Phone Number: (951) 826-5667

5. **Project Location:** The proposed Project site is located at 360 Alessandro Boulevard and is situated

at the northwest corner of Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway. (Refer to Figure 1 - Regional Map, Figure 2 - Project Site) The Project site is 0.99

acre (gross acre). Assessor Parcel Number (APN) 272-060-004.

6. Project Applicant/Project Sponsor's Name and Address:

Ken Assi

KA Enterprises

5820 Oberlin Drive, Suite 201

San Diego, CA 92121 (619) 820-6180

7. **General Plan Designation:** O – Office

8. **Zoning:** O – Office Zone

9. **Description of Project:**

The proposed Project includes the construction and operation of a car wash that totals approximately 3,648 square feet (SF) with 17 associated vacuum stations, parking, landscaping, and lighting improvements. (see *Figure 3 - Site Plan*) The facility would consist of a single building that would house the car wash tunnel, office, employee lounge and restrooms, equipment housing, and materials storage. The car wash tunnel will be 108-feet long, with tunnel exit and entrance dimensions of 10 feet wide by 10 feet tall. Additional facilities would include pay and vacuum station canopies, centralized vacuum equipment, employee parking spaces, and a trash/recycling enclosure. The centralized vacuum equipment would also be housed within an enclosure and screened. Access to the site would be provided by two driveways one on Alessandro Boulevard and one on Mission Grove Parkway. Additional site

improvements would include underground utilities, reclaimed water storage tanks (underground), pedestrian walkways, site lighting, and landscaping.

The proposed hours of operation will be 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., seven days a week with extended hours of 7:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m. from April through September. The facility would be expected to serve approximately 8,000 cars in a typical month. The majority of water used in car washing is reclaimed and is stored in on-site storage tanks and recycled for subsequent washes. Water consumed and discharged to the City's wastewater transmission system (consumptive water use) would average 12 to 15 gallons per vehicle. Consumptive water use would range from 3,900 gallons per day for less busy weekdays up to 4,500 gallons per day on Fridays and Saturdays, when the facility would be busier.

The proposed Project site currently has two buildings that are currently vacant. One building totals approximately 3,287 SF and the other building is approximately 2,650 SF. The buildings were previously used by AT&T as one of its service facility offices. Implementation of the proposed Project would require the buildings to be demolished and the site be re-graded to provide a new building pad and internal parking and drive aisles for the car wash facility. The demolition activities are expected to result in approximately 696 tons of debris, which will be hauled off-site and would generate 69 two-way haul trips to a recycling facility located approximately 10 miles from the Project site. Demolition is anticipated to take approximately three weeks. Construction of the new facility, including site preparation, grading, building construction, paving, and architectural coatings (painting, etc.), is anticipated to take approximately 10 months. The Project is anticipated to open/ be operational in late 2022.

The following entitlements are required for the proposed Project:

- General Plan Amendment (GPA) to change the land use designation from O Office to C Commercial;
- Zoning Code Map Amendment (RZ) to change the zone from O Office Zone to CG Commercial General Zone;
- Conditional Use Permit (CUP) to permit a vehicle wash facility;
- Design Review (DR) for the proposed site design and building elevations and
- Variance (VR) to allow for walls greater than 6 feet in height along the rear and west property lines.

10. Surrounding land uses and setting:

The Project site is located in the Mission Grove neighborhood of Riverside. North and west of the Project site is multi-family residential, the Mission Villas; east (across Mission Grove Parkway) is an office building housing the Riverside County Emergency Operations Center and further east the Metropolitan Water District's Henry Mills Water Treatment Plant; and south (across Alessandro Boulevard) are commercial uses, in the Mission Grove Shopping Center. *Table 1: Project Site and Surrounding Land Use and Zoning* lists the surrounding land uses and zoning.

Table 1: Project Site and Surrounding Land Use and Zoning

| | Existing Land Use | General Plan Designation | Zoning Designation |
|-----------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Project Site | Office (vacant) | O - Office | O – Office Zone |
| North | Multi-Family Residential (Mission Villas) | HDR – High Density Residential | R-3-3000-SP – Multiple Family Residential and Specific Plan (Mission Grove) Overlay Zones |

| East (across Mission Grove Parkway) | Public Facilities (Riverside County Emergency Operations Center and Henry Mills Water Treatment Plant) | PF – Public Facilities/Institution | PF – Public Facilities Zone |
|---|--|------------------------------------|--|
| South (across Alessandro Boulevard) | Commercial (Mission Grove Shopping Center) | C – Commercial | CR-SP – Commercial Retail and Specific Plan (Mission Grove) Overlay Zones |
| West | Multi-Family Residential (Mission Villas) | HDR – High Density Residential | R-3-3000-SP – Multiple Family Residential and Specific Plan (Mission Grove) Overlay Zones |

- 11. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financial approval, or participation agreement.): None.
- 12. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code 21080.3.1? If so, is there a plan for consultation that includes, for example, the determination of significant impacts to tribal cultural resources, procedures regarding confidentiality, etc.?

The City of Riverside sent out AB 52 consultation notices to tribes to initiate consultation on June 29, 2021. The following California Native American tribes requested consultation with the City of Riverside pursuant to Public Resources Code 21080.3.1:

a. Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians

SB 18 consultation notices were also sent out on July 22, 2021, there were no tribes that requested consultation in accordance with the SB 18 guidelines.

- 13. Other Environmental Reviews Incorporated by Reference in this Review:
 - a. City of Riverside, General Plan 2025 (GP 2025)
 - b. City of Riverside, GP 2025 Final Program Environmental Impact Report (FPEIR)
 - c. Title 17, Grading Code
 - d. Title 19, Zoning Code
 - e. Title 20, Cultural Resources

14. Acronyms

ALUC Airport Land Use Commission
APN Accessor Parcel Number
AQMP Air Quality Management Plan
BMPs Best Management Practices

CAPCOA California Air Pollution Control Officers Association

CARB California Air Resource Board

CCM Circulation and Community Mobility Element

CCR California Code of Regulations
CEQ Council on Environmental Quality
CEQA California Environmental Quality Act

CLUP March Air Reserve Base/March Inland Port Comprehensive Land Use Plan

DDC Deep Dynamic Compaction
EIC Eastern Information Center
EIR Environmental Impact Report

FPEIR Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Report

GHG Greenhouse gasses

GIS Geographic Information System
HCP Habitat Conservation Rat
HDR High Density Residential
JLUS Joint Land Use Study
LDAs Light duty autos

LID Low Impact Development

LOS Level of service
LU Land use

Lo Land use

MARB/MIP March Air Reserve Base/March Inland Port

MLD Most Likely Descendant MM Mitigation Measure MRZ Mineral Resource Zones

MSHCP Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Plan

msl mean seal level

N Noise

NAHC Native American Heritage Commission

OS Open Space PEIR Program EIR

PR Park and Recreation Element

PRC Public Resource Code

PS Public Safety

RIC Rapid Impact Compaction
RTP Regional Transportation Plan
RUSD Riverside Unified School District

SCAG Southern California Association of Governments SCAQMD South Coast Air Quality Management District

SKR Stephen Kangaroo Rat

SWPPP Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

TAC Toxic Air Contaminants

UCR/UNET UC Riverside Police Officer Association and University Neighborhood Enhancement Team

USGS United States Geological Survey
UST underground storage tanks
VHFSZ Very High Fire Safety Zone
VMT Vehicles Miles Traveled

WQMP Water Quality Management Plan

15. Appendix List

- a. Appendix A Quick Quack Car Wash Air Quality Impact Analysis by Urban Crossroads, Inc. November 4, 2021
- b. Appendix B Nesting Bird Assessment Report by Ruth Villalobos & Associates, Inc. July 2021
- c. Appendix C Quick Quack Car Wash Energy Analysis Technical Report by Urban Crossroads, Inc. November 4, 2021
- d. Appendix D Geotechnical Engineering Investigation by Krazan & Associates, Inc. December 17, 2020
- e. Appendix E Quick Quack Car Wash Greenhouse Gas Analysis by Urban Crossroads, Inc. November 4, 2021
- f. Appendix F Preliminary Water Quality Management Plan by Omega Engineering Consultants, Inc. February 11, 2021
- g. Appendix G Quick Quack Car Wash Noise Impact Study by MD Acoustics, LLC January 24, 2022.
- h. Appendix H Traffic Analysis by Urban Crossroads, Inc. August 3, 2021



QUICK QUACK CAR WASH



Regional Map

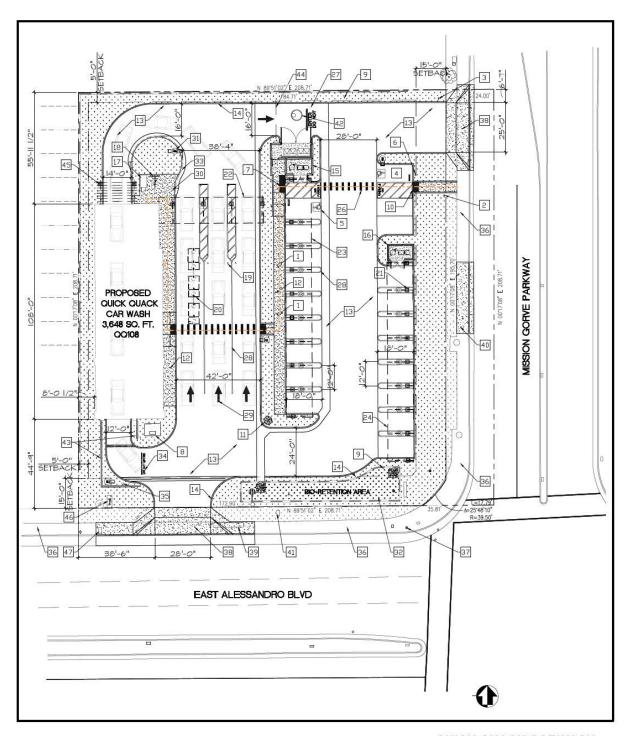
Figure 1



QUICK QUACK CAR WASH

Project Site Figure 2







QUICK QUACK CARWASH

Project Site Plan

Figure 3

16. ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

| | pact" as indicated by the checklist on the | | e impact |
|--|--|---|-------------|
| Aesthetics | Agriculture & Forest Resources | Air Quality | |
| Biological Resources | Cultural Resources | Energy | |
| Geology/Soils | Greenhouse Gas Emissions | Hazards & Hazardous Ma | terials |
| Hydrology/Water Quality | Land Use/Planning | Mineral Resources | |
| Noise | Population/Housing | Public Services | |
| Recreation | Transportation | Tribal Cultural Resources | |
| Utilities/Service Systems | Wildfire | Mandatory Findings of Significance | |
| DETERMINATION: (To be comp | eleted by the Lead Agency) | | |
| On the basis of this initial evaluat recommended that: | ion which reflects the independent jud | dgment of the City of Riversia | de, it is |
| The City of Riverside finds that the proand a NEGATIVE DECLARATION w | oposed project COULD NOT have a signifi ill be prepared. | cant effect on the environment, | |
| there will not be a significant effect in t | gh the proposed project could have a signification of the project have NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared to the project have necessarily to the project could have a significant h | ve been made by or agreed to by | \boxtimes |
| The City of Riverside finds that the pr ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPOR | oposed project MAY have a significant eff RT is required. | ect on the environment, and an | |
| significant unless mitigated" impact on an earlier document pursuant to applica | posed project MAY have a "potentially sig the environment, but at least one effect 1) have legal standards, and 2) has been addressed attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL remain to be addressed. | nas been adequately analyzed in ed by mitigation measures based | |
| because all potentially significant effe DECLARATION pursuant to applicable | gh the proposed project could have a significate (a) have been analyzed adequately in e standards, and (b) have been avoided or not, including revisions or mitigation measured. | an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE nitigated pursuant to that earlier | |
| Signature | D | ate | |
| Printed Name & Title | For <u>City of Ri</u> | verside | |
| Droft Mitigated Negative Declaration | Q | | |

COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTDEPARTMENT

PLANNING DIVISION

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses," as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. **Earlier Analysis Used.** Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. **Impacts Adequately Addressed.** Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. **Mitigation Measures.** For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measure which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.

- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. the significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. the mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance.

| ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES): | | Potentially Significant Impact | Less Than Significant With Mitigation | Less Than Significant Impact | No Impact |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| | | | Incorporated | | |
| | STHETICS. | | | | |
| | ept as provided in Public Resources Code Section 21099, ld the project: | | | | |
| a. I | Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? | | | | |
| by Aless Section 5 2025 FP including 5.1 Aestl entrance vista due Further, expansiv vistas, no | an Significant Impact. The proposed Project site is develope sandro Boulevard to the south, Mission Grove Parkway to the 5.1 Aesthetics of the City of Riverside General Plan 2025 Fin PEIR), the hills and ridgelines that surround the City providing the La Sierra/Norco Hills, Sycamore Canyon Wilderness Parhetics, p. 5.1-2). The proposed Project site is located approximately of the Sycamore Canyon Wilderness Park; however, the project of its proximate location to the Park and due to surrounding the proposed Project site itself does not constitute a scenic reviews of highly valued landscape. Therefore, as the propose or is the site itself a scenic vista, implementation of the propositic vista. Impacts would be less than significant directly, indirectly, indirectly. | e east, and re nal Program le scenic vis rk, and Box s ately one (1) posed Proje development vista as it of d Project site ed Project w | esidential uses matic Environmentas, with the resprings Mount mile west (via ct site does no not (i.e., building does not offer e does not observed not have a could not have a | to the north mental Impa- nost notable ain Regional the Barton S t offer views gs, ornament a viewpoint ure views of | and west. Per ct Report (GP scenic vistas Park (Section treet trailhead of this scenic tal trees, etc.). that provides nearby scenic |
| | Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not | | | | |

1b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025, and General Plan 2025 FPEIR – Section 5.1 Aesthetics; General Plan 2025 Circulation and Community Mobility Element, Figure CCM-4 – Master Plan of Roadways)

Less than Significant Impact. Per Section 5.1 Aesthetics of the GP 2025 FPEIR, no officially designated State scenic highways or any eligible scenic highways traverse the City of its Sphere of Influence (Section 5.1 – Aesthetics p. 5.1-4). The nearest State eligible scenic highway is Interstate 15 (I-15), which is located approximately 17 miles west of the proposed Project site. There are, however, several scenic and special boulevards within the City. Alessandro Boulevard, which borders the proposed Project site to the south, is designated as a scenic boulevard. Mission Grove Parkway, which borders the east, is not designated as a scenic and special boulevard, at the Project site. (GP 2025 Circulation and Community Mobility Element, Figure CCM-4 – Master Plan of Roadways) Because Alessandro Boulevard is designated as a Scenic Boulevard, it requires the development standard of a minimum landscape setback of 10 feet. As the car wash tunnel faces Alessandro Boulevard, specific design elements were incorporated into the Project plans in order to screen views of the tunnel from views from Alessandro Boulevard (for people within vehicles, on bicycles, or walking on the sidewalk) and include:

- A low (3-foot) screen/pony wall with ledger-stone on both sides to with type, color, and size to match building; and
- A screening structure that extends 6 feet above the screen/pony wall with evergreen vines.

The vacuum equipment and trash receptacles will also be screened from views by being located within structural enclosures with landscape screening around the enclosures. The landscaping along Mission Grove Parkway includes plant material with maturity height of at least 3-4 feet such that it will screen views of the vehicles using the vacuum stations. Therefore, with compliance with the 10 foot landscape setback development standard and with implementation of additional design features to screen views from Alessandro Boulevard into the car wash tunnel and of the Project's vacuum equipment and trash enclosures, the proposed Project would not result in substantial damage to this Scenic Boulevard.

Additionally, as the Project site is currently developed and does not contain any historic buildings, nor is the site located adjacent to any historic buildings, it would not result in impacts to historic buildings. Further, the proposed Project site is paved and does not contain any rock outcroppings, and while there is a small number of trees in and around the site, these

(GPA-RZ-CUP-DR-VR)

| trees are not native vegetation but were part of landscaping associate would not substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not lin within a state scenic highway. Potential impacts would be less than significant state . | nited to, trees | s, rock outcrop | pings, or hist | oric resources |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| c. In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from a publicly-accessible vantage point). If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality? | | | | |
| 1c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025, General Plan 2025, Guidelines) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project site is developed | | | | sign and Sign |
| According to the GP 2025 Open Space and Conservation Element, scer and provide distinguishing characteristics. Furthermore, the hillsides at the community. The Open Space and Conservation Element elabor Rubidoux, Arlington Mountain, Alessandro Heights and the La Sierra/the region. The closest applicable scenic resource would be the Sycamone (1) mile west of the proposed Project area (via the Barton Street conflict with the GP 2025 Open Space and Conservation Element becar on the Sycamore Canyon Wilderness Park or other scenic resources id Pursuant to Title 19 - Zoning of the Riverside Municipal Code, the prowith the exception of walls greater than 6 feet in height along the rear variance, in order to allow the increased wall height of 8 feet, for the Riverside Municipal Code. The City of Riverside adopted the <i>Riverside Citywide Design Guidelin</i> A of the document provides residential design guidelines for commentitlement process, the Project applicant is required to implement of providing development of scenic quality. The project has been designed Project does not conflict with applicable zoning and other regulation Project would not degrade the existing visual character of the area significant directly, indirectly, or cumulatively. | and ridgeline rates that the Norco Hills properly controlled in the properties of the Project to controlled and sign project to controlled and sign project to be compared to the project to be compared to be compared to be compared to be compared to the project to be compared to be compared to the project | s above Rivers e peaks of Bo provide scenic Wilderness Pa trance). The pr osed Project w ae GP 2025. ct would meet a operty lines. Th amply with Titl Guidelines in mixed-use desi es to comply patible with th scenic quality | ide offer sce ox Springs M viewpoints on rk which is a roposed Projeculd not have all development and applicant in the 7 – Noise of 2007. Chapte ign. As part with City re e surrounding. Therefore, | nic benefits to Mountain, Mt. of the City and approximately ect would not e any impacts ent standards, s requesting a Control of the er IV, Section of the City's quirements in g area and the the proposed |
| d. Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area? | | | | |
| 1d. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025, Riverside Municipal Municipal Code Section 19.590.070 – Light and Glare, River Review, Photometric Site Plan) | | | | |
| Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project site is located in Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway. Currently, source uses, commercial uses, streetlights, and vehicles. | | | | |
| Proposed lighting for the Project includes lighting typical of commercicar wash building and entrance lighting in compliance with Chapter 1 the Riverside Municipal Code (RMC). Chapter 19.556 of the RMC set projects is adequate to light the project for safety while not causing 19.590.070 of the RMC establishes performance standards for light purposes at entryways, along walkways, between buildings, and within levels and other lighting requirements. The proposed lighting would be | 9.556 – Out tts forth stan- g light spilla and glare as parking area | door Lighting dards to ensure ge onto neigh nd identifies re s, as well as est | and Section that lighting boring prope equired light ablishes min | 19.590.070 of g provided for erties. Section ing for safety imum lighting |

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| shining onto the adjacent properties as required by the RMC. Although increase lighting on the proposed Project site compared to current condor glare compared to surrounding development as shown in the Photo the proposed Project would not create a new source of substantial light views in the area. Potential impacts would be less than significant directions. | litions, the ligometric Site and glare that | ghting would no Plan prepared at would advers | ot result in su for the Proje sely affect da | bstantial light ct. Therefore, |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| 2. AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES: | | | | |
| In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information complied by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and the forest carbon measurement methodology provided in the Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project: | | | | |
| a. Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use? | | | | |
| No Impact. A review of Figure OS-2 – Agricultural Suitability of the site is not designated as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmla in proximity to any land classified as, Prime Farmland, Unique Farmla 2 was prepared pursuant to the California Department of Conserv Therefore, the proposed Project will have no impact directly, indirect | e General Pla and of Statew and, or Farml ation, Farml | an 2025 reveals vide Importanc and of Statewic and Mapping | s that the pro e, and is not de Importand and Monitor | posed Project adjacent to or ce. Figure OS- |
| b. Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract? | | | | |
| 2b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 – Figure OS-3 - Willi – Figure 5.2-2 – Williamson Act Preserves) | amson Act F | reserves and, (| General Plai | n 2025 FPEIR |
| No Impact. A review of Figure OS-3 – Williamson Act Preserves of Act Preserves of the General Plan 2025 FPEIR reveals that the prop affected by a Williamson Act Preserve or under a Williamson Act agricultural use and is not next to land zoned for agricultural use. T existing zoning for agricultural use or a Williamson Act contract and w to this resource. | osed Project Contract. Mo Therefore, the | site is not loc preover, the Pre- proposed Pro | ated within a oject site is ject will not | an area that is not zoned for conflict with |
| c. Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)) timberland (as defined in Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))? 2c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Open Space and Company Code Section 51104(g)) | Compation El | [mant] | | |

Environmental Initial Study

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| No Impact. Forest land, as defined in the Public Resources Code section tree cover of any species, including hardwoods, under natural condition forest resources, including timber, aesthetics, fish and wildlife, biodiscontinuous tensor code section government, and land designated by the State Board of Forestry and available for, and capable of, growing a crop of trees of a commerce products, including Christmas trees. | ons, and that liversity, wan 1 4526, is lan Fire Protecti | t allows for mater quality, red nd, other than on as experim | anagement of creation, and land owned ental forest | f one or more l other public by the federal and, which is | |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| The proposed Project site is developed and is bordered by Alessandro east, and residential uses to the north and west. While there are trees we are ornamental and are too few in number to constitute forest land. The not zoned for timberland production, and is not adjacent to land zoned conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as timberland (as defined in Public Resources Code section 4526), or time Government Code section 51104(g)). Therefore, no impact would occumulatively to forest land or timberland. | ithin and aro e proposed P for timberlar defined in F aberland zone | ound the proposition of the prop | sed Project si not contain e proposed P es Code sect Production | ite, these trees timberland, is roject will not ion 12220(g)) (as defined by | |
| d. Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? | | | | \boxtimes | |
| 2d. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Open Space and Constitution No Impact. As outlined above in 2c, the proposed Project site is developed that do not contain forest land. Trees within and around the site at forest land. Therefore, the proposed Project would not result in the loforest use. No impact will occur from this proposed Project directly, in | eloped and is re ornamenta ss of forest l | bordered by pal and are too folland or conver | ew in numbe sion of fores | r to constitute t land to non- | |
| e. Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? | | | | \boxtimes | |
| 2e. Response: (Source: General Plan – Figure OS-2 – Agricultural Suitability, Figure OS-3 – Williamson Act Preserves, General Plan 2025 FPEIR) No Impact. The proposed Project site is not designated as, or near any land classified as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance and does not support agricultural resources or operations. The proposed Project will not result in the conversion of designated farmland to non-agricultural uses. In addition, there are no agricultural resources or operations, including farmlands within proximity of the proposed Project site. Further, as outlined above in 2c and 2d, the proposed Project site is developed and is bordered by paved roads and residential uses that do not contain forest land. Trees within and around the site are ornamental and are too few in number to constitute forest land. The proposed Project would not involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use. Therefore, no impact would occur from this proposed Project directly, indirectly or cumulatively on Farmland or forest land. | | | | | |
| 3. AIR QUALITY. Where available, the significance criteria established by the | | | | | |
| applicable air quality management district or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project: | | | | | |
| a. Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? | | | | | |

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| 3a. Response: (Source: South Coast Air Quality Management District's 2016 Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) Quick Quack Car Wash Air Quality Impact Analysis prepared by Urban Crossroads, Inc. dated August 27, 2021 (Appendix A)) |
|---|
| Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project area is in the South Coast Air Basin (SCAB) which is regulated by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD). The SCAB includes all of Orange County and the non-deser portions of Los Angeles, Riverside, and San Bernardino Counties. The SCAQMD and the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) are responsible for formulating and implementing the Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) which has a 20-year horizon for the SCAB. In March 2017, the SCAQMD released the Final 2016 AQMP which evaluates current strategies and control measures to meet the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). It also investigates new and innovative approaches to achieve its goals. The Final 2016 AQMP builds upon the approaches taken in the 2012 AQMP for the Basin for the attainment of the federal ozone air quality standard. The Basin is currently a federal and state non-attainment area for particulate matter less than 10 microns in size (PM ₁₀), particulate matter less than 2.5 microns in size (PM _{2.5}), and ozone (O ₃). |
| The Final 2016 AQMP proposes attainment demonstration of the federal PM _{2.5} standards through a more focused control of sulfur oxides (SO _x), directly emitted PM _{2.5} , nitrogen oxides (NO _x), and volatile organic compounds (VOC). Consistency with the AQMP for the Basin means that a project would be consistent with the goals, objectives, and assumptions in the respective plan to achieve the federal and state air quality standards. For a project to be consistent with the AQMD adopted by the SCAQMD, the pollutants emitted from the project should not exceed the SCAQMD daily threshold or cause a significant impact on air quality, or the project must already have been included in the AQMP projections. However, if feasible mitigation measures are implemented and shown to reduce the impact level from significant to less than significant, then a project may be deemed consistent with the AQMP. The AQMP uses the assumptions and projections of local planning agencies to determine control strategies for regional compliance status. Since the AQMP is based on the local General Plan projects that are deemed consistent with the General Plan are found to be consistent with the AQMP. |
| The proposed Project will not exceed the assumptions in the 2016 AQMP based on the years of Project build-out phase. The 2016 AQMP demonstrates that the applicable ambient air quality standards can be achieved within the timeframes required under federal law. Growth projections from local general plans adopted by cities in the district are provided to the SCAG which develops regional growth forecasts, which are then used to develop future air quality forecasts for the AQMP Development consistent with the growth projections in the City of Riverside General Plan is consistent with the AQMP. |
| Per the City of Riverside's General Plan, the Project site is designated as office use. The proposed Project includes a General Plan Amendment (GPA) to change the land use designation and zoning from office to commercial. Although the proposed Project is inconsistent with the proposed site's land use designation, the Project would not exceed any applicable regional or local thresholds (as outlined in more detail in the response to 3b below) and would not result in or cause NAAQS or California Ambient Air Quality Standards (CAAQS) violations. As such, the Project is therefore considered to be consistent with the AQMP and would result in less than significant impacts . |
| b. Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard? |
| 3b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 FPEIR Table 5.3-B South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA Regional Significance Thresholds, South Coast Air Quality Management District's 2016 Air Quality Management Plan, and Quick Quack Car Wash Air Quality Impact Analysis prepared by Urban Crossroads, Inc. dated August 27, 2021, (Appendix A)) |
| Less than Significant Impact. A Project specific Air Quality Impact Analysis (AQIA) was conducted and the results from the AQIA are the basis of comparison with the significance criteria set forth in this Initial Study. The proposed Project consists of construction and operation of an automated tunnel car wash. Prior to car wash construction the existing vacan buildings will be demolished and the site re-graded. The demolition activities would require approximately 696 tons of debrishman will be hauled off-site and would generate 69 two-way haul trips to a recycling facility located approximately 10 milest |

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from the Project site.

Construction Analysis

Construction activities associated with the Project would result in emissions of VOCs, NO_x , SO_x , carbon monoxide (CO), PM_{10} , and $PM_{2.5}$. Construction related emissions are expected from the following construction activities:

- Demolition
- Site preparation
- Grading
- Building construction
- Paving
- Architectural coating

Localized Significance Thresholds (LSTs) represent the maximum emissions from a project that would not cause or contribute to an exceedance of the most stringent applicable NAAQS and CAAQS at the nearest residence or sensitive receptor. Receptor locations are off-site locations where individuals may be exposed to emissions from Project activities. Some people are especially sensitive to air pollution and are given special consideration when evaluating air quality impacts from projects. These groups of people include children, the elderly and individuals with pre-existing respiratory or cardiovascular illness. Structures that house these persons or places where they gather are defined as "sensitive receptors". These structures typically include uses such as residences, hotels, and hospitals where an individual can remain for 24 hours. Consistent with the LST Methodology, the nearest land use where an individual could remain for 24 hours to the Project site will be used to determine construction and operational air quality impacts for emissions of PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$, since $PM1_0$ and $PM_{2.5}$ thresholds are based on a 24-hour averaging time.

Table 2 below (Table 3-8 from the AQIA, Appendix A) identifies the localized impacts from the nearest receptor location for the Project. Emissions with peak demolition, site preparation, and grading activities are considered for purposes of LSTs since these phases represents the maximum localized emissions that would occur. Any other construction phases of development that overlap would result in lesser emissions and thus lesser impacts than what is disclosed here. Local construction emissions would not exceed the relevant SCAQMD emissions LSTs of any criteria pollutant and no mitigation is needed.

Table 2: Localized Construction-Source Emissions

| On Site Emissions | | Emissions | (lbs/day) | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------|-----------|------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| On-Site Emissions | NOx | СО | PM ₁₀ | PM _{2.5} | | | |
| Demolit | tion | | | | | | |
| Maximum Daily Emissions | 20.07 | 10.02 | 1.16 | 0.78 | | | |
| SCAQMD Localized Threshold | 144 | 743 | 6 | 4 | | | |
| Threshold Exceeded? | NO | NO | NO | NO | | | |
| Site Preparation | | | | | | | |
| Maximum Daily Emissions | 15.75 | 11.93 | 1.01 | 0.60 | | | |
| SCAQMD Localized Threshold | 118 | 602 | 4 | 3 | | | |
| Threshold Exceeded? | NO | NO | NO | NO | | | |
| Gradir | ng | | | | | | |
| Maximum Daily Emissions | 32.27 | 17.69 | 2.20 | 1.18 | | | |
| SCAQMD Localized Threshold | 187 | 999 | 8 | 5 | | | |
| Threshold Exceeded? | NO | NO | NO | NO | | | |

Operations Analysis

The total development of the Proposed project is an automatic car wash with one car wash tunnel. According to the SCAQMD LST methodology, LSTs would apply to the operational phase of a proposed project if the project includes stationary sources

or attracts mobile sources that may spend long periods queuing and idling at the site (e.g., transfer facilities and warehouse buildings). The proposed Project does not include such uses, and therefore, due to the lack of significant stationary source emissions, no long-term localized significance threshold analysis is needed.

CO "Hot Spot" Analysis

The Project would not result in potentially adverse CO concentrations or "hot spots." Additional detailed modeling of Projectspecific CO "hot spots" is not required to reach this assumption. An adverse CO concentration or "hot spot" would occur if the state one-hour standard of 20 parts per million (ppm) or the eight-hour standard of 9 ppm is exceeded. CO hotspots are primarily caused by vehicular emissions idling at clogged intersections. As a response to CO hotspots, the vehicle emissions standards have become stricter in the past 20 years. The allowable CO emissions standard in California is currently a max of 3.4 grams/mile for most passenger cars. CO concentration in the SCAB is now designated as attainment due to old vehicle turnover, clean fuel introduction, and implementation of efficient emissions control technologies. To establish a more accurate record of baseline CO concentrations affecting the SCAB, a CO "hot spot" analysis was conducted in 2003 for four busy intersections in Los Angeles at the peak morning and afternoon time periods. This "hot spot" analysis did not predict any violation of CO standards. The Project-related traffic volumes on Mission Grove Parkway and Alessandro Boulevard are less than the traffic volumes identified in the 2003 AQMP and the proposed Project would not produce the volume of traffic required to generate a CO "hot spot" in the context of the 2003 Los Angeles hot spot study. Similar considerations are also employed by other Air Districts when evaluating potential CO concentration impacts. More specifically, the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) concluded that under existing and future vehicle emission rates, a given project would have to increase traffic volumes at a single intersection by more than 44,000 vehicles per hour (vph), or 24,000 vph where vertical and/or horizontal air does not mix, in order to generate a significant CO impact. The proposed Project would not produce the volume of traffic required to generate a CO "hot spot" on representative BAAQMD CO threshold considerations either. Therefore, CO "hot spots" are not an environmental impact of concern for the Project. Localized air quality impacts related to mobile-source emissions would therefore be less than significant.

The SCAQMD uses the same significance thresholds for project specific and cumulative impacts for all environmental topics analyzed in an Environmental Assessment or EIR. Projects that exceed the project-specific significance thresholds are considered by the SCAQMD to be cumulatively considerable. This is the reason project-specific and cumulative significance thresholds are the same. Conversely, projects that do not exceed the project-specific thresholds are generally not considered to be cumulatively significant. Therefore, this analysis assumes that individual projects that do not generate operational or construction emissions that exceed the SCAQMD's recommended daily thresholds for project-specific impacts would also not cause a cumulatively considerable increase in emissions for those pollutants for which SCAB is in nonattainment, and, therefore, would not be considered to have a significant, adverse air quality impact. Alternatively, individual project-related construction and operational emissions that exceed SCAQMD thresholds for project-specific impacts would be considered cumulatively considerable.

The Project-specific evaluation of emissions presented in the preceding analysis demonstrates that Project construction-source and operational-source air pollutant emissions would not result in exceedances of regional thresholds. Therefore, Project construction-source and operational-source emissions would be considered less than significant on a project-specific and cumulative basis. Thus, impacts are from the Project are **less than significant**.

| c. | Expose concentra | sensitive ations? | receptors | to | substantial | pollutant | | \boxtimes | |
|----|------------------|-------------------|-----------|----|-------------|-----------|--|-------------|--|

| 3c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 FPEIR Table 5.3-B SCAQMD CEQA Regional Significance Thresholds, South Coast Air Quality Management District's 2016 Air Quality Management Plan, and Quick Quack Car Wash Air Quality Impact Analysis prepared by Urban Crossroads, Inc. dated August 27, 2021, (Appendix A)) | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| Less than Significant Impact. As outlined in more detail in Response proposed Project will not exceed the SCAQMD localized significant receptors would not be exposed to substantial pollutant concentration. Project would not exceed the SCAQMD localized significance thresh related traffic would not create or result in a CO "hotspot." Therefore, so pollutant concentrations because of Project operations. Thus, potent exposure to sensitive receptors would be less than significant. | t threshold ons during on olds during ensitive rece | during construction. For operational acoustruction and acoustrational acoustries would not be set to be se | ction. There Furthermore, ctivity. Addit of be exposed | fore, sensitive the proposed tional project- to substantial | | |
| d. Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people? | | | | | | |
| 3d. Response: (Source: Proposed Project Description, Quick Quby Urban Crossroads, Inc. dated August 27, 2021, (Appendix | | sh Air Quality | Impact And | ılysis prepared | | |
| Agricultural uses (livestock and farming) Wastewater treatment plants Food processing plants Chemical plants Composting operations Refineries Landfills Dairies Fiberglass molding facilities The proposed Project site is not a land use that is generally associated objectionable odors. Potential odor sources associated with the proper equipment exhaust and the application of asphalt and architectural coache temporary storage of typical solid waste (refuse) associated with the proper equipment exhaust and the application of asphalt and architectural coache temporary storage of typical solid waste (refuse) associated with the proper equipment exhaust and intermittent in nature. Furthermore, construction would be structured less than significant. Project-generated refuse would be intervals in compliance with the solid waste regulations. The proposed Rule 402 to prevent occurrences of public nuisances. In conclusion, od and operations would be less than significant. | I with odor of osed Project tings. Anoth proposed Prohe construct cease upon oe stored in c | complaints and construction a er potential od oject's long-ter ion odor emiss completion of covered contain d also require o | activities mader source mader source maderation would each designaters and remotormally ing was a sound to the complying was a source of the complying was a source of the complex maders and remotormally ing was a source of the complex maderates and remotormally ing was a source of the complex maderates and remotormally in the complex maderates and remotormally maderates and remotormally in the complex maderates and remotormally maderates and remotormally maderates and remotormally madera | ay result from ay occur from uses. Standard be temporary, ated phase and oved at regular ith SCAQMD | | |
| 4. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES. Would the project: | | | | | | |
| a. Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service? | | | | | | |
| 4a. Response: (Source: Western Riverside County Regional Con Conservation Plan (MSHCP) Information Map ¹ , Califor Biogeographic Information and Observation System (BIOS | rnia Depar | tment of Fish | h and Wild | dlife (CDFW) | | |
| | | | | | | |

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 $^{{\}color{blue} {}^{1}} \ https://wrcrca.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=a73e69d2a64d41c29ebd3acd67467abd$

QuickView ², U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS) Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC)³, Quick Quack Car Wash Nesting Bird Assessment Report prepared by Ruth Villalobos & Associates, Inc. July 2021 (Appendix B))

Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation. The Project site is located within the Western Riverside County MSHCP, and the City of Riverside is a permittee of the MSHCP. All proposed Projects planned within the MSHCP's boundary are required to analyze their consistency with the MSHCP. Consistency standards could include conducting species analyses on designated parcels across the Plan Area, such as criteria area/narrow endemic plant species, or sensitive animals like burrowing owl. These analyses usually include preparing detailed species habitat assessments. If a proposed Project property is found to be suitable for specified MSHCP species to occur, then the applicable focused surveys are often required. The RCA MSHCP Information Map outlines parcel-by-parcel properties which require habitat assessments and focused surveys when suitable habitat occurs.

According to the RCA MSHCP Information Map, the proposed Project site is located outside of any criteria cells, areas where conservation is described. Furthermore, the proposed Project is not located in the following MSHCP survey areas: amphibian, owl, criteria area species, mammal, narrow endemic plant, and invertebrate. In conclusion, no MSHCP focused surveys or habitat assessments are required for this Project site.

The CDFW BIOS CNDDB QuickView analysis indicated 74 sensitive species have been observed in the Riverside East USGS 7.5-minute quadrangle where the proposed Project is located. (USGS 7.5-minute quadrangle maps cover an area of 49-70 square miles) However, no CDFW recorded observations of sensitive species or habitat are present within or close to the proposed Project site.

As the proposed Project site is already developed, any naturally occurring vegetation or habitats that may have occurred there in the past have already been disturbed. Per the Nesting Bird Assessment, the vegetation observed on site, which includes landscaping of the previous development, was disturbed and unmaintained. There is no suitable habitat at the Project site for sensitive plant or wildlife species.

However, the Project site does contain some trees and shrubs that could be utilized by birds protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) or California Fish and Game Code (CFGC). A nesting bird survey was performed on Wednesday, June 30, 2021, and no nests, potential nesting sites, or indicators of nesting were observed. Although it is a low potential, there is some potential that birds could start nests on-site prior to the start of construction. If construction activities are initiated outside of the nesting bird season of February 1st through August 31st, no mitigation is required. However, if construction were to be initiated during the nesting bird season, then a pre-construction nesting bird clearance survey (mitigation measure **MM BIO-1**) would be required to reduce potential impacts to birds protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and the California Fish and Game Code to less than significant levels.

Mitigation Measures

MM BIO-1: If construction shall occur within the nesting bird breeding season (February 1st through August 31st), prior to on-site vegetation clearance, the Project applicant shall retain a qualified biologist to conduct a pre-construction nesting bird survey in accordance with the following:

- The survey shall be conducted no more than three days prior to the initiation of clearance/construction work.
- If pre-construction surveys indicate that bird nests are not present or are inactive, or if potential nesting vegetation is unoccupied, no further measures is required.
- If active nests of birds that are protected under the MBTA or CFGC are found during the surveys, the biologist shall delineate an appropriate buffer zone around the nest. The size of the buffer shall be determined by the biologist and shall be based on the nesting species, its sensitivity to disturbance, expected types of disturbance, and location in relation to the construction activities. These buffers are typically 300 feet from nests of non-listed species and 500 feet from the nests of raptor and listed species. Any active nests observed shall be mapped on an aerial photograph and with the bird species identification.

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² https://wildlife.ca.gov/Data/BIOS

³ https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/

| • | Only construction activities (if any) that have been approved buffer zone until the nest is vacated. The biologist shall serve take place near active nest areas to ensure no inadvertent impressults of the pre-construction nesting bird survey and any surpower/Developer and the City. The monitoring report shall such construction restrictions currently in place, and confirm that area without jeopardizing the survival of the young birds. | as Construction acts on these absequent most summarize the | tion Monitor we nests occur. onitoring shall be results of the | then construction be provided to nest monitor | o the Property oring, describe |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | nplementation of mitigation measure MM BIO-1 , potential impartigation. | acts to sensiti | ve species wou | ıld be less th a | an significant |
| b. | Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service? | | | | |
| 4b. | . Response: (Source: CDFW BIOS, MSHCP) | | | | |
| pools. also be existing the M emerging water not sugar nor an Depar | Also, if suitable habitat is present, then focused surveys for sense required. The assessment requirement's intent is to provide page and future downstream conservation areas. Riverine/riparian SHCP as follows; Riparian/Riverine Areas are lands which content, or emergent mosses and lichens, which occur close to or visource, or areas with freshwater flow during all or a portion of apport riparian habitat or other sensitive communities. The proposity other sensitive natural community identified in local or region to Fish and Game or USFWS. The proposed Project would communities. | sitive riparia rotection for areas and ve ontain habita which depend the year. The ed Project ar onal plans, p | n birds and/or if the MSHCP's trnal pools are at dominated by d upon soil mo e Project site ha ea is not locate olicies, regulat | fairy shrimp covered spec defined in Se by trees, shru isture from c as been devel- d in or near ra- tions nor by | species would cies as well as ection 6.1.2 of abs, persistent a nearby fresh oped and does iparian habitat the California |
| c. | Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally-protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means? | | | | |
| 4c. | Response: (Source: City of Riverside GIS/CADME USGS Quantum (NWI) Wetlands Mapper ⁴ , MSHCP) | ad Map Lay | er, USFWS No | ational Wetla | ınds Inventory |
| | apact. The Project site has been developed and does not support with the project site has been developed and does not supp | | | ect would ha | ve no impacts |
| d. | Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites? | | | | \boxtimes |
| 4d. | . Response: (Source: MSHCP, General Plan 2025 – Figure O. | S-7 – MSHC | CP Cores and L | Linkages) | |
| Example for mi | npact. Wildlife movement includes seasonal migration along ples of migration corridors may include areas of unobstructed n grating birds, routes between breeding waters and upland habit for birds. | novement for | r deer, riparian | corridors pr | oviding cover |
| | | | | | |
| | /www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/Mapper.html | | | | 2021 00101 |
| Unwiron | mental Initial Study 21 | | | DD | 2021-001023 |

| Per the General Plan's Open Space and Conservation Element, the MS existing and proposed Cores, Extensions of Existing Cores, Linkages Blocks. The MSHCP identifies cores for habitat conservation and link not located within or adjacent to any MSHCP existing cores & linkage | s, Constraine cages for wil | d Linkages and dlife movemen | l Non-Contig t. The propo | guous Habitat osed Project is |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| As outlined above in response 4a, the proposed Project site is already de that may have occurred there in the past have already been disturbed observed on site, which includes landscaping of the previous development and the Project site for sensitive plant or wildlife species does not support any native resident fish or wildlife species. The east Parkway, with two vehicle thru lanes in each direction, and bounded to thru lanes in each direction. The north and west sides of the Project family residential development. The Project site is surrounded with Therefore, the Project site is not a wildlife corridor or a part of a large no impacts on the movement of migratory fish or wildlife species, on a nursery site. | ed. Per the N pment, was es. The deve side of the I the south by site have a s h existing d er wildlife co | Nesting Bird A disturbed and uloped and disturbed site is be a disturbed by the control of the c | assessment, transmaintained conditions ounded by Mulevard, with the the site and heavily transposed Project | he vegetation d. There is no ion of the site dission Grove a three vehicle and the multi- raveled roads. et would have |
| e. Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance? | | | | |
| Mitigation Fee, Title 16 Section 16.40.040 – Establishing a Threater Urban Forest Tree Policy Manual) Less than Significant Impact. Construction of the proposed Project whowever, the Project would not be subject to the Riverside Urban Tree the ornamental trees is located within a City-owned right-of-way. Impact han significant impact directly, indirectly, or cumulatively related resources. | would requir e Policy Mar lementation | e the removal of mual pertaining of the proposed | of ornamenta to tree remo l Project wou | I trees on site; val as none of ild have a less |
| f. Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan? | | | | |
| 4f. Response: (Source: MSHCP Title 16 Section 16.72.040 – In Mitigation Fee) | Establishing | the Western I | Riverside Co | ounty MSHCP |
| Less than Significant Impact. As outlined in responses 4a, 4b, 4c, and of all criteria cells, areas where conservation is described for in the MS in the following MSHCP survey areas: amphibian, owl, criteria invertebrate. In conclusion, no MSHCP focused surveys or habitat asses site does not support any riparian, riverine, or wetland resources the Therefore, the Project will not conflict with the conservation goals of Riverside Municipal Code Section 16.72.040 establishing the MSF development mitigation fee. Therefore, the proposed Project would no significant impacts. | HCP. Furthe area species essments are at are protect the MSHCF HCP mitigat | rmore, the prop , mammal, na required for the ted under Sect P. The Project i ion fee, by pa | posed Project rrow endem is Project sit ion 6.1.2 of s required to ying the ap | is not located ic plant, and e. The Project the MSHCP. o comply with plicable local |
| | | | | |

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| 5. CULTURAL RESOURCES. Would the project: | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| a. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to § 15064.5 of the CEQA Guidelines? | | | | |
| 5a. Response: (Source: GP 2025 Historic Preservation Element) | | | | |
| Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project site is currently grading activities on site and surface disturbances during past develop to occur at the site and the likelihood of encountering historical resour is low. The proposed Project would be required to comply with all approval be conditioned to cease excavation or construction activities if he of the proposed Project. Therefore, the proposed Project would not cau a historical resource. Potential impacts would be less than significant. | ment of the ces during the licable regularistorical resures a substan | site, no historio ne proposed re- ations protectio ources are iden | c resources a grading of the ng historical atified during | he Project site resources and g development |
| b. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archeological resource pursuant to § 15064.5 of the CEQA Guidelines? | | | | |
| 5b. Response: (Source: GP 2025 EIR Figure 5.5-1 - Archaeologic Resources Sensitivity) | cal Sensitivii | ty and Figure 5 | 5.5-2 - Prehi | storic Cultural |
| Prehistoric Cultural Resources Sensitivity, the proposed Project site is as well as high prehistoric cultural resources sensitivity. However, developed within an urbanized area. Due to the prior grading actidevelopment of the site, no archaeological resources are anticipated to archaeological resources during the proposed re-grading of the Project to comply with all applicable regulations protecting archaeological ameasure MM CUL-1 through MM CUL-4 would further ensure the in the significance of an archaeological resource. Potential impacts wo | as discussed vities on sit o occur at the t site is low. and cultural proposed Pr | d, the proposed te and surface e site and the l The proposed resources. Impoject would no | d Project sit disturbance likelihood of Project wou dementation of cause an ac | e is currently as during past encountering ld be required of mitigation dverse change |
| Mitigation Measures MM CUL-1: Prior to grading permit issuance, if there are any chang Applicant and the City shall contact consulting tribes to provide an elect consultation shall occur between the City, developer/applicant, and correview any new impacts and/or potential avoidance/preservation of the developer/applicant shall make all attempts to avoid and/or preservations as possible that are located on the project site if the site desevent of inadvertent discoveries of archaeological resources, work shall consulting tribe, to provide tribal monitoring for ground disturbing activities. | tronic copy of onsulting trible e cultural reserve in place ign and/or p ll temporaril | of the revised places to discuss a sources on the ce as many cu proposed grades | lans for revie any proposed project site. Itural and pass should be a | ew. Additional d changes and The City and aleontological revised. In the |
| MM CUL-2: Archaeological and Paleontological Monitoring: At leand before any grading, excavation and/or ground disturbing activiti Secretary of Interior Standards qualified archaeological monitor to midentify any unknown archaeological resources. | es take plac | e, the develop | er/applicant | shall retain a |
| The project archaeologist, in consultation with consulting tribe Archaeological Monitoring Plan to address the details, timing, a activities that will occur on the project site. Details in the plan sha a. Project grading and development scheduling; b. The development of a rotating or simultaneous schedule | and responsi ll include: | ibility of all a | rchaeologica | l and cultural |

project archaeologist for designated Native American Tribal Monitors from the consulting tribes during grading, excavation, and ground-disturbing activities on the site, including the scheduling, safety requirements,

- duties, scope of work, and Native American Tribal Monitors' authority to stop and redirect grading activities in coordination with all project archaeologists;
- c. The protocols and stipulations that the Applicant, tribes, and project archaeologist/paleontologist will follow in the event of inadvertent cultural resources discoveries, including any newly discovered cultural resource deposits, or nonrenewable paleontological resources that shall be subject to a cultural resources evaluation;
- d. Treatment and final disposition of any cultural and paleontological resources, sacred sites, and human remains if discovered on the project site; and
- e. The scheduling and timing of the Cultural Sensitivity Training noted in mitigation measure MM-CUL-4.

MM CUL-3: Treatment and Disposition of Cultural Resources: In the event that Native American cultural resources are inadvertently discovered during the course of grading for the proposed Project, the following procedures will be carried out for treatment and disposition of the discoveries:

- 1. **Consulting Tribes Notified**: within 24 hours of discovery, the consulting tribe(s) shall be notified via email and phone. The developer shall provide the city evidence of notification to consulting tribes. Consulting tribe(s) will be allowed access to the discovery, in order to assist with the significance evaluation.
- 2. **Temporary Curation and Storage**: During the course of construction, all discovered resources shall be temporarily curated in a secure location on site or at the offices of the project archaeologist. The removal of any artifacts from the project site will need to be thoroughly inventoried with tribal monitor oversight of the process; and
- 3. Treatment and Final Disposition: The landowner shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources, including sacred items, burial goods, and all archaeological artifacts and non-human remains as part of the required mitigation for impacts to cultural resources. The landowner shall relinquish the artifacts through one or more of the following methods and provide the City of Riverside Community and Economic Development Department with evidence of same:
 - a. Accommodate the process for on-site reburial of the discovered items with the consulting Native American tribes or bands. This shall include measures and provisions to protect the future reburial area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all cataloguing and basic recordation have been completed.
 - b. A curation agreement with an appropriate qualified repository within Riverside County that meets federal standards per 36 CFR Part 79 and therefore will be professionally curated and made available to other archaeologists/researchers for further study. The collections and associated records shall be transferred, including title, to an appropriate curation facility within Riverside County, to be accompanied by payment of the necessary fees for permanent curation;
 - c. If more than one Native American tribe or band is involved with the project and cannot come to a consensus as to the disposition of cultural materials, they shall be curated at the Western Science Center or Museum of Riverside by default; and

At the completion of grading, excavation, and ground-disturbing activities on the site, a Phase IV Monitoring Report shall be submitted to the City documenting monitoring activities conducted by the project archaeologist and Native American Tribal Monitors within 60 days of completion of grading. This report shall document the type of cultural resources recovered and the disposition of such resources. This report shall be submitted to the City of Riverside, Eastern Information Center, and consulting tribes.

MM CUL-4: Cultural Sensitivity Training: The Secretary of Interior Standards County certified archaeologist and Native American monitors shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the developer/permit holder's contractors to provide Cultural Sensitivity Training for all construction personnel. This shall include the procedures to be followed during ground disturbance in sensitive areas and protocols that apply in the event that unanticipated resources are discovered. Only construction personnel who have received this training can conduct construction and disturbance activities in sensitive areas. A sign-in sheet for attendees of this training shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report.

| c. | Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries? | | | | |
|-----|---|--------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 5c. | Response: (Source: GP 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.5-1 - Archa Cultural Resources Sensitivity) | eological Se | ensitivity and | Figure 5.5-2 | 2 - Prehistoric |

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Less than Significant Impact. As discussed, the proposed Project site is currently developed within an urbanized area. Due to the prior grading activities on site and surface disturbances during past development of the site, no subsurface human remains are anticipated to occur at the site and the likelihood of encountering subsurface human remains during the proposed re-grading of the Project site is low. In the unlikely event that human remains are encountered, the proper authorities would be notified, and standard procedures for the respectful handling of human remains during earthmoving activities would be followed in accordance with State law.

Consistent with the requirement of California Code of Regulations (CCR) Section 15064.5(e), if human remains are encountered, work within 25 feet of the discovery shall be redirected and the Riverside County Coroner notified immediately State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 states that no further disturbance shall occur until the County Coroner has made a determination of origin and disposition pursuant to Public Resources Code (PRC) Section 5097.98. If the remains are determined to be Native American, the County Coroner shall notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC), which shall determine and notify a Most Likely Descendant (MLD). With the permission of the property owner, the MLD may inspect the site of the discovery. The MLD shall complete the inspection within 48 hours of notification by the NAHC. The MLD may recommend scientific removal and nondestructive analysis of human remains and items associated with Native American burials. Consistent with CCR Section 15064.5(d), if the remains are determined to be Native American and an MLD is notified, the City shall consult with the MLD as identified by the NAHC to develop an agreement for treatment and disposition of the remains. Implementation of the Condition of Approval for inadvertent Discovery of Human Remains would ensure enforcement of requirements if human remains are discovered on the site during Project construction activities.

Standard Condition of Approval for Inadvertent Discovery of Human Remains:

In the event that human remains (or remains that may be human) are discovered at the Project site during grading or earthmoving, the construction contractors, Project Archaeologist, and/or designated Native American Monitor shall immediately stop all activities within 100 feet of the find. The Project proponent shall then inform the Riverside County Coroner and the City of Riverside Community & Economic Development Department immediately, and the coroner shall be permitted to examine the remains as required by California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5(b) unless more current State law requirements are in effect at the time of the discovery. Section 7050.5 requires that excavation be stopped in the vicinity of discovered human remains until the coroner can determine whether the remains are those of a Native American. If human remains are determined as those of Native American origin, the Applicant shall comply with the state relating to the disposition of Native American burials that fall within the jurisdiction of the NAHC (PRC Section 5097). The coroner shall contact the NAHC to determine the most likely descendant(s). The MLD shall complete his or her inspection and make recommendations or preferences for treatment within 48 hours of being granted access to the site. The Disposition of the remains shall be overseen by the most likely descendant(s) to determine the most appropriate means of treating the human remains and any associated grave artifacts.

The specific locations of Native American burials and reburials will be proprietary and not disclosed to the general public. The County Coroner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission in accordance with California Public Resources Code 5097.98.

According to California Health and Safety Code, six or more human burials at one location constitute a cemetery (Section 8100), and disturbance of Native American cemeteries is a felony (Section 7052) determined in consultation between the Project proponent and the MLD. In the event that the Project proponent and the MLD are in disagreement regarding the disposition of the remains, State law will apply and the median and decision process will occur with the NAHC (see Public Resources Code Section 5097.98(e) and 5097.94(k)).

Compliance with these provisions and implementation of this standard Condition of Approval would ensure that any potential impacts to unknown buried human remains would be **less than significant** by ensuring appropriate examination, treatment, and protection of human remains as required by State law.

| 6. ENERGY | _ | | _ | |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| Would the project: | | | 1 | |
| a. Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation? | | | | |
| 6a. Response: (Source: Quick Quack Car Wash Energy Analysis Tec (Appendix C)) | chnical Rep | oort prepared l | by Urban Cr | ossroads, Inc. |
| Less than Significant Impact. Construction Energy Demands | | | | |
| The estimated power cost of on-site electricity usage during the constru \$912.07. Additionally, based on the assumed power cost, it is estimated after full Project build-out, is calculated to be approximately 7,525 kilov | d that the to | otal electricity | usage during | g construction, |
| Construction equipment used by the Project would result in single eve diesel fuel. Construction equipment use of fuel would not be atypical fo no aspects of the Project's proposed construction process that are un equipment would conform to the applicable CARB emissions standa (Energy Analysis, p. 32) | r the type of usual or en | f construction pergy-intensive | proposed bed , and Projec | cause there are et construction |
| CCR Title 13, Motor Vehicles, section 2449(d)(3) Idling, limits idling minutes, thereby precluding unnecessary and wasteful consumption equipment. Best Available Control Measures (BACMs) inform cons Enforcement of idling limitations is realized through periodic site inspecting response to citizen complaints. (Energy Analysis, p. 33) | of fuel due struction eq | to unproduct uipment oper | ive idling o ators of this | f construction requirement. |
| Construction worker trips for full construction of the Project would resu of fuel. Additionally, fuel consumption from construction vendor and ha heavy duty trucks (MHDTs and HHDTs) will total approximately 1,398 regional commercial vendors. Indirectly, construction energy efficiencies bulk purchases, transport and use of construction materials. The 2020 the California Energy Commission (CEC) has shown that fuel efficience engines due to more stringent government requirements. As supported energy consumption would not be considered inefficient, wasteful, or of | tuling trips by a gallons. Does and energe and energe and energe attest are getted by the presented by the presented to the presented and the presented by the presented and the presented by the | by medium-headiesel fuel wou gy conservation Energy Policy ing better with eceding discusses | avy duty tructed be supplied in would be a Report (IEP) in on and of sions, Project | cks and heavy- ed by City and achieved using R) released by ff-road vehicle ct construction |
| Operational Energy Demands | | | | |
| Annual vehicular trips and related vehicle miles traveled (VMT) general fuel demand of 46,508 gallons of fuel. Fuel would be provided by curr VMT generated by the Project are consistent with other commercial urespectively in the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Gersuch, Project operations would not result in excessive and wasteful vehicles consumption compared to other commercial uses. (Energy Analysis) | rent future cases of simineration Mai icle trips an | commercial verilar scale and nual (10th Ed., | ndors. Trip g configuration 2017) and C | generation and n, as reflected CalEEMod. As |
| Project facility operational energy demands are estimated at: 117,940 the gas; and 37,669 kWh/year of electricity. Natural gas would be supplied supplied by Riverside Public Utilities (RPU). The Project proposes connergy efficient/energy conserving designs and operational programs. The energy intensive and the energy demands in total would be compared configuration. (Energy Analysis, p. 34) | ed to the Pronventional The Project | oject by SoCa industrial use does not propo | lGas; electries reflecting ose uses that | city would be contemporary are inherently |

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Lastly, the Project will comply with the applicable Title 24 standards. Compliance itself with applicable Title 24 standards

will ensure that the Project energy demands would not be inefficient, wasteful, or otherwise unnecessary.

| u p e | ne details above, the proposed Project construction and operation of energy. The proposed Project work producing or transmission facilities. Also, the proposed Project energy and aims to achieve energy conservation goals within ignificant | ıld not cause ct would not | or result in the t engage in wa | e need for ad steful or ine | ditional energy fficient uses of |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| b. (| Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable | | | | |
| | energy or energy efficiency? | | | | |
| 6b. F | Response: (Source: City of Riverside Public Utilities 2018 In | tegrated Res | source Plan) | | |
| energy us | n Significant Impact. The Project would be required to conse and consumption through various rules and programs. The Phiscussed in Section 5.2 of the Quick Quack Car Wash Energy | roject's cons | sistency with th | ne applicable | state and local |
| Federal I | Regulations | | | | |
| | ncy with Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Ac | | | | |
| with nor | l regional roadway systems would provide access and transpo obstruct intermodal transportation plans or projects that may be for intermodal facilities on or through the Project site. (Energy | e realized pu | rsuant to the IS | | |
| Consiste | ncy with the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Centur | ry (TEA-21) |) | | |
| system. T systems. | posed Project site is located adjacent to major transportation. The site was selected for the proposed Project to facilitate access. The Project supports the TEA-21's strong planning process interfere with, nor obstruct) the TEA-21's implementation. | s, reduce VM ses and, ther | IT, and benefit refore, is consi | from existing | g infrastructure |
| State of C | California Regulations | | | | |
| Consiste | ncy with Integrated Energy Policy Report (IEPR) | | | | |
| by the So Sustainab otherwise the applic | osed Project's electricity would be provided by Riverside Pub buthern California Gas Company (SoCalGas). The RPU's Stra- bility Report build from existing State programs and policies. The interfere with, nor obstruct) the 2020 IEPR's goal implement cable Title 24 standards which ensure that the proposed Project vise unnecessary. Consequently, the proposed Project's develope, p. 36) | tegic Plan: A Therefore, the tation. More t's energy de | 2017-2021 and e Project is con over, the Project emands would | I SoCalGas 2 asistent with ct would be not be inefficient | 2018 Corporate (i.e., would not consistent with cient, wasteful, |

Consistency with the State of California Energy Plan

The Project site is located along major transportation corridors with proximate access to the Interstate freeway system. The site selected for the Project facilitates access and takes advantage of existing infrastructure systems. The Project therefore supports urban design and planning processes identified under the State of California Energy Plan, is consistent with, and would not otherwise interfere with, nor obstruct implementation of the State of California Energy Plan. (Energy Analysis, p. 37)

Consistency with California Code Title 24, Part 6, Energy Efficiency Standards

The CEC 2019 Title 24 was adopted and implemented starting on January 1, 2020. The Project will be required to comply with the 2019 Title 24 standards. Also, the Energy Analysis notes that the CEC anticipates that non-residential buildings will use about 30% less energy than its preceding standards. The CalEEMod Title 24 - Electricity and Lighting Energy defaults in the Energy Analysis were reduced by 30% to reflect consistency with the 2019 Title 24 standards. In conclusion, the proposed Project would be consistent with Title 24. (Energy Analysis, p. 37)

Consistency with AB 1493 Pavley Regulations and Fuel Efficiency Standards

| AB 1493 is not applicable to the Project because it is a statewide mean proposed Project feature would interfere with AB 1493 implementation | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| Consistency with California's Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS California's RPS is not applicable to the proposed Project as it is a state None of the proposed Project elements would interfere with RPS imple | wide measur | | | |
| Consistency with Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act of 20. The proposed Project would use energy from RPU, which have comm | | ersify their nor | tfolio of ene | rov sources hy |
| increasing energy from wind and solar sources. No feature of the Proje | | | | |
| Additionally, the proposed Project would be designed and constructed industrial developments and would include several measures designed 37) | | | | |
| Therefore, the proposed Project would not conflict with or obstruct efficiency. The proposed Project impacts would be less than significa | | | newable ene | rgy or energy |
| 7. GEOLOGY AND SOILS. | | | | |
| Would the project: | | | | |
| a. Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: | | | | |
| i. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42. | | | | |
| 7i. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure Public S 2025 EIR, ArcGIS Alquist Priolo Earthquake Fault Zou Investigation Prepared by Krazan & Associates, Inc. data | nes Map, Pr | oject Specific | Geotechnica | |
| Less than Significant Impact. A review of ArcGIS mapping reveals Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone. Additionally, Figure PS-1 – R Plan 2025 Public Safety Element does not reveal the proposed Project zones. Moreover, per the proposed Project's Geotechnical Engineerin active faults to the proposed Project site are the San Jacinto, Elsinore, and | egional Faul site to be wi g Investigat nd Chino fau | t Zones of the thin close proxion (Appendix lt zones, which | City of Rive simity to faul D), the near are located a | erside General t lines or fault est significant approximately |
| 8.5, 14.1, and 15.3 miles from the site, respectively. (Geotechnical Inv Engineering Investigation additionally states that the proposed Proje maps prepared by the California Geologic Survey and published by (ICBO). Therefore, the proposed Project would not directly or indirectl the rupture of a known earthquake fault or based on other substantial eless than significant. | ct area show the Internaty y cause pote | vs no mapped ntional Conferential substantia | faults on-site ence of Build al adverse eff | e according to ding Officials ects involving |
| ii. Strong seismic ground shaking? | | | | |
| 7ii. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 EIR Appendix Investigation Prepared by Krazan & Associates, Inc. data | | | | l Engineering |
| Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project site is located affected by generally moderate to occasionally high levels of ground a faults (San Jacinto Fault, the closest, approximately 8.5 miles from the proposed Project, the property would most likely experience similar | motion. The ne proposed | site lies within Project site); the | 50 miles of herefore, dur | several active ing the life of |

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| these fault zones, as well as some background shaking from other seisi As noted in Response 7(a)(i) above, no known active faults are known | | | Southern Cali | ifornia region. |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Design and construction will be required to be in accordance with curwhich is anticipated to adequately address potential ground shaking eff permit(s), the City would review and approve plans to confirm that the is in accordance with the regulations established in the CBC, City Buil appropriate for the seismic zone in which such construction may occur review and approval in accordance with the Riverside Municipal Coddirectly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects involve would be less than significant . | fects on the partial siting, designating Code, and Additional le (RMC). The site of the partial site of th | proposed Proje n and construct and/or profession ly, grading plan herefore, the p | ct. Prior to is ion of the pro onal enginee as would be s roposed Proj | suance of any oposed Project ring standards subject to City ect would not |
| iii. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction? | | | | |
| 7iii. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-1 – Zones, General Plan 2025 EIR Figure PS-3 – Soils with Geotechnical Engineering Investigation Prepared by (Appendix D)) Less than Significant Impact. Per the proposed Project's Geotechnical Proposed Project site is not located in an area designated by the State the conditions encountered and laboratory testing conducted durin Investigation, the subsurface conditions at the proposed Project si (Geotechnical Investigation, p. 4). Additionally, Figures PS-2 – Liq Swell Potential of the City's General Plan 2025 Public Safety Eleme either a liquefaction zone or an area of soils with high shrink-swell directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects in liquefaction. Potential impacts would be less than significant. | th High Shra Krazan & hnical Engir of California g the propo te are not couefaction Zo nt indicate the | neering Investi a as a liquefact sed Project's considered to bones and PS-3 the proposed Project, the proposed Project, the proposed Project, the proposed Project of the proposed Project of the proposed Project of the project of th | gation (Appion hazard z Geotechnica be subject to Soils with roject site is coposed Proj | endix D), the one. Based on l Engineering o liquefaction High Shrinknot located in ect would not |
| iv. Landslides? | | П | | |
| 7iv. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 EIR Figure 5.6- Geotechnical Engineering Investigation Prepared by (Appendix D)) | | | eep Slope, P | |
| Less than Significant Impact. The Geology and Soils section of the high susceptibility to seismically induced landslides and rock falls corre p. 5.6-6). Figure 5.6-1 of the General Plan 2025 EIR indicates that the having a 0 to 10 percent slope. The proposed Project site is currently a slopes are proposed as part of the proposed Project. Additionally Investigation (Appendix D) provides recommendations that the proposignificant impacts related to landslides. (Geotechnical Investigation, p or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects involving significant. | espond to ste e proposed P developed, re t, the propo- osed Project t. 5) Therefor | ep slopes in ex- roject site is lo elatively flat ar sed Project's would follow e, the proposed | cess of 30 per cated on land d level, and Geotechnical to further red l Project wou | rcent" (FPEIR d identified as no significant l Engineering duce less than ld not directly |
| b. Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil? | | | \boxtimes | |
| 7b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 EIR Figure 5.6-1 – A Table 5.6-B – Soil Types, Title 17 – Grading Code, and Proj Prepared by Krazan & Associates, Inc. dated December 2020 | iect Specific | Geotechnical | | |
| Less than Significant Impact. As discussed, the proposed Project site due to existing building footprints and a small parking lot. Upon const mostly impervious; thus, potential soil erosion and/or loss of topsoil we | ruction of th | e proposed Pro | ject, the site | would remain |

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| Constru | a final approved WQMP will be required for the Project, as waction Activities. The WQMP outlines the design features to ad ntation during long-term operations of the Project. Therefore de Project would not result in substantial soil erosion or los cant. | equately add | lress water qua ementation of | lity, including the required | g erosion and WQMP, the |
|---------|---|--------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| c. | Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse? | | | | |
| 7. | Dognamas (Course Council Plan 2025 Figure DC 1 Pagio | mal Equily 7 | ana Fiarra I | OC 2 Times | faction Zone |

7c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-1 – Regional Fault Zones, Figure PS-2 – Liquefaction Zones, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure PS-3 – Soils with High Shrink-Swell Potential, Figure 5.6-1 - Areas Underlain by Steep Slope, Figure 5.6-4 – Soils, Table 5.6-B – Soil Types, and Project Specific Geotechnical Engineering Investigation Prepared by Krazan & Associates, Inc. dated December 2020 (Appendix D))

Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project site is not located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable or that would become unstable as a result of the proposed Project. Please see the following discussions below regarding potential impacts related to landslides, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, and collapse.

Landslides

The Geology and Soils section of the City's General Plan 2025 FPEIR identifies "areas of high susceptibility to seismically induced landslides and rock falls correspond to steep slopes in excess of 30 percent" (FPEIR p. 5.6-6). Figure 5.6-1 of the General Plan 2025 EIR indicates that the proposed Project site is located on land identified as having a 0 to 10 percent slope. The proposed Project site is currently developed, relatively flat and level, and no significant slopes are proposed as part of the proposed Project. Additionally, the proposed Project's Geotechnical Engineering Investigation (Appendix D) provides recommendations that the proposed Project would follow to further reduce less than significant impacts related to landslides. (Geotechnical Investigation, p. 5) Therefore, the proposed Project would not directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects involving landslides (see also under Response 7(a)(iv)).

Lateral Spreading

Lateral spreading is horizontal/lateral ground movement of relatively flat-lying soil deposits towards a free face such as an excavation, channel, or open body of water; typically, lateral spreading is associated with liquefaction of one or more subsurface layers near the bottom of the exposed slope. As discussed in Response 7(a)(iii), the proposed Project site is not located in an area designated by the State of California as a liquefaction hazard zone. (Geotechnical Investigation, p. 5) Based on the conditions encountered and laboratory testing conducted during the proposed Project's Geotechnical Engineering Investigation, the subsurface conditions at the proposed Project site are not considered to be subject to liquefaction. Further, adherence to the City's Grading and Subdivision Codes as well as the California Building Code in the design of this Project would prevent lateral spreading.

Subsidence

Land subsidence is a gradual settling or sudden sinking of the Earth's surface owing to subsurface movement of earth materials. Subsidence is most often attributed to human activity, mainly from the removal of subsurface water. More than 80 percent of the identified subsidence throughout the United States is a result of exploitation of groundwater. Per the proposed Project's Geotechnical Engineering Investigation, test boring locations were checked for the presence of groundwater during and immediately following the drilling operations. Groundwater was not encountered in any of the borings drilled as part of our subsurface investigation. Based on a review of historic groundwater data, groundwater is expected to exist at depths in excess of 50 feet below site grades.

Liquefaction

Per the proposed Project's Geotechnical Engineering Investigation (Appendix D), the proposed Project site is not located in an area designated by the State of California as a liquefaction hazard zone. Based on the conditions encountered and laboratory testing conducted during the proposed Project's Geotechnical Engineering Investigation, the subsurface conditions at the proposed Project site are not considered to be subject to liquefaction. (Geotechnical Investigation, p. 4) Additionally, Figures PS-2 – Liquefaction Zones and PS-3 – Soils with High Shrink-Swell Potential of the City's General Plan 2025 Public

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| Safety Element indicate the proposed Project site is not located in eight shrink-swell potential. Therefore, the proposed Project would not directly effects involving seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction | ectly or indi | rectly cause po | tential subst | |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| Collapse As previously discussed, the proposed Project site is currently de Adherence to the City's grading and building requirements would ensu to prevent the collapse of graded pads and/or slopes. | | | | |
| The proposed Project would not be located on an unstable or potentiall result in landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or colla | | | | |
| d. Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property? | | | | |
| 7d. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 EIR Section 5.6 Ge Soils, Table 5.6-B – Soil Types, Figure 5.6-5 – Soils v Geotechnical Engineering Investigation Prepared by Krazan D), and California Building Code as adopted by the City of Municipal Code) | vith High S a & Associate | Shrink-Swell F es, Inc. dated I | Potential, Pr December 20 | roject Specific 20 (Appendix |
| Less than Significant Impact. Expansive soils have the potential to with changes in soil moisture. As expansive soils dry, the soil shrinks swells. Per the proposed Project's Geotechnical Engineering Investigencountered at the proposed Project site were identified through lab (Geotechnical Investigation, p. 5) Therefore, the proposed Project we create a substantial direct or indirect risk to life or property. Potential | s; when mois gation (Appe ooratory testi ould not be | sture is reintrod ndix D), the no ng as having a located on exp | luced into the ear-surface so the low expansions ansive soil a | e soil, the soil ilty sand soils sion potential. |
| e. Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water? | | | | |
| 7e. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.6-4 Description) No Impact. The proposed Project would be served by sewer infrast alternative wastewater disposal systems. Therefore, the proposed Proj | ructure and | will not utilize | | |
| f. Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature? | | | | |
| 7f. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Policy HP-1.3) | | | | |
| Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project site is currently grading activities on site and surface disturbances during past devel anticipated to occur at the site and the likelihood of encountering pale of the Project site is low. The proposed Project would be required paleontological resources. Therefore, direct or indirect impacts related would be less than significant . | lopment of the contological to comply w | he site, no pale resources durir vith all applica | eontological ng the propos ble regulatio | resources are sed re-grading ons protecting |
| | | | | |

| GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS. Would the project: | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| a. Generate greenhouse gas emissions, eit indirectly, that may have a significant environment? | | | | |
| 8a. Response: (Source: Project Description, C Urban Crossroads (GHGA) (Appendix E | | Wash Greeni | house Gas Anal | lysis prepa |
| proach is a widely accepted screening threshold CAQMD staff's proposed GHG screening threshol | d for stationary sou | rce emissions | for non-industri | al projects, |
| HG Threshold"). The SCAQMD Interim GHG Thalysis is required. (GHG Analysis, p. 50) s shown in Table 3 (Table 3-4 from the GHG Analysis) | reshold identifies a | a screening thr dix E), the Pro | eshold to detern | nine whether |
| the SCAQMD's Interim CEQA GHG Significanc HG Threshold"). The SCAQMD Interim GHG Thalysis is required. (GHG Analysis, p. 50) s shown in Table 3 (Table 3-4 from the GHG Anal TCO ₂ e/yr; the proposed Project would not exceed Table 3 | reshold identifies a | dix E), the Procy's screening | eshold to deterr ject will result i threshold of 3,0 | nine whether |
| HG Threshold"). The SCAQMD Interim GHG Thalysis is required. (GHG Analysis, p. 50) s shown in Table 3 (Table 3-4 from the GHG Analytical TCO ₂ e/yr; the proposed Project would not exceed | ysis Report, Appendithe SCAQMD/Cit | dix E), the Pro y's screening missions Emissio | eshold to deterring the sign of the sign o | n approximation of MTCO2 |
| HG Threshold"). The SCAQMD Interim GHG The alysis is required. (GHG Analysis, p. 50) s shown in Table 3 (Table 3-4 from the GHG Analytical TCO ₂ e/yr; the proposed Project would not exceed Table 3 | ysis Report, Appending SCAQMD/Cit | dix E), the Procy's screening | eshold to deterr ject will result i threshold of 3,0 | nine whether |
| HG Threshold"). The SCAQMD Interim GHG Thalysis is required. (GHG Analysis, p. 50) s shown in Table 3 (Table 3-4 from the GHG Analytical TCO ₂ e/yr; the proposed Project would not exceed Table 3 Emission Source Annual construction-related emissions | ysis Report, Appendithe SCAQMD/Cit | dix E), the Proy's screening missions Emissio CH4 | reshold to deterring the shold to deterring the shold of 3,0 respectively. The shold of 3,0 r | n approximation of the management of the managem |
| HG Threshold"). The SCAQMD Interim GHG Thalysis is required. (GHG Analysis, p. 50) s shown in Table 3 (Table 3-4 from the GHG Analytical TCO ₂ e/yr; the proposed Project would not exceed Table 3 Emission Source Annual construction-related emissions amortized over 30 years | ysis Report, Appendithe SCAQMD/Cit 3: Project GHG En CO2 5.56 | dix E), the Propy's screening missions Emissio CH4 1.44E-03 | reshold to deterring the shold of 3,0 ms (MT/yr) N2O 7.57E-05 | n approximation of the management of the managem |
| HG Threshold"). The SCAQMD Interim GHG Thalysis is required. (GHG Analysis, p. 50) s shown in Table 3 (Table 3-4 from the GHG Analytical TCO ₂ e/yr; the proposed Project would not exceed Table 3 Emission Source Annual construction-related emissions amortized over 30 years Area Source | ysis Report, Appendithe SCAQMD/Cit 3: Project GHG En CO2 5.56 1.09E-03 | dix E), the Procy's screening missions Emissio CH4 1.44E-03 0.00 | reshold to deterring to the shold to deterring the shold of 3,0 respectively. The shold of 3, | n approximation of the second |
| HG Threshold"). The SCAQMD Interim GHG Thalysis is required. (GHG Analysis, p. 50) s shown in Table 3 (Table 3-4 from the GHG Analytical TCO ₂ e/yr; the proposed Project would not exceed Table 3 Emission Source Annual construction-related emissions amortized over 30 years Area Source Energy Source | ysis Report, Appendithe SCAQMD/Cit 3: Project GHG En CO2 5.56 1.09E-03 19.79 | dix E), the Propy's screening missions Emissio CH4 1.44E-03 0.00 6.80E-04 | reshold to deterring the shold to deterring the shold of 3,0 reshold of 3,0 resho | Total Co 5.61 1.16E-6 |
| HG Threshold"). The SCAQMD Interim GHG Thalysis is required. (GHG Analysis, p. 50) s shown in Table 3 (Table 3-4 from the GHG Analysis, p. 50) Table 3 Emission Source Annual construction-related emissions amortized over 30 years Area Source Energy Source Mobile Source | ysis Report, Appendithe SCAQMD/Cit B: Project GHG En CO2 5.56 1.09E-03 19.79 429.57 | dix E), the Proy's screening missions Emissio CH4 1.44E-03 0.00 6.80E-04 0.03 | ns (MT/yr) N2O 7.57E-05 0.00 1.80E-04 0.03 | Total Co 5.61 1.16E-0 438.49 |

greenhouse gases?

8b. Response: (Source: Project Description and Quick Quack Car Wash Greenhouse Gas Analysis prepared by Urban Crossroads (GHGA) (Appendix E))

Less than Significant Impact. Pursuant to 15604.4 of the CEQA guidelines, a lead agency may rely on qualitative analysis or performance-based standards to determine the significance of impacts from GHG emissions. In November 2017, CARB released the Final 2017 Scoping Plan Update, which identifies the State's post-2020 reduction strategy. As project building is anticipated to occur in 2022, consistency with SB32 as discussed below.

Consistency with SB 32 (2017 Scoping Plan Update)

The 2017 Scoping Plan Update reflects the 2030 target of a 40% reduction below 1990 levels, set by Executive Order B-30-15 and codified by SB 32. Table 3-5 of the GHG Analysis (Appendix E) summarizes the proposed Project's consistency with the 2017 Scoping Plan. The summary confirms that the Project would not conflict with any of the provisions of the Scoping Plan and in fact supports seven of the action categories. (GHG Analysis, p. 50)

As outlined in *Table 3.5: 2017 Scoping Plan Consistency Summary* of the GHG Analysis, the Project would not conflict with any of the 2017 Scoping Plan elements as any regulations adopted would apply directly or indirectly to the Project. Furthermore, recent studies show that the State's existing and proposed regulatory framework will allow the State to reduce its GHG emissions level to 40% below 1990 levels by 2030. Notwithstanding, the Project would result in a significant and unavoidable impact with respect to this threshold, as the Project exceeds the applicable numeric screening thresholds for GHG emissions and therefore has potential to impede the State's ability to achieve the 40% below 1990 level reduction target. (GHG Analysis, p. 55)

The City of Riverside Restorative Growthprint Climate Action Plan (RRG-CAP)

The City of Riverside collaborated with the Western Riverside council of Governments (WRCOG) on a Subregional Climate Action Plan (CAP). The City of Riverside Restorative Growthprint Climate Action Plan (RRG-CAP) builds on the WRCOG Subregional CAP commitments and provides the City GHG reduction goals from the year 2020 through the year 2035. The RRG-CAP includes measures that would reduce GHG emissions in the City. Consistency with these measures is discussed in Table 3-6 of the GHG Analysis (Appendix E). The Table indicates that the proposed Project's actions would either not apply or be consistent with all state, regulatory, and local reduction measures. (GHG Analysis, pp. 55-59)

Therefore, the Project would not conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purposed of reducing the emissions of GHGs. (GHG Analysis, p. 59) Potential impacts would be **less than significant**.

| 9. | | AZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. buld the project: | | |
|----|----|--|--|--|
| | a. | Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials? | | |

9a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Public Safety Element, GP 2025 FPEIR, California Health and Safety Code, Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, California Building Code)

Less than Significant Impact. Construction of the proposed Project has the potential to create a hazard to the public or environment through the routine transportation, use, and disposal of construction-related hazardous materials such as fuels, oils, solvents, and other materials. These materials are typical materials delivered to construction sites. However, due to the limited quantities of these materials to be used by the proposed Project, they are not considered hazardous to the public at large. In accordance with the City's Hazardous Materials Policy, the transport, use, and storage of hazardous materials during the construction and operation of the site would be conducted pursuant to all applicable local, State, and federal laws, and in cooperation with the County's Department of Environmental Health. Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) implemented by Title 13 of the CCR describes strict regulations for the safe transportation of hazardous materials. Compliance with all applicable local, State, and federal laws related to the transportation, use, and storage of hazardous materials would reduce the likelihood and severity of accidents during transit, use, and storage.

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| With regard to the proposed Project operations, widely used hazardous and other solvents, cleaners, and pesticides. Operation of the proposed for daily operation and paints for routine maintenance and recoating of are disposed of as household hazardous waste (HHW) that includes us that are prohibited or discouraged from being disposed of at local land and their disposal does not present a substantial health risk to the comruse, or disposal of hazardous materials or wastes would be less than significant with all applicable local, State and federal laws would furt transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials. As such, the proposed to the transport, use, or disposal of any hazardous material either | car wash wo structures. The ed dead batto fills. Use of nunity. Impagnificant. her ensure a sed Project was | ould involve the The remnants of the remnants | e use of clear of these and consistency, and ehold hazard with the rout ficant impacts than signif | ning solutions other products I other wastes ous materials ine transport, t from routine |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| b. Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment? | | | | |
| 9b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Public Safety Element the Code of Federal Regulations, California Building Code, | | | l Safety Cod | e, Title 49 of |
| Less than Significant Impact. As identified in Threshold 9(a), above potentially materials would comply with all applicable federal, state, and to Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations implemented by Title 1 and programs of these agencies will ensure that any interaction with h manner, reducing the opportunity for the accidental release of hazardou the demolition activities which would result in approximately 696 tons facility located approximately 10 miles from the Project site. Any has quantities and concentrations. As mandated by the U.S. Occupation hazardous materials stored on-site will be accompanied by a Materia accidental release, will inform on-site personnel as to the necessary remarks that could create a significant hazard to the public or the envaccident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the use of solvents, cleaners, and waxes used for typical car wash operation state, and local laws and regulations, including but not limited to Title by Title 13 of the CCR. Therefore, the project will have a less than significant in the context of the company of the context of the project will have a less than significant hazard. | d local laws 3 of the CCF azardous mas materials in 6 of debris the adling of hanal Safety 2 and Safety Damediation properties of the environment the environment, and with 49 of the CCF. | and regulations R. Adherence waterials would onto the environs at would be had a tardous materiand Health Adata Sheet (MSE occedures. Leardous materiarough reasonalment. Project op h compliance woode of Federal | s, including by the heap libe cour in the soment. The Pruled off-site als will be libe liministration DS), which, it is als or generably foreseea peration wou with all applications. | out not limited cable policies afest possible oject includes to a recycling mited in both (OSHA), all in the case of attended to the case of the cable federal, implemented |
| c. Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school? | | | | |
| 9c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Public Safety and I CalARP RMP Facilities in the Project Area, Figure 5.13-2 – Table 5.13-D RUSD Schools, California Health and Safety California Building Code) | Riverside U | nified School L | District RUS | D Boundaries, |
| No Impact. The proposed Project does not involve any hazardous substances or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing school. The the nearest existing or proposed school (William Howard Taft Elemer CA 92506). Therefore, the Project would have no impact regarding eracutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarte indirectly or cumulatively. | Project site ntary School mitting hazar | is located appropriately, 959 Mission (rdous emissions) | roximately 0 Grove Pkwy s or handling | .84-mile from N, Riverside, g hazardous or |

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| d. Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code | | | \boxtimes | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment? | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9d. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-5 – Hazardous Waste Sites, DTSC EnviroStor Database Listed Sites) | | | | | | | | | | |
| No Impact. A search of the Department of Toxic Substances Control EnviroStor data California Environmental Protection Agency "Cortese List" complied pursuant to indicated there are no sites of concern regarding hazardous materials on the Project site Project site. In addition, the General Plan 2025 FPEIR (Figure 5.7-1) does not ident adjacent to the Project site. Therefore, the project would have no impact to creating an environment directly, indirectly or cumulatively. | Governme te or in the ify any ha | ent Code Sec e immediate azardous was | etion 65962.5 vicinity of the ste sites on or | | | | | | | |
| e. For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard or excessive noise for people residing or working in the project area? | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9e. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-6B – Airport Safety Zon Air Reserve Base/March Inland Port Comprehensive Land Use Plan, Airport Review, May 13, 2021) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Less than Significant Impact. The nearest airport to the Project site is the March Air I 3.27 miles southeast of the site. Riverside Municipal Airport is located approximately 6. The proposed Project is located within Zone C2 of the March Air Reserve Base Airpo ALUC) Plan and as depicted on Figure PS-6B of the General Plan 2025. Zone C2 development of a car wash. Further, the Airport Land Use Commission Riverside Cou Commission (ALUC) Development Review of the proposed Project, Case No. PR-202 found it to be consistent with the 2014 MARB ALUC Plan, subject to seven standard conwith these standard conditions of approval, the Project will not conflict with the MAR hazard. | .7 miles no ort Land Upes not pla inty condu 21-001023 ditions of a | orthwest of the Jse Compatibace any restructed an Airpa dated May approval. Wi | he Project site. bility (MARB ictions on the bort Land Use 13, 2021, and th compliance | | | | | | | |
| The proposed Project is also located outside of the noise contours as described in implementation of the proposed Project would not result in on-site employees on site excessive noise from an airport. Less than significant impact would occur direct implementation of the proposed Project. | being affe | ected by a sa | fety hazard or | | | | | | | |
| f. Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan? | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9f. Response: (Source: GP 2025 FPEIR Chapter 7.5.7 – Hazards and Hazardous EOP, 2002 and Riverside Operational Area – Multi-Jurisdictional LHMP, 20 Plan) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Less than Significant Impact. The project will be served by existing streets, Alessa Parkway. All streets have been designed to meet the Public Works and Fire Department are required during the project's construction. The proposed Project would not interfresponse or evacuation plan. Therefore, the project will have a less than significate cumulatively to an emergency response or evacuation plan. | nts' specifi fere or im | cations. No spede with a | street closures ny emergency | | | | | | | |

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| g. Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires? | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| 9g. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-7 – Fire Ho Operational Area – Multi-Jurisdictional LHMP, 2004 Part 1. Hazard Severity Zones Maps - https://osfi engineering/wildland-hazards-building-codes/fire-hazard-sev | /Part 2 and community | OEM's Strateg v/divisions/wild | gic Plan, CA | |
| No Impact. The Project site is located in an urbanized portion of Rive Area (LRA) Very High or High Fire Hazard Severity Zone nor is it lo High or High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, as defined by CAL FIRE an Project site is in a developed area with no wildland areas in the imme 2025 policies, compliance with existing codes and standards, and through the project implementation directly, indirectly, | cated within d the Fire H ediate vicini ugh Fire Dep | n a State Responding a State Responding a Severity ty. With implement review | nsibility Are Zone Map p mentation of | ea (SRA) Very programs. The f General Plan |
| 10. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY. | | | | |
| Would the project: a. Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or | | | | |
| 10a.Response: (Source: GP 2025 FPEIR Table 5.8-A – Beneficia Quality Management Plan prepared by Omega Engineering (F)) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project site is currentle existing building footprints and a small parking lot. Upon construction would decrease compared to existing conditions. Expected pollutant inlets, landscape/outdoor pesticide use, refuse areas, sidewalks, and a performance of a grading permit, a final approved WQMP will be Prevention Plan (SWPPP) is not required given that the Project is un Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) includes following post-control The Preliminary Project Specific WQMP outlines the LID Best Management quality standards and reduce storm water runoff and include 1 behave been incorporated into the site design to fully address all expected. With compliance with all applicable local, state, and federal laws regulated to the Project specific WQMP, the proposed Project would result in cumulatively to any water quality standards or waste discharge required. | y developed of the proposources from arking lot. De required to der an acre enstruction Logement Praction retention and pollutant surface a less than sements. | I with mostly it posed Project then the Project in size. The Project in size. The Project in size. The LID sources and store water quality | impervious so permeable a nelude on-site A Storm Weliminary Prelopment (LI equired to ad Principles arm water run including in pact directly | Surface due to area of the site te storm drain Vater Pollution roject Specific ID) Principles. lequately meet nd LID BMPs toff volumes. |
| b. Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin? | | | | |
| 10b. Response: (Source: GP 2025 FPEIR Section 5.16 – Utilitie Engineering Investigation prepared by Krazan & Associates Management Plan prepared by Omega Engineering Consu Metropolitan Water District of Southern Californ https://www.mwdh2o.com/planning-for-tomorrow/how-we-pl Urban Water Management Plan, https://wmwd.com/215/Urb | s, Inc. (Appe ltants, Inc. ia, 2020 lan/, and W | endix D), Projo dated Februar Urban Wat Vestern Munic | ect Specific ry 11, 2021 ter Manag cipal Water | Water Quality (Appendix F), gement Plan, |

Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project would be served by Western Municipal Water District (WMWD) for potable water supply. The Geotechnical Engineering Investigation prepared for the proposed Project reviewed historic groundwater data and groundwater is expected to exist at depths in excess of 50 feet below site grades. Groundwater was not encountered in any of the test borings drilled on-site as part of the proposed Project site's subsurface investigation. (Geotechnical Investigation, p. 4) The development of the site would not impede groundwater recharge because it does not currently provide for groundwater recharge of stormwater at the site.

Pollutant and flow control BMPs outlined in the WQMP would maintain the site's existing hydrologic response. The development of the proposed Project would not significantly alter the volume of stormwater runoff leaving the site or the point of discharge from the site and would not in turn alter groundwater management of downstream receiving water bodies, including the basin.

As outlined in the Project Description, the majority of water used in car washing is reclaimed and is stored in on-site storage tanks and recycled for subsequent washes. Water consumed and discharged to the City's wastewater transmission system (consumptive water use) would average 12 to 15 gallons per vehicle. Consumptive water use would range from 3,900 gallons per day for less busy weekdays up to 4,500 gallons per day on Fridays and Saturdays, when the facility would be busier.

In 2001, California adopted SB 610 and SB 221, thereby amending the California Water Code. Under these new laws, certain types of development projects are now required to provide detailed water supply assessments (WSAs) to planning agencies. The primary purpose of a WSA is to determine if the identified water supply or water supplier will be able to meet projected demands for the project, in addition to existing and planned future uses, over a 20-year projection and with consideration to normal, dry, and multi-dry water years. Thresholds requiring the preparation of a WSA include residential developments of more than 500 dwelling units, shopping centers or business establishments employing more than 1,000 persons or having more than 500,000 square feet of floor space, commercial office buildings employing more than 1,000 persons or having more than 250,000 square feet of floor space, and projects that would demand an amount of water equivalent to, or greater than, the amount of water required by a 500 dwelling unit project. As the Project consists of a business establishment employing less than 1,000 persons and having less than 250,000 square feet of floor space, the Project falls well below the threshold that would trigger the need for a project-specific WSA.

WMWD is a member agency of the Metropolitan Water District which obtains its water from the Colorado River and State Water Project (SWP). Other sources of WMWD's supply include surplus water from the City of Riverside. (GP 2025 FPEIR, p. 5.16-37) Metropolitan's 2020 Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) provides an assessment and summary of Metropolitan's water service reliability outlook through 2045. As a reporting documents, the UWMP is updated every five years to reflect changes in water demand and supply projections. Metropolitan has completed its water service reliability assessment and determined that it has supply capabilities sufficient to meet expected demands from 2025 through 2045 under single dry-year and a period of drought lasting five consecutive years, as well as in a normal water year hydrological condition. (Metropolitan UWMP, pp. ES-6 – ES-7) WMWD's prioritizes the use of local supply sources and uses imported water to meet the remaining retail water demands that are not met by local supplies. Retail potable demands exceed local supplies so imported water is used to meet the balance of retail demand. Local groundwater is not expected to be reduced in dry years. Metropolitan's 2020 UWMP projects the ability to meet project imparted water demands under normal, single dry year, and multiple dry year conditions and Western wholesale projects a surplus of imported water supplies that are available to WMWD retail if needed. WMWD anticipated adequate supplies for years 2025 to 2045 to meet retail demand under normal, single dry and multiple-dry year conditions. (WMWD UWMP p., 11-4)

In addition, the Project would be subject to compliance with the City's Water Conservation Ordinance and the California Green Building Code which require increased water use efficiencies; and based on the water supply and demand projections, projected water supplies would be sufficient to meet the projected water demand for the Project.

Therefore, there will be **less than significant impacts** related to groundwater recharge or supplies either directly, indirectly or cumulatively.

| c. | Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream | | |
|----|---|--|--|
| | | | |

| or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would: | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| i. Result in substantial erosion or siltation on-or-off-site? | | | \boxtimes | | | | | | | |
| 10i Response: (Source: Preliminary grading plan, and Project Specific Water Quality Management Plan prepared by Omega Engineering Consultants, Inc. dated February 11, 2021 (Appendix F)) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Less than Significant Impact. The Project site is relatively flat, devel be demolished, the site re-graded, and the new car wash development or or natural drainage courses, including a stream or river, on site that we required since the proposed Project site is under an acre in size. | onstructed. T | here are no ma | jor drainage | improvements | | | | | | |
| As the site will be developed with impervious surfaces, largely paving will be landscaped, the site is not anticipated to generate substantial Preliminary Project Specific WQMP outlines the LID Best Management quality standards and reduce storm water runoff and include 1 biorete been incorporated into the site design to fully address all expected pollogical policy. | al erosion or nt Practices (ention area. | siltation on-o BMPs) require The LID Princ | r-off-site. In d to adequate iples and LI | addition, the ely meet water D BMPs have | | | | | | |
| The Project would not have any substantial effects on a stream or rive Project site. Through compliance with all applicable federal, State, and of the WQMP, the proposed Project would not alter the existing of substantial erosion or siltation on or off site as a result of altering exist directly, indirectly, and cumulatively. | l local laws a Irainage patt | nd regulations, tern of an on- | including ir site stream. | nplementation Impacts from | | | | | | |
| ii. Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-or-off-site? | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10ii Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-4 – F Project Specific Water Quality Management Plan prepared b February 11, 2021 (Appendix F)) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project site does not hav site has been previously developed with two structures and associated flood hazard area. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Roof runoff will be directed via roof drain and discharge into several building. All the proposed impervious surface will drain via sheet flow southern side of the development for treatment and then conveyed to large enough to meet the design capture volume and prevent flooding of the site would not be substantially altered in a manner that could can flooding on or off site as a result of increasing the rate or amount of stindirectly, and cumulatively. | w into the protection the City's storm on-or-off-site use increases | roposed biofilth form drainage se. (WQMP, pp. s in flooding or | ration basin system. The . 8-9) The dr n-or-off-site. | located on the basin's size is ainage pattern Impacts from | | | | | | |
| iii. Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10iii Response: (Source: Preliminary grading plan, and Project Spec Omega Engineering Consultants, Inc. dated February 11, 2021 (Appe | | Quality Manag | ement Plan | prepared by | | | | | | |
| Less than Significant Impact. As noted in Threshold 10(c)(ii) above, that through the implementation of BMPs, runoff water will not exceed result in flooding off-site. With implementation of the WQMP, including and operational BMPs, impacts related to stormwater runoff, drainage systems. | d the capacit | y of on-or-off- sed on-site bio | site drainage filtration bas | facilities and in, infiltration | | | | | | |

| to less than significant levels. Compliance with all applicable feder implementation of the WQMP, would ensure impacts from generated planned storm water drainage systems or contributing substantial addissignificant directly, indirectly, and cumulatively. | d runoff wat | er exceeding t | he capacity | of existing or |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| iv. Impede or redirect flood flows? | | | | |
| 10c.iv Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure Management Administration FEMA Flood Map Service Map 06065C0740G, and Project Specific Preliminary West Engineering Consultants, Inc. dated February 11, 2021 (| e Center W Vater Quality | ebsite https://n Management | nsc.fema.go | v/portal/home. |
| No Impact. The Flood Insurance Rate Map for the area was review website for the Project site. The Project site is located within an Area of Rate Map 06065C0740G). Given the existing topography of the Project ooccur. Implementation of the proposed Project would not impede of and cumulatively would occur. | f Minimal Floct site, flood | ood Hazard Zoning within the | ne X area (Fl Project site i | ood Insurance s not expected |
| d. In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation? | | | | |
| No Impact. Tsunamis are large tidal waves that occur in coastal areas would not be susceptible to tsunamis. A seiche is a to-and-fro vibration in a basin. Once initiated, oscillation within the waterbody can corearthquakes. The most likely areas that could be subject to a seiche a within proximity to Lake Mathews (8 miles), Lake Evans (6.2 miles), also not located within a flood zone area or a dam inundation area as a impact potential exists for release of pollutants associated with flood be cumulatively. | and the Project of a waterboatinue independent on the Santa seen on Figurazard, tsuna | ect site is not loody that is similendently. Seich surrounding lal Ana River (6.3 re 5.8-2 in the | carth) coated in a colar to the slopnes are ofter kes. The Programiles). The GP FPEIR. either directly | pastal area and oping of water a triggered by ject site is not project site is Therefore, no |
| e. Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan? 10e.Response: (Source: Project Specific Water Quality Ma Consultants, Inc. dated February 11, 2021 (App https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/santaana/water_issues/progr Southern California, 2020 Urban Water Management tomorrow/how-we-plan/, and Western Municipal Water https://wmwd.com/215/Urban-Water-Management-Plan) | nagement I pendix F), rams/basin_p ent Plan, | Santa An plan/, Metrop https://www.n | ia River olitan Wate iwdh2o.com | Basin Plan er District of planning-for- |
| Less than Significant Impact. Coverage under the State's General Postate Water Resources Control Board, requires preparation of a Storm a SWPPP is not required because the proposed Project is under a Management Plan (WQMP) includes post-construction Low Impact I Practices (BMPs) required to adequately meet water quality standards and LID BMPs have been incorporated into the site design to fully acrunoff volumes, reducing the Project's potential impacts on downstreat Control Plan for the Santa Ana River Basin Plan (Region 8). Compliand regulations, including implementation of the WQMP, would e implementation of this water quality control plan. | Water Polluin acre in si Developments and reduce ddress all exj m receiving vance with all | tion Prevention ze. The Project t (LID) Princip storm water ru pected pollutar waterbodies co applicable fec | a Plan (SWPI) of Specific Voles and Best unoff. The I at sources an vered in the leral, State, a | PP). However, Water Quality Management LID Principles d storm water Water Quality and local laws |

As outlined in 10(b) above, the majority of water used in car washing is reclaimed and is stored in on-site storage tanks and recycled for subsequent washes. Water consumed and discharged to the City's wastewater transmission system (consumptive water use) would average 12 to 15 gallons per vehicle and range from 3,900 gallons up to 4,500 gallons per day.

WMWD, the water purveyor for the Project, is a member agency of the Metropolitan Water District which obtains its water from the Colorado River and State Water Project (SWP). Other sources of WMWD's supply include surplus water from the City of Riverside. (GP 2025 FPEIR, p. 5.16-37) Metropolitan's 2020 Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) provides an assessment and summary of Metropolitan's water service reliability outlook through 2045. As a reporting documents, the UWMP is updated every five years to reflect changes in water demand and supply projections. Metropolitan has completed its water service reliability assessment and determined that it has supply capabilities sufficient to meet expected demands from 2025 through 2045 under single dry-year and a period of drought lasting five consecutive years, as well as in a normal water year hydrological condition. (Metropolitan UWMP, pp. ES-6 – ES-7) WMWD's prioritizes the use of local supply sources and uses imported water to meet the remaining retail water demands that are not met by local supplies. Retail potable demands exceed local supplies so imported water is used to meet the balance of retail demand. Local groundwater is not expected to be reduced in dry years. Metropolitan's 2020 UWMP projects the ability to meet project imparted water demands under normal, single dry year, and multiple dry year conditions and Western wholesale projects a surplus of imported water supplies that are available to WMWD retail if needed. WMWD anticipated adequate supplies for years 2025 to 2045 to meet retail demand under normal, single dry and multiple-dry year conditions. (WMWD UWMP p., 11-4)

Implementation of the proposed Project would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of the current Metropolitan or WMWD URMPs. Impacts would be **less than significant** directly, indirectly, and cumulatively.

| Will W D Cravit S. Impacts would be less than significant directly, me | incerty, una | camaian very. | | |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| 11. LAND USE AND PLANNING: | | | | |
| Would the project: | | | | |
| a. Physically divide an established community? | | | | |
| 11a.Response: (Source: Project Description, General Plan 2025 5.9-3 Existing Land Uses 2003, Project site plan) | PEIR Land | Use and Urbai | n Design Ele | ement Figure |
| No Impact. The proposed Project site is currently developed with twuse. The Project site is located at the northwest corner of Alessandro B to the west (across Mission Grove Parkway), residential development to (across Alessandro Boulevard). Implementation of the proposed Project to a commercial use, and associated GPA from O - Office to C - Com Zone to CG – Commercial General Zone. Thus, the proposed Project w Therefore, there are no impacts related to dividing an established commercial control of the proposed Project with the project with the proposed | oulevard and the north are the north are the will result amercial, and rould not phy | I Mission Grownd west, and co in redevelopm Rezone the prosically divide | ve Parkway vommercial use nent of a form roject site from an establishe | with office use es to the south mer office use om O - Office ed community. |
| b. Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect? | | | | |
| 11b. Response: (Source: Project Description, General Plan 2025 5.9-3 Existing Land Uses 2003, Project site plan, Riverside M | | | | lement Figure |

Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project site currently has a General Plan designation of O - Office and zoning of O - Office Zone. The proposed Project would require a General Plan Amendment (GPA) to amend the land use designation from O - Office to C - Commercial and a Zoning Code Amendment (RZ) to rezone the project site from O - Office Zone to CG - Commercial General Zone. The CG Zone is intended to allow for more intense service commercial retail, office, and repair uses, and allows for some outdoor retail uses (Riverside Municipal Code 19.110.010). The General Plan Amendment and Rezone would not cause a significant environmental impact, especially as the site is already developed, and surrounded by other commercial and residential development. As outlined in responses to 3.a, 4.a and 4.f, and 8.b, the Project would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable Air Quality Plan, applicable GP 2025 policies, the MSHCP, or the City's Climate Action Plan.

| The proposed Project would not conflict with any land use plan, policy mitigating an environmental effect and would serve as an amenity to | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| commercial uses to the south (across Alessandro Boulevard). For these | e reasons, the | proposed Proj | ect would ha | |
| significant impact directly, indirectly, or cumulatively on applicable l | and use plan | s, policies, or r | egulations. | |
| | T | T | T | Г |
| 12. MINERAL RESOURCES. Would the project: | | | | |
| a. Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state? | | | | |
| 12a. Response: (Source: California Department of Conservatio Riverside East, and General Plan 2025, General Plan 2025 I | | | | of Plate 7.13 |
| No Impact. State-classified Mineral Resource Zones (MRZ) are sho California Department of Conservation and is also shown in the General | | | | |
| Per GP 2025, Figure OS-1 Mineral Resources, the proposed Project's significance of mineral deposits cannot be determined from the available consideration of statewide or regionally significant mineral deposits by These mineral designations are intended to prevent incompatible significant mineral resource deposits. The General Plan 2025 does not as MRZ-3 and has not designated the Project site for mineral resource developed as an office development, and thus is currently not available mineral resources valuable locally or regionally would not occur becarrequired. Therefore, the proposed Project will have no impact on min | le data. The of the City in pland use devinclude specificated uses. le for mineraluse of the properties of the propertie | classification splanning and development on clific policies repart Additionally, the extraction puroposed Project | ystem is interevelopment a areas detern garding prophe Project sirposes. The t and no furtle | nded to ensure dministration. nined to have erty identified te was already loss of known her analysis is |
| b. Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan? | | | | |
| 12b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure – OS-1 – Mi | neral Resout | rces) | • | |
| No Impact. The GP 2025 FPEIR determined that there are no special Sphere of Influence Area which have locally-important mineral resour General Plan 2025 would not significantly preclude the ability to ext site does not contain a locally important mineral resource recovery sit of the proposed Project. | rce recovery | sites and that signated resour | the implements | entation of the posed Project |
| 13. NOISE. | | | | |
| Would the project result in: | | | | |
| a. Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? | | | | |
| 13a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure N-5 – 2025 Plan and Supporting Documents Environmental Impact Rep Impact Study prepared by MD Acoustics, LLC dated November 1 | ort; Project | Site Plans; Qu | ick Quack C | |
| Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated. The of the Project's Noise Impact Study. Construction and operational noise is City of Riverside Noise Element of the General Plan 2025 and the Cit | standards for | the City of Riv | | |

The City of Riverside outlines their noise regulations and standards within the Noise Element from the General Plan 2025 and Title 7 of the Municipal Code. For purposes of this analysis, the City's General Plan and Noise Ordinance (Chapter 7.05) is used to evaluate the roadway noise and stationary noise impacts to and from the proposed Project. The Noise Element outlines Goals and Polices and establishes Noise/Land Use Compatibility Criteria (Noise Impact Study, Figure N-10). This assessment will compare the project noise levels to the residential noise limits since the proposed project is located directly adjacent to existing residential land uses. The project impacts were compared to the City's residential noise standards. Table 7.25.010A – Exterior Noise Standards describes the exterior noise standards for emanations from a stationary noise source, such as the proposed Project, as it affects adjacent properties. For residential land uses, the noise levels are 45 dBA for nighttime (10PM-7AM) and 55 dBA for daytime (7AM to 10PM).

Existing Conditions: One (1) twenty-four (24) hour ambient noise measurement was conducted in the proposed Project vicinity to determine the existing ambient noise levels. LT1 was taken at the northwest corner of the project site and LT2 was taken on the western property line. The noise measurement results indicate that traffic from Alessandro Boulevard is the main source of noise which impacts the proposed Project and surrounding area. Also, the results confirm that the existing noise level measurements taken exceed the ambient noise levels stated in the City's Noise Ordinance. The long-term noise data results are shown in Table 4 and 5 (Noise Impact Study, Table 2 and 3). Noise data indicates the ambient noise level in the project area ranges between 64 dBA Leq to 66 dBA Leq at LT1 and 64 dBA Leq to 67 dBA Leq at LT2. The quietest day/evening hourly level occurred between 7PM and 8PM at 64 dBA, Leq(h). (Noise Impact Study, pp. 19-20)

Table 4: Long-Term Noise Measurement Data (dBA) LT1

| | | | - | | | | , | | | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| 6.1. | -: | | dB(A) | | | | | | | | |
| Date | Time | L _{EQ} | L _{MAX} | L _{MIN} | L ₂ | L ₈ | L ₂₅ | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ | L ₉₉ | |
| 11/18/2021 | 2PM-3PM | 64.9 | 76.0 | 57.4 | 70.0 | 68.7 | 67.5 | 63.6 | 61.4 | 60.0 | |
| 11/18/2021 | 3PM-4PM | 64.9 | 79.1 | 55.8 | 68.4 | 67.3 | 66.8 | 64.4 | 61.8 | 60.1 | |
| 11/18/2021 | 4PM-5PM | 65.5 | 79.8 | 58.1 | 68.2 | 67.7 | 67.0 | 64.8 | 62.3 | 61.3 | |
| 11/18/2021 | 5PM-6PM | 65.4 | 70.3 | 63.1 | 68.3 | 67.3 | 67.0 | 65.0 | 62.8 | 61.6 | |
| 11/18/2021 | 6PM-7PM | 65.7 | 78.5 | 58.2 | 71.7 | 70.1 | 67.2 | 64.4 | 62.0 | 60.2 | |
| 11/18/2021 | 7PM-8PM | 64.1 | 70.6 | 58.9 | 66.8 | 66.5 | 66.3 | 63.5 | 61.9 | 61.1 | |
| 11/18/2021 | 8PM-9PM | 64.7 | 77.1 | 58.5 | 71.2 | 68.6 | 67.0 | 63.2 | 61.2 | 60.6 | |

Notes:

Table 5: Long-Term Noise Measurement Data (dBA) LT2

| Date | Time | dB(A) | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Date | Tille | L _{EQ} | L _{MAX} | L _{MIN} | L ₂ | L ₈ | L ₂₅ | L ₅₀ | L ₉₀ | L 99 |
| 11/18/2021 | 2PM-3PM | 66.5 | 85.2 | 54.9 | 73.5 | 71.0 | 68.7 | 64.1 | 59.6 | 57.9 |
| 11/18/2021 | 3PM-4PM | 66.3 | 82.9 | 54.3 | 70.1 | 69.5 | 68.7 | 65.5 | 60.6 | 58.6 |
| 11/18/2021 | 4PM-5PM | 66.5 | 81.7 | 56.0 | 70.8 | 69.3 | 68.8 | 65.8 | 61.2 | 59.6 |
| 11/18/2021 | 5PM-6PM | 65.8 | 72.8 | 62.5 | 69.3 | 68.6 | 68.0 | 64.8 | 60.8 | 59.5 |
| 11/18/2021 | 6PM-7PM | 65.9 | 78.7 | 56.7 | 69.5 | 68.8 | 68.3 | 64.4 | 60.9 | 59.5 |
| 11/18/2021 | 7PM-8PM | 64.2 | 72.3 | 58.5 | 67.4 | 66.8 | 66.2 | 63.6 | 61.8 | 61.0 |
| 11/18/2021 | 8PM-9PM | 64.6 | 77.6 | 57.6 | 70.0 | 68.7 | 67.7 | 63.1 | 60.8 | 60.4 |

Notes:

Short-Term Construction Noise: Construction noise is considered a short-term impact and would be considered significant if construction activities are taken outside the allowable times as described in the City's Municipal Code. The proposed Project construction would occur during the City's permissible hours per the Municipal Code. Construction noise will have

¹ Long-term noise monitoring location (LT1) is illustrated in Exhibit E. The quietest hourly noise interval during operational hours is highlighted in orange.

¹ Long-term noise monitoring location (LT2) is illustrated in Exhibit E. The quietest hourly noise interval during operational hours is highlighted in orange.

a temporary or periodic increase in the ambient noise level above the existing within the project vicinity however the City has an exemption for construction that occurs within the allowable daytime hours of 7 AM to 10 PM. With compliance with the allowable times as described in the City's Municipal Code, potential noise impacts from construction are considered **less than significant**. However, noise reduction measures are outlined as mitigation measures **MM NOI-1** through **MM NOI-5**, to further reduce construction noise to the greatest extent possible.

Long-Term Off-Site Stationary Noise: Stationary noise impacts were analyzed from the on-site noise sources such as car wash, dryers/blowers, and vacuums to the nearest sensitive receptors, residential uses to the west, northwest, and north. The worst-case stationary noise was modeled using SoundPLAN acoustical modeling software. The worst-case scenario assumes the blowers are always operational when, in reality, the noise will be intermittent and cycle on/off depending on customer usage. Project operations are proposed to occur between the hours of 7AM and 9PM, which is within the City's allowable daytime hours of 7AM to 10PM. Operating outside the allowable hours has the potential to exceed the City's noise ordinance (Section 112.04). A total of five (5) receptors were modeled to evaluate the Project's operational impact. The receptors are locations within the adjacent residential area, right outside the Projects western and northwestern boundary/property line and the closest exterior façade of buildings, including at the 1st and 2nd floors. The noise impact analysis compares the Project's operational plus ambient noise levels to the ambient only condition. (Noise Impact Study, p. 21 and 22)

The proposed Project incorporated the following design features in order to attenuate (reduce) noise generated from the Project, the greatest noise coming from the car wash tunnel and equipment such as driers, to adjacent residential uses:

- The Project will use a 120 horsepower (HP) International Drying Cooperation Stealth system or equivalent.
- Tunnel exit and entrance dimensions will be 10-feet wide by 10 feet tall. The roll-up door will be rolled down 1 foot, leaving 9-foot-tall openings.
- An acoustic liner (quiet fiber acoustic perforated metal panels or equivalent) will line 15-feet of the exit and entrance
 of the tunnel.
- An 8-foot-tall American Precast Concrete, Inc. precast concrete wall will be installed along the Project site's north and west property lines. The wall must have a minimum surface weight of 4.2 pounds per square foot.
- Prior to issue of occupancy permit, applicant will conduct a post-construction noise survey to verify compliance to the City's residential noise requirements.

The "existing" noise levels and contours at the nearest sensitive receptors are shown in Exhibit F of the Noise Impact Study and the minimum existing noise levels average at 64 dBA Leq at the various receptors. Table 6 demonstrates the Project plus ambient noise levels at adjacent residential uses with implementation of the above listed design features. Project plus ambient noise levels projections are anticipated to be 64 dBA, Leq at the receptors (R1-R5) and does not exceed the existing ambient noise level. (Noise Impact Study, p. 22)

Table 6: Worst-Case Predicted Operational Leq Noise Levels (dBA)

| Receptor ¹ | Floor | Existing Ambient Noise Level (dBA, Leq) ² | Project Noise Level(dBA, Leq) | Total Combined Noise Level (dBA, Leq) | Exterior Noise Limit (dBA, Leq) | Change in Noise Levelas Result of Project | Exceeds Limit? | |
|-----------------------|-------|---|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------|----|
| 1 | 1 | | 49 | 64 | | 0 | No | |
| 1 | 2 | | 54 | 64 | | | 0 | No |
| 2 | 1 | | 43 | 64 | | 0 | No | |
| 2 | 2 | 64 | 45 | 64 | 64 | 0 | No | |
| 3 | 1 | | 45 | 64 | | 0 | No | |
| 4 | 1 | | 44 | 64 | | 0 | No | |
| 5 | 1 | | 49 | 64 | | 0 | No | |

Notes:

3. See Exhibit F for the operational noise level projections.

^{1.} Receptors 1 through 5 represent residential use.

² See Table 2 for ambient levels. As the ambient exceeds the exterior 55 dBA residential standard, the ambient must not be exceeded.

| The proposed Project has incorporated design features to reduce the uses such that the existing ambient noise levels, at the quiete Therefore, the Project would not result in an increase in ambient noise less than significant with mitigation. | est measure | d time and | level, are r | ot exceeded. |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Mitigation Measures: NOI-1: Construction shall occur during the permissible hours as define Riverside Municipal Code (RMC). | d in section | 7.35.010(B)(5) | and 7.35.02 | 0(G) of the |
| NOI-2 : During construction, the contractor shall ensure all construction attenuating devices. | n equipment | is equipped wi | th appropria | te noise |
| NOI-3 : The contractor shall locate equipment staging areas that will created noise/vibration sources and sensitive receptors nearest the project construction. | | | | |
| NOI-4: Idling equipment shall be turned off when not in use. | | | | |
| NOI-5 : Equipment shall be maintained so that vehicles and their loads | are secured t | from rattling ar | nd banging. | |
| b. Generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels? | | | | |
| N-3 – 2003 Railway Noise, Figure N-5 – 2025 Roadway Noise 2025 Railroad Noise, Figure N-9 – March ARB Noise Conton For Construction Equipment, Quick Quack Carwash Noise November 30, 2021 (Appendix G)) Less than Significant Impact. Ground-borne vibrations consist of ragan average motion of zero. The effects of ground-borne vibrations type vibration levels, damage to buildings or other structures may occur. A sit is typically only an annoyance to people indoors where the associated Ground-borne noise is an effect of ground-borne vibration and only efform the motion of the walls and floors of a room and may also consist Construction activities can produce vibration that may be felt by adjace would not require equipment such as pile drivers, which are known to give two pieces of equipment with the most potential to cause vibratory in Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Noise and Vibration Impact Ast Velocity (PPV) of 0.076 inches/second (86 VdB) at 25 feet, and a vivid VdB) at 25 feet. The nearest vibration-sensitive building is located 25. Therefore, the maximum PPV at the noise-sensitive locations is 0.0 annoyance impact according to the FTA manual and no additional vibration, p. 26) Potential vibration impacts are less than significant. | pidly fluctual ically only conditions indoors to fit the rattlift and uses. It is generate subsupport are the sessment of the rattlift in the sessment of the | ting motions we ause a nuisance und-borne vibrathe shaking of a since it is proong of windows. The construct stantial construct at truck and the anual, a loaded or has a PPV of the property lir. These levels have a property lir. | within the groet to people, lation can be a building conduced from or dishes or dishes or dishes or dishes at truck has a f 0.210 inches of the conduced no like | source Levels ics, LLC dated out that have but at extreme felt outdoors, an be notable. noise radiated a shelves. Soposed project on levels. The cording to the Peak Particle es/second (94 istruction site. ly damage or |
| c. For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels? | | | | |

| 13c. Response: (Source: Figure N-9 – March ARB Noise Contou Criteria, RCALUP, March Air Reserve Base/March inlan Installation Compatible Use Zone Study for March Air Rese | d Port Com | prehensive La | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| Less than Significant Impact. The nearest airport is the March as outheast of the proposed Project site. Riverside Municipal Airport Project site. The proposed Project is located within Zone C2 of the Ma (MARB ALUC) Plan and as depicted on Figure PS-6B of the General the development of a car wash. The Project will not result in an accur nearby airport-associated noises. The Project is anticipated to have less indirectly and cumulatively from excessive airport noise. | is located ay rch Air Rese Plan 2025. Z nulation of e | pproximately 6 rve Base Airpo Cone C2 does no excessive noise | 5.7 miles not ort Land Use ot place any levels in con | rthwest of the Compatibility restrictions on njunction with |
| 14. POPULATION AND HOUSING. | | | | |
| Would the project: a. Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)? | | | | |
| 14a. Response: (Source: Project Description, General Plan 2025 | Table LU-3 | – Land Use D | esignations) | |
| Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project would not directly identified in the General Plan 2025. The proposed Project consist of the with 17 associated vacuum stalls. The proposed Project is located on a surrounded by multifamily residential uses to the north and west, command public facilities to the east (across Mission Grove Parkway). As the proposed Project is not residential it would not directly induce population growth if it provided substantial employment opportunities the area, and therefore would induce people moving to the area. Const which would generate the demand for temporary construction jobs duproject (less than 1 acre), the short duration of construction, and the axis reasonable to assume that the construction of the Project will be computed area with employees already residing in the area. Thus, construct implementation of the proposed Project. The long-term/operational employment opportunities anticipated to be and anticipated to be within forecasts. Thus, long-term operations are regrowth. Potential impacts related to substantial growth inducement frindirectly or cumulatively. | construction property in a ercial uses to copulation graph that would ruction is an ring this pervailability of pleted by exition-related graph generated by extending the Project of the | of a 3,648 SF n urbanized are to the south (across the south (across the south). The Proposed to indirectly in | automated carea, zoned for coss Alessand ject could in proper pro | ar wash facility office use, and laro Boulevard), directly induce ady residing in tely 10 months nall size of the fornia region, it ing business in not result from elatively minor trial population icant, directly, |
| b. Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere? | | | | |
| 14b. Response: (Source: Project Description, Google Maps) | | | | |
| No Impact. The Project will not displace existing people or housing, elsewhere because the proposed Project site is located on land that has by the proposed Project. Therefore, there will be no impact on existing | s no existing | housing that w | ill be remov | ed or affected |
| | | | | |

| 15. PUBLIC SERVICES. | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|----------|-------------|
| Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts | | | | | | | |
| associated with the provision of new or physically altered | | | | | | | |
| governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered | | | | | | | |
| governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause | | | | | | | |
| significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable | | | | | | | |
| service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for | | | | | | | |
| any of the public services: | _ | | | | | ļ . | |
| a. Fire protection? | <u> </u> | | | , D: | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| 15a. Response: (Source: FPEIR Table 5.13-B – Fire Station Le Statistics and Ordinance 5948 § 1) | осано | ns, 1a | vie 3.13-C | - Kive | rsiae Fi | ire Dep | arımeni |
| Less than Significant Impact. Fire protection services are provided by | by the | City o | f Riverside | Fire D | epartme | ent (RF | D). The |
| proposed Project site is located approximately 2 miles from Station 9, | | | | | | | |
| from Fire Station 13, Box Springs (490 Sycamore Canyon Boulevard | | | | | | | |
| Sycamore Canyon (725 Central Avenue). Per the City's General Plan, t | | | | | | | |
| 5 minutes, 30 seconds. Given the Project site's proximity to the nearest | | | | | | | |
| the City's 5-minute response time average. The first arriving unit can a | | | | | | | |
| or providing basic life support for medical incidents. Additionally, the F | | | | | | | |
| such that an effective response force of 4 units with 12 personnel minin maximum of 10 minutes (total response time). The Project is not anticipate the contract of the project is not anticipate the | | | | | | | |
| infaximum of 10 minutes (total response time). The Project is not anticip | paicu | to nece | ssitate the | necu 10 | 1 additio | mai sta | mig. |
| The proposed Project development would pose a minor incremental imp | nact o | n fira n | rotection o | r amaro | ancy m | adical f | acilities |
| and services as it would require services in the event of a fire or other m | | | | | | | |
| Project site are not inherently high risk for causing fires, susceptible to | | | | | | | |
| a high burden on these services. Any potential impacts to the provision | | | | | | | |
| services from the Project will not be significant. Potential impacts will | | | | | | | |
| as required by Chapter 16.52 of the Riverside Municipal Code (RMC) a | | | | | | | |
| taxes. With the given Project design and two Fire Stations located with | hin ap | proxim | ately 3 mi | les of th | ne Projec | ct site, | impacts |
| on fire protection public services would be less than significant . | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| L. D. L'acceptant and | Г | _ | | | | | |
| b. Police protection? | L | | | | | | |
| 15b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-8 – Nei | ighbor | hood I | Policing C | enters, | FPEIR | Section | n 5.13 – |
| Public Services) | | | | | | | |
| | | | | _ | _ | | ~ |
| Less than Significant Impact. The Riverside Police Department (RP | | | | | | | |
| the Project site. The closest RPD station is the Orange Station, local | | | _ | | | - | |
| northwest of the Project site. The Project site is located in an urbanized | | | • | | • | | |
| RPD's centralized form of organization, and the RPD has implemented in an effort to provide more equitable and responsive services across th | | | | | | | |
| not use a formula for calculating the number of officers per capita. Instead | | | | | | | |
| and residential growth and evaluated on a project-by-project basis. RPD | | | | | | | |
| centers and provide "satellite" policing centers distributed throughout | | _ | | | | | |
| residents over a more widespread geographical area. Residential staffin | | | | | | | |
| staffing is based on square footage of the business, type of business and | | | | | | | |
| would not result in an incremental increase to population growth since the | | | | | | | |
| use. The proposed Project would have less than significant impact on | | | | | | | |
| either directly, indirectly or cumulatively. | | | | • | | | |
| | - | | | ı | | | |
| c. Schools? | 1 Г | 7 | | 1 | | 1 [| \boxtimes |

15c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 FPEIR Section 5.13 – Public Services, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Section 5.13 – Public Services Figure 5.13-2 – Riverside Unified School District Boundaries)

No Impact. The proposed Project site is located within the Riverside Unified School District (RUSD), which has 44 schools, including 30 elementary schools, 1 special education pre-school, 6 middle schools, 5 comprehensive high schools, 2 continuation high schools, and 1 adult alternative education school. The schools within the vicinity of the proposed Project area are as follows:

- Kennedy Elementary School (19125 Schoolhouse Lane; approximately 1.8 miles south of the proposed Project site)
- William Howard Taft Elementary School (959 Mission Grove Parkway North; approximately 1.7 miles northwest
 of the proposed Project site)
- Earhart Middle School (20202 Aptos Street; approximately 2.9 miles south of the proposed Project site)
- Martin Luther King High School (9301 Wood Road; approximately 3.2 miles south of the proposed Project site)

The proposed Project is a non-residential use that would not involve the addition of any housing units that would directly increase the numbers of school age children within the RUSD. It is anticipated that the proposed Project's employment opportunities, which would be relatively few due to the nature of the proposed Project, would be filled by residents that reside in the area already, and therefore would not indirectly induce population growth, including for school-aged children. Therefore, the proposed Project would have **no impacts** on the demand for school facilities or services either directly, indirectly or cumulatively.

| d. Parks? | |
|---|--|
| 15d. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Code Chapter 16.60 – Local Park Deve | Figure PR-1 – Parks, Open Spaces and Trails, City of Riverside Municipal lopment Fee Required) |
| Wilderness Park (approximately 1 mile east vi | arks in proximity to the proposed Project site are the Sycamore Canyon the Barton Street trailhead entrance), Taft Park (approximately 1.1 miles miles northwest), and Orange Terrace Community Park (approximately 2.5 |
| | |
| population and associated use of existing pa | ot involve the addition of any housing units that would directly increase the rk facilities. It is anticipated that the proposed Project's employment reside in the area already, and therefore the proposed Project would not ated increase in use of existing park facilities. |
| population and associated use of existing proportunities would be filled by residents that indirectly induce population growth or an associated with payment of Park Development Impact Fee | rk facilities. It is anticipated that the proposed Project's employment reside in the area already, and therefore the proposed Project would not ated increase in use of existing park facilities. s (local, aquatic, regional/reserve, and trail fees) per Title 16, Chapter 16.60 ould have less than significant impacts on the demand for additional park |
| population and associated use of existing proportunities would be filled by residents that indirectly induce population growth or an associated with payment of Park Development Impact Fee of the Municipal Code, the proposed Project w | rk facilities. It is anticipated that the proposed Project's employment reside in the area already, and therefore the proposed Project would not ated increase in use of existing park facilities. s (local, aquatic, regional/reserve, and trail fees) per Title 16, Chapter 16.60 ould have less than significant impacts on the demand for additional park |

• Libraries

The City of Riverside Public Library (RPL) system provides over 600,000 books and other library materials (GP 2025 FPEIR p. 5.13-16). The Main Library is located in the City's Downtown Neighborhood at 3581 Mission Inn Avenue and there are eight other branches located throughout the City. The nearest branch to the Project site is Orange Terrace Branch, located at 20010-B Orange Terrace Parkway, approximately 2.5 miles southeast of the site. The Orange Terrace Branch, which opened in 2008, encompasses 13,000 square feet and is adjacent to the Orange Terrace Community Center. This branch offers a wide variety of books, movies, CDs and audio books for all ages as well as

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| 38 public computers and free wireless internet access. The med available at the branch. | eting room s | eats 45 persons | s, and a quie | t study room is |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Community Centers The City operates 9 community centers, 4 senior citizen centers offer a wide range of services that include computer than dwellness programs, early childhood programs, aquatics, programs, field trips, meeting spaces, and a variety of cultural The nearest community center to the Project site is the Stratt Luther King Boulevard, approximately 5.2 miles to the north Center includes a variety of classes including classes for senior. | raining, Eng social recre and holidation Center a twest. The a | lish as a secon ation programs y activities. (G t Bordwell Pai | d language of s, specialty of P 2025 FPE k, located a | classes, fitness classes, sports IR p. 5.13-19) t 2008 Martin |
| It is anticipated that the proposed Project's employment opportunities already, and therefore the proposed Project would not indirectly induce library facilities or community centers. Thus, there would be no impacts facilities or services, including libraries and community centers, either of | population from the Pr | growth or an a oject on the de | ssociated in mand for ad | creased use of |
| 16. RECREATION. | | | | |
| a. Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? | | | | |
| No Impact. The construction of the new 3,648 SF car wash facility is substantial population growth that would in turn have a significant inc parks or other recreational facilities. The Project does not include expansion of recreational facilities such that substantial physical determinants would occur. b. Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment? | rease in the recreational | use of existing facilities or re | neighborho equire the c | od or regional onstruction or |
| 16b. Response: (Source: Project Description, General Plan 2025 Recreational Facilities and Figure 5.14-2 Trails Map) No Impact. The Project does not include recreational facilities or requ facilities. Therefore, the Project will not have an adverse physical effectimpacts would occur. | ire the const | ruction or expa | ansion of rec | reational |
| | | | | |
| 17. TRANSPORTATION Would the project result in: | | | | |
| a. Conflict with a program plan, ordinance, or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle, and pedestrian facilities? | | | | |
| 17a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure CCM-4 – Volume to Capacity Ratio and Level of Service (Typical 2 Urban Crossroads dated August 3, 2021 (Appendix https://www.opr.ca.gov/ceqa/updates/sb-743/faq.html#gene. | 2025), Proje : H), and | ct Specific Tro Office of | affic Analys | is prepared by |

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Less than Significant Impact. The information in this section is based on the analysis presented in the project specific Traffic Analysis (TA). The study area for the proposed Project consists of the following intersections: (1) Driveway 1 & Alessandro Boulevard (future intersection); (2) Mission Grove Parkway & Residential Driveway; (3) Mission Grove Parkway & Driveway 2 (future intersection); and (4) Mission Grove Parkway & Alessandro Boulevard. All the intersections within the study area are in the City of Riverside. The proposed Project is estimated to generate a total of 776 actual tripends per day with 78 PM peak hour trips. AM peak hour rates are not available for this use as they are anticipated to be nominal. To accommodate site-access the proposed Project would install a stop control on the southbound and eastbound approach and construct a right turn lane (Project Driveway). Alessandro Boulevard is an east-west oriented roadway located on the Project's southern boundary. According to the City of Riverside General Plan, Alessandro Boulevard is currently built out to its ultimate roadway half-section. As such, there are no additional roadway improvement recommendations. However, the proposed Project would include curb and gutter, sidewalk, and landscaping improvements to accommodate site access along the Project's frontage for Driveway 1 consistent with the City's standards. Mission Grove Parkway is a north-south oriented roadway located on the Project's eastern boundary. Similarly, according to the City of Riverside General Plan, Mission Grove Parkway is currently built out to its ultimate roadway half-section. As such, there are no additional roadway improvement recommendations. However, the proposed Project would include curb and gutter, sidewalk, and landscaping improvements to accommodate site access along the Project's frontage for Driveway 2 consistent with the City's standards.

The City of Riverside General Plan Circulation and Community Mobility Element includes standards for level of service (LOS). As such, this traffic analysis contained herein focuses on LOS analysis for the study intersections under the following scenarios: Existing Levels of Service, Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Project (2022) Conditions, Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Project plus Cumulative (2022) Conditions, in order to determined consistency or a deficiency for goals and policies within the Circulation and Community Mobility Element.

Intersection LOS Existing Conditions Summary

Table 7 below shows the Existing (2021) Conditions for the intersections analyzed for the proposed Project. All study area intersections are currently operating at an acceptable LOS during the peak hours under Existing (2021) traffic conditions.

| | · | _ | | | |
|---|--|----------------------|---------------------|----------|--|
| | | Traffic | Delay ² | Level of | |
| # | Intersection | Control ¹ | (secs.) | Service | |
| 1 | Driveway 1 & Alessandro Bl. | | Future Intersection | | |
| 2 | Mission Grove Pkwy. & Residential Driveway | CSS | 13.5 | В | |
| 3 | Mission Grove Pkwy. & Driveway 2 | | Future Intersection | | |
| 4 | Mission Grove Pkwy & Alessandro RI | TS | 28.3 | C | |

Table 7: Intersection Analysis for Existing (2021) Conditions

Intersection LOS Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Project (2022) Conditions

Table 8 below shows the Existing plus Ambient Growth and the Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Project (2022) Conditions for the intersections analyzed for the proposed Project. All study area intersections are anticipated to continue to operate at an acceptable LOS during the peak hours with the addition of Project traffic under Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Project (2022) traffic conditions.

CSS = Cross-street Stop; TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Improvement

² Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) is considered the delay and LOS for the intersection.

Table 8: Intersection Analysis for the Existing plus Ambient Growth and the Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Project (2022)

| | | | EA (20 | 022) | EAP (2022) | |
|---|--|----------------------|---------------------|----------|--------------------|----------|
| | | Traffic | Delay ¹ | Level of | Delay ¹ | Level of |
| # | Intersection | Control ² | (secs.) | Service | (secs.) | Service |
| 1 | Driveway 1 & Alessandro Bl. | / <u>CSS</u> | Future Intersection | | 23.7 | С |
| 2 | Mission Grove Pkwy. & Residential Driveway | CSS | 13.7 | В | 13.8 | В |
| 3 | Mission Grove Pkwy. & Driveway 2 | / <u>CSS</u> | Future Intersection | | 9.2 | Α |
| 4 | Mission Grove Pkwy. & Alessandro Bl. | TS | 29.3 | C | 30.9 | С |

Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) is considered the delay and LOS for the intersection.

Intersection LOS Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Project plus Cumulative (2022) Conditions

Table 9 below shows the Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Cumulative and the Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Project plus Cumulative (2022) Conditions for the intersections analyzed for the proposed Project. All study area intersections are anticipated to continue to operate at an acceptable LOS during the peak hours with the addition of Project traffic under Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Project plus Cumulative (2022) traffic conditions.

Table 9: Intersection Analysis for Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Cumulative and the Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Project plus Cumulative (2022) Conditions

| | | | EAC (2 | 022) | EAPC (2022) | | |
|---|--|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------|--|
| | | Traffic | Delay ¹ | Level of | Delay ¹ | Level of | |
| # | Intersection | Control ² | (secs.) | Service | (secs.) | Service | |
| 1 | Driveway 1 & Alessandro Bl. | / <u>CSS</u> | Future Inte | Future Intersection | | С | |
| 2 | Mission Grove Pkwy. & Residential Driveway | CSS | 13.7 | В | 13.8 | В | |
| 3 | Mission Grove Pkwy. & Driveway 2 | / <u>CSS</u> | Future Intersection | | 9.2 | Α | |
| 4 | Mission Grove Pkwy. & Alessandro Bl. | TS | 29.3 | C | 30.9 | С | |

Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) is considered the delay and LOS for the intersection.

It should be noted this Initial Study was prepared while the State and City were transitioning from LOS to VMT as a CEQA impact. While this analysis includes LOS impacts, the Office of Planning and Research confirms that auto delay, on its own, is no longer an environmental impact under CEQA. By including a LOS analysis, this Initial Study goes above and beyond CEQA requirements when analyzing transportation related deficiencies.

Additionally, the Office of Planning and Research states, "Even if a General Plan contains a LOS standard and a project is found to exceed that standard, that conflict should not be analyzed under CEQA. CEQA is focused on planning conflicts that lead to environmental impacts. (The Highway 68 Coalition v. County of Monterey (2017) 14 Cal.App.5th 883; see, e.g., Appendix G, IX(b) [asking whether the project will "Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?"].) Auto delay, on its own, is no longer an environmental impact under CEQA."

Overall, the proposed Project would not degrade the LOS of the study intersections when implemented. The internal circulation system on the Project site will be developed to be consistent with City of Riverside and Riverside Fire Department roadway width requirements as part of the conditions of approval of the Project. Implementation of the proposed Project would not conflict with a program plan, ordinance, or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle, and pedestrian facilities. Impacts would be **less than significant** directly, indirectly, and cumulatively.

² CSS = Cross-street Stop; TS = Traffic Signal; <u>CSS</u> = Improvement

² CSS = Cross-street Stop; TS = Traffic Signal; <u>CSS</u> = Improvement

| b. Would the project conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)? | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| 17b. Response: (Source: Project Description, Project Specific T August 3, 2021 (Appendix H), and City of Riverside adopte | | | | | |
| Less than Significant Impact. Based on the Applicant's coordination of for development projects, the proposed Project is screened from a project a local-serving car wash and would have a building size that is less that conflict and would not be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section significant directly, indirectly, and cumulatively. | ject-level ass n 50,000 squ | sessment. The pare feet. The p | proposed Pro proposed Pro | oject would be ject would not | |
| c. Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks? | | | | | |
| 17c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-6B – Airport Reserve Base/March Inland Port Comprehensive Land Use Plan, At May 13, 2021). | | | | | |
| Less than Significant Impact. The nearest airport to the Project site is 3.27 miles southeast of the site. Riverside Municipal Airport is located The proposed Project is located within Zone C2 of the March Air Re ALUC) Plan and as depicted on Figure PS-6B of the General Plan 2 development of a car wash. Further, the Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) Development Review of the proposed Project, d the 2014 MARB ALUC Plan, subject to seven standard conditions, which compliance with these standard conditions of approval, the Project will a safety hazard. The Project will not result in a change in air traffic parless than significant impacts directly, indirectly and cumulatively. | approximate serve Base 2 025. Zone Con Riverside ated May 13 ich will be Conflic | ely 6.7 miles no Airport Land U C2 does not pla c County condu g, 2021, and fou City required co t with the MAF | orthwest of the Jse Compation of the Com | the Project site. bility (MARB rictions on the port Land Use consistent with approval. With lan or result in | |
| d. Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)? | | | | | |
| 17d. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Circulation and C Project Description) | Community 1 | Mobility Eleme | ent, Project | Site Plan, and | |
| Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project would be served by existing, improved streets, Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway. According to the City of Riverside General Plan, Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway are currently built out to their ultimate roadway half-sections. As such, there are no additional roadway improvement recommendations. However, curb and gutter, sidewalk, and landscaping improvements would be part of the proposed Project to accommodate site access along the Project's frontage for Driveway 1 at Alessandro Boulevard and Driveway 2 at Mission Grove Parkway, consistent with the City's standards. The proposed Project would not cause any incompatible use or additional or any hazards to the surrounding area or general public. The proposed Project would have a less than significant impact on increasing hazards through design or incompatible uses either directly, indirectly or cumulatively. | | | | | |
| e. Result in inadequate emergency access? | | | | | |
| 17e. Response: (Source: California Department of Transportate Fire Code, Project Description and Site Plan) | ion Highwa | y Design Man | ual, Munici | pal Code, and | |
| Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project would be ser Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway. The proposed Project's interruporks and Fire Departments' specifications. No street closures are in | nal drive ais | les would be de | esigned to m | neet the Public | |

| reasons, the proposed Project is not anticipated to result in inadequate significant impact on increasing hazards through design or incompatil | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| 18. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES. | | | | |
| Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code Section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural | | | | |
| value to a California Native American tribe, and that is: a. Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code Section 5020.1(k), or | | | | |
| 18a. Response: (Source: AB52 Consultation and Project Description) | tion) | | | |
| No Impact. The California Register of Historical Resources criteria associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the beheritage of California of the United States; 2) the resource(s) is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the beheritage of California of the United States; 2) the resource(s) is associated as a material or national history; 3) the resource(s) embodies the distinctive construction or represents the work of a master or possesses high artistic potential to yield, information important to the prehistory or history of the PRC Section 5020.1(k), a "local register of historical resources" recognized as historically significant by a local government pursuant to is a modern development and is not listed or eligible for listing in the California or national resources. The contribution of the proposed Project is not listed as a City of Riverside historical resources anticipated in this regard. | road patterns ociated with e characteris c values; and the local ar " means a l o a local ordi lifornia Regi | s of local or reg the lives of particles of a type, particles of a type, particles of a type, particles of the resource of California of the control of the | persons important persons impo | of the cultural portant to local, on or method of Ided, or has the or According to designated or oposed Project s. Furthermore, |
| b. A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American Tribe. | | | | |
| 18b. Response: (Source: AB52 Consultation and Project Descrip | • | | | |
| Less than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated. Chapt Agencies evaluate project's potential to impact "tribal cultural resource cultural landscapes, sacred places, and objects with cultural value to a Conclusion in the California Register of Historical Resources or included gives Lead Agencies the discretion to determine, supported by substant cultural resource." The proposed Project site is highly disturbed with exact AT&T office and thus, it is unlikely any resources would be unearthed | es." Such re California No in a local regical evidence xisting struct during const | sources include ative Americar gister of histori , whether a res ures from a pro- ruction activiti | e "[s]ites, fe n Tribe that a cal resources ource qualifi evious devel es. | atures, places, are eligible for s." AB 52 also ies as a "tribal opment for an |
| Per AB 52 (specifically PRC 21080.3.1), Native American consultat American tribe that has previously requested that the City provide it w AB 52, the City contacted the following Native American Tribes: | | | | |
| Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians; Cahuilla Band of Indians; Gabrieleño Band of Mission Indians – Kizh Nation; Morongo Band of Mission Indians; | | | | |
| Pechanga Band of Luiseño Indians: | | | | |

- Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians;
- Gabrielino-Tongva Tribe (San Gabriel Band of Mission Indians);
- San Manuel Band of Mission Indians; and
- Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians.

The following California Native American tribe requested consultation with the City of Riverside pursuant to Public Resources Code 21080.3.1:

Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians

SB 18 consultation notices were also sent out on July 22, 2021, there were no tribes that requested consultation in accordance with the SB 18 guidelines. Consistent with the Cultural Resources response 5b. above, implementation of mitigation measure MM CUL-1 through MM CUL-4 would further ensure the proposed Project would not cause an adverse change in the significance of an archaeological or tribal resource. Impacts to tribal cultural resources would be less than significant with mitigation incorporated.

Mitigation Measures

MM CUL-1: Prior to grading permit issuance, if there are any changes to project site design and/or proposed grades, the Applicant and the City shall contact consulting tribes to provide an electronic copy of the revised plans for review. Additional consultation shall occur between the City, developer/applicant, and consulting tribes to discuss any proposed changes and review any new impacts and/or potential avoidance/preservation of the cultural resources on the project site. The City and the developer/applicant shall make all attempts to avoid and/or preserve in place as many cultural and paleontological resources as possible that are located on the project site if the site design and/or proposed grades should be revised. In the event of inadvertent discoveries of archaeological resources, work shall temporarily halt until agreements are executed with consulting tribe, to provide tribal monitoring for ground disturbing activities.

MM CUL-2: Archaeological and Paleontological Monitoring: At least 30 days prior to application for a grading permit and before any grading, excavation and/or ground disturbing activities take place, the developer/applicant shall retain a Secretary of Interior Standards qualified archaeological monitor to monitor all ground-disturbing activities in an effort to identify any unknown archaeological resources.

- 1. The project archaeologist, in consultation with consulting tribes, the Developer, and the City, shall develop an Archaeological Monitoring Plan to address the details, timing, and responsibility of all archaeological and cultural activities that will occur on the project site. Details in the plan shall include:
 - a. Project grading and development scheduling;
 - b. The development of a rotating or simultaneous schedule in coordination with the developer/applicant and the project archaeologist for designated Native American Tribal Monitors from the consulting tribes during grading, excavation, and ground-disturbing activities on the site, including the scheduling, safety requirements, duties, scope of work, and Native American Tribal Monitors' authority to stop and redirect grading activities in coordination with all project archaeologists;
 - c. The protocols and stipulations that the Applicant, tribes, and project archaeologist/paleontologist will follow in the event of inadvertent cultural resources discoveries, including any newly discovered cultural resource deposits, or nonrenewable paleontological resources that shall be subject to a cultural resources evaluation;
 - d. Treatment and final disposition of any cultural and paleontological resources, sacred sites, and human remains if discovered on the project site; and
 - e. The scheduling and timing of the Cultural Sensitivity Training notes in mitigation measure MM CUL-4.

MM CUL-3 Treatment and Disposition of Cultural Resources: In the event that Native American cultural resources are inadvertently discovered during the course of grading for the proposed Project, the following procedures will be carried out for treatment and disposition of the discoveries:

- 1. Consulting Tribes Notified: within 24 hours of discovery, the consulting tribe(s) shall be notified via email and phone. The developer shall provide the city evidence of notification to consulting tribes. Consulting tribe(s) will be allowed access to the discovery, in order to assist with the significance evaluation.
- 2. Temporary Curation and Storage: During the course of construction, all discovered resources shall be temporarily curated in a secure location on site or at the offices of the project archaeologist. The removal of any artifacts from the project site will need to be thoroughly inventoried with tribal monitor oversight of the process; and

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- 3. Treatment and Final Disposition: The landowner shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources, including sacred items, burial goods, and all archaeological artifacts and non-human remains as part of the required mitigation for impacts to cultural resources. The landowner shall relinquish the artifacts through one or more of the following methods and provide the City of Riverside Community and Economic Development Department with evidence of same:
 - a. Accommodate the process for on-site reburial of the discovered items with the consulting Native American tribes or bands. This shall include measures and provisions to protect the future reburial area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all cataloguing and basic recordation have been completed.
 - b. A curation agreement with an appropriate qualified repository within Riverside County that meets federal standards per 36 CFR Part 79 and therefore will be professionally curated and made available to other archaeologists/researchers for further study. The collections and associated records shall be transferred, including title, to an appropriate curation facility within Riverside County, to be accompanied by payment of the necessary fees for permanent curation;
 - c. If more than one Native American tribe or band is involved with the project and cannot come to a consensus as to the disposition of cultural materials, they shall be curated at the Western Science Center or Museum of Riverside by default; and

At the completion of grading, excavation, and ground-disturbing activities on the site, a Phase IV Monitoring Report shall be submitted to the City documenting monitoring activities conducted by the project archaeologist and Native American Tribal Monitors within 60 days of completion of grading. This report shall document the type of cultural resources recovered and the disposition of such resources. This report shall be submitted to the City of Riverside, Eastern Information Center, and consulting tribes.

MM CUL-4: Cultural Sensitivity Training: The Secretary of Interior Standards County certified archaeologist and Native American monitors shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the developer/permit holder's contractors to provide Cultural Sensitivity Training for all construction personnel. This shall include the procedures to be followed during ground disturbance in sensitive areas and protocols that apply in the event that unanticipated resources are discovered. Only construction personnel who have received this training can conduct construction and disturbance activities in sensitive areas. A sign-in sheet for attendees of this training shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report.

| 19. UTILITIES AND SYSTEM SERVICES. Would the project: | | |
|--|--|--|
| a. Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or stormwater drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunication facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects? | | |

19a. Response: (Source: WMWD 2020 Urban Water Management Plan, Project Description, and General Plan 2025 5.16-I – Projected Water Demand for WMWD)

Less than Significant Impact. The City's Urban Water Management Plan must be updated every five years to include the most recent population trends. The proposed Project site is currently developed with a former AT&T service facility office that includes two existing buildings that are currently vacant. Because of the proposed Project site's existing developed condition, the proposed Project site is provided with stormwater drainage, electric power, natural gas, and telecommunication infrastructure. The Project site would continue to be served domestic water by the WMWD and sewer services by the City of Riverside Public Works Department. As shown on Figure 5.16-2, Drainage Facilities and Figure 5.16-4, Water Facilities of the GP 2025, water line infrastructure is provided along Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway and drainage infrastructure is provided along Alessandro Boulevard. No relocation or construction of expanded utilities are needed for the proposed Project. Therefore, this Project was found to have a less than significant impact on these utilities either directly, indirectly or cumulatively.

| | Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry, and multiple dry years? | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
|--|---|--|--|--|--|

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| 19b. Response: (Source: WMWD 2020 Urban Water Managemen 5.16-I – Projected Water Demand for WMWD) | nt Plan, Pro | ject Descriptio | n, and Gene | eral Plan 2025 |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| Less than Significant Impact. Refer to Response 19(a) above. WMW 2021 consisting of water supply and demand to the year 2045. WMW short and long-term variations in weather and climate patterns, includi supply reliability during a single dry year, multiple dry years, and a muthe next five years (2021-2025). In all cases, WMWD's supplies we shortages. As outlined in the Project description, the majority of water site storage tanks and recycled for subsequent washes. Water consumed system (consumptive water use) would average 12 to 15 gallons per approximately 3,900 gallons per day to approximately 4,500 gallons would be busier. Sufficient water supplies are available to serve existing and multiple-dry conditions. The Project will not exceed expected than significant impact resulting in the insufficient water supplies either the supplies of the supplies | D evaluates ng the impact ltiple year divere sufficie used in car and dischar vehicle. Co per day on ng and proje water suppli | the reliability of the reliability of the cought that count to meet derivating is recliged to the City onsumptive was Fridays and Sacted future wases. Therefore, to | of its supplied hange. WMV ld potentially mand without aimed and is a wastewater use would atturdays when the Project w | es considering WD evaluated of occur within at any supply a stored in ontransmission d range from the facility under normal, |
| c. Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider | | | | |
| c. Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate | | Ш | \bowtie | |
| capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to | | | | |
| the provider's existing commitments? | | | | |
| 19c. Response: (Source: FPEIR Figure 5.16-5 - Sewer Service Are | eas, Figure : | 5.16-6 -Sewer 1 | Infrastructui | re. Table 5.16 |
| K - Estimated Future Wastewater Generation for the City of | | | | ., |
| Less than Significant Impact. The proposed Project would not exceed Water Quality Control Board. The proposed Project would fully addresceed the capacity of on-or-off-site drainage facilities through the impleand 10(c) above, the proposed on-site retention basin, infiltration and significant for stormwater runoff. Stormwater generated from paved and drives from north and west to the southeast corner of the site where swould be discharged to an existing drain inlet and then transmitted to the outfall. Water within the on-site drainage flows east to an existing inlet Grove Parkway. The proposed Project would be consistent with the Gen wastewater generation was determined to be adequate. Further, the curre provides for this type of Project which is consistent and permitted in the to wastewater treatment directly, indirectly or cumulatively would occur d. Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in | ess stormwatementation of operational ladeveloped a tormwater we unnamed do to the City's eral Plan 202 ent Wastewate Project site. | er runoff such of BMPs. As dis BMPs would re reas of the site rould be collect rainage south of stormwater dr 25 Typical Gro ter Treatment M | that runoff of scussed in The educe impact would flow of ted. Collected of the site using ainage network Scenario Master Plan a | water will not breshold 10(a) ts to less than within internal ed stormwater ing an existing ork at Mission o where future inticipates and |
| excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise | Ш | | | |
| impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals? | | | | |
| 19d. Response: (Source: GP 2025 FPEIR Table 5.16-A – Existing Solid Waste Generation from the Planning Area) | ing Landfill | s and Table 5. | 16-M – Esti | mated Future |
| No Impact. The proposed Project is consistent with the General Plan landfill capacity was determined to be adequate (see Tables 5.16-A an General Plan notes that the remaining total landfill capacity is of appropriate (until Year 2025) assumes that no expansion of existing landfills (of California Green Building Code, a minimum of 50 percent of debris is a thus reducing the input of solid waste from the Project at local landfills directly, indirectly or cumulatively. | d 5.16-M of roximately 5 or development to b | the General Pl 6.57 million to ent of new lan e diverted to a | lan 2025 Fin ons over the dfills) will omaterial recy | al PEIR). The next 16 years occur. Per the veling facility, |
| e. Comply with federal, state, and local management and | | | | \boxtimes |
| reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste? | | | | <u>~~</u> |
| 19e. Response: (Source: California Integrated Waste Manageme | ent Roard 20 | 02 Landfill Fa | cility Comp | liance Study) |

| 20. WILDFIRE If located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would the project: a. Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan? 20a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Public Safety Element Figure PS-7 - Fire Hazard Areas, General Plan 2025 Figure PS 8.1 Evacuation Routes, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Section 5.7 Hazards and Hazardous Materials, Project Site Plan, Project Description) Less than Significant Impact. Per a review of Figure PS-7 - Fire Hazard Areas (GP 2025 Public Safety Element, Figure PS-7), the entirety of the proposed Project site is not located within area or land classified as a very high fire hazard severity zone (VHFHSZ). The proposed Project site is located at the northwest corner of Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway, with the 1-215 freeway located approximately 2.1 miles east of the site. Per GP 2025 Public Safety Element, Figure PS-8.1 Evacuation Routes, Alessandro Boulevard is designated as an arterial evacuation route and the 1-215 as a freeway evacuation route. The proposed Project site is therefore located adjacent to and in close proximity to designated evacuation routes. As outlined in Response 17.a above, according to the City of Riverside General Plan, Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway are currently built out to their ultimate roadway half-sections. As such, there are no additional roadway improvements for the Project to make. However, the proposed Project would include curb and gutter, sidewalk, and landscaping improvements to accommodate site access along the Project's frontage for a driveway along each consistent with the City's standards. Construction of the Project does not require any temporary lane closures of Alessandro Boulevard or Mission Grove Parkway and would not affect these evacuation routes. Per GP 2025 Section 5.7 Hazards and Hazardous Materials, the City's Emergency Management Office (EMO) within the Riverside Fire Department (RFD) | divert at above St hazardou residenti as well a | least 50% of all solid wate requirements. In additional projects beginning Janus the California Green o solid waste. Therefore | aste generated by Jan dition, the California olition debris for all I nuary 1, 2011. The pr Building Code and a | nuary 1, 2000. The Green Building Corojects and 100% oposed Project muss such would not | City is curre Code require of excavate st comply w conflict with | ently achieving s all developmed soil and land with the City's with any Federal | g a 60% divenents to divenents to divended clearing delwaste disposa, State, or lo | rsion rate, well rt 50% of non- oris for all non- al requirements cal regulations |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| a. Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan? 20a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Public Safety Element Figure PS-7 – Fire Hazard Areas, General Plan 2025 Figure PS 8.1 Evacuation Routes, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Section 5.7 Hazards and Hazardous Materials, Project Site Plan, Project Description) Less than Significant Impact. Per a review of Figure PS-7 – Fire Hazard Areas (GP 2025 Public Safety Element, Figure PS-7), the entirety of the proposed Project site is not located within area or land classified as a very high fire hazard severity zone (VHFHSZ). The proposed Project site is located at the northwest corner of Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway, with the 1-215 freeway located approximately 2.1 miles east of the site. Per GP 2025 Public Safety Element, Figure PS-8.1 Evacuation Routes, Alessandro Boulevard is designated as an arterial evacuation route and the 1-215 as a freeway evacuation route. The proposed Project site is therefore located adjacent to and in close proximity to designated evacuation routes. As outlined in Response 17.a above, according to the City of Riverside General Plan, Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway are currently built out to their ultimate roadway half-sections. As such, there are no additional roadway improvements to accommodate site access along the Project would include curb and gutter, sidewalk, and landscaping improvements to accommodate site access along the Project's frontage for a driveway along each consistent with the City's standards. Construction of the Project does not require any temporary lane closures of Alessandro Boulevard or Mission Grove Parkway and would not affect these evacuation routes. Per GP 2025 Section 5.7 Hazards and Hazardous Materials, the City's Emergency Management Office (EMO) within the Riverside Fire Department (RFD) coordinates emergency response, disaster preparedness, and disaster recovery by activating the Standardized Emergency Management System (SEMS; GP 2025 pp. | 20. WI | LDFIRE | | | | | | |
| 20a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Public Safety Element Figure PS-7 – Fire Hazard Areas, General Plan 2025 Figure PS 8.1 Evacuation Routes, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Section 5.7 Hazards and Hazardous Materials, Project Site Plan, Project Description) Less than Significant Impact. Per a review of Figure PS-7 – Fire Hazard Areas (GP 2025 Public Safety Element, Figure PS-7), the entirety of the proposed Project site is not located within area or land classified as a very high fire hazard severity zone (VHFHSZ). The proposed Project site is located at the northwest corner of Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway, with the 1-215 freeway located approximately 2.1 miles east of the site. Per GP 2025 Public Safety Element, Figure PS-8.1 Evacuation Routes, Alessandro Boulevard is designated as an arterial evacuation route and the 1-215 as a freeway evacuation route. The proposed Project site is therefore located adjacent to and in close proximity to designated evacuation routes. As outlined in Response 17.a above, according to the City of Riverside General Plan, Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway are currently built out to their ultimate roadway half-sections. As such, there are no additional roadway improvements for the Project to make. However, the proposed Project would include curb and gutter, sidewalk, and landscaping improvements to accommodate site access along the Project's frontage for a driveway along each consistent with the City's standards. Construction of the Project does not require any temporary lane closures of Alessandro Boulevard or Mission Grove Parkway and would not affect these evacuation routes. Per GP 2025 Section 5.7 Hazards and Hazardous Materials, the City's Emergency Management Office (EMO) within the Riverside Fire Department (RFD) coordinates emergency response, disaster preparedness, and disaster recovery by activating the Standardized Emergency Management System (SEMS; GP 2025 pp. 5.7-12 – 13). The EMO has additionally developed an Emergency Operations Plan. | If located | d in or near state respons | sibility areas or lands | classified as very | high fire ha | zard severity z | ones, would | the project: |
| 2025 Figure PS 8.1 Evacuation Routes, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Section 5.7 Hazards and Hazardous Materials, Project Site Plan, Project Description) Less than Significant Impact. Per a review of Figure PS-7 – Fire Hazard Areas (GP 2025 Public Safety Element, Figure PS-7), the entirety of the proposed Project site is not located within area or land classified as a very high fire hazard severity zone (VHFHSZ). The proposed Project site is located at the northwest corner of Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway, with the I-215 freeway located approximately 2.1 miles east of the site. Per GP 2025 Public Safety Element, Figure PS-8.1 Evacuation Routes, Alessandro Boulevard is designated as an arterial evacuation route and the I-215 as a freeway evacuation route. The proposed Project site is therefore located adjacent to and in close proximity to designated evacuation routes. As outlined in Response 17.a above, according to the City of Riverside General Plan, Alessandro Boulevard and Mission Grove Parkway are currently built out to their ultimate roadway half-sections. As such, there are no additional roadway improvements for the Project to make. However, the proposed Project would include curb and gutter, sidewalk, and landscaping improvements to accommodate site access along the Project's frontage for a driveway along each consistent with the City's standards. Construction of the Project does not require any temporary lane closures of Alessandro Boulevard or Mission Grove Parkway and would not affect these evacuation routes. Per GP 2025 Section 5.7 Hazards and Hazardous Materials, the City's Emergency Management Office (EMO) within the Riverside Fire Department (RFD) coordinates emergency response, disaster preparedness, and disaster recovery by activating the Standardized Emergency Management System (SEMS; GP 2025 pp. 5.7-12 – 13). The EMO has additionally developed an Emergency Operations Plan. Per RFD, in the event of a disaster, a "shelter-in-place" order would be enacted with the intention of protect | | | lopted emergency r | response plan or | | | | |
| and would not affect these evacuation routes. Per GP 2025 Section 5.7 Hazards and Hazardous Materials, the City's Emergency Management Office (EMO) within the Riverside Fire Department (RFD) coordinates emergency response, disaster preparedness, and disaster recovery by activating the Standardized Emergency Management System (SEMS; GP 2025 pp. 5.7-12 – 13). The EMO has additionally developed an Emergency Operations Plan. Per RFD, in the event of a disaster, a "shelter-in-place" order would be enacted with the intention of protecting public safety by encouraging people to remain indoors, which would aid in keeping unnecessary traffic off of roads and allow emergency response vehicles to respond to disasters and/or facilitate an orderly evacuation if necessary. In certain circumstances, local officials may direct people to go to a community shelter for safety purposes (GP 2025 pp. 5.7-35). Any emergency response and evacuation procedures at the Project site would be coordinated through the City in coordination with the police and RFD. The proposed Project would not impair an adopted emergency response plan or evacuation plan and would comply with necessary procedures. The proposed Project's surrounding roadways would continue to provide emergency access through the proposed Project area and to surrounding properties during construction and operation of the proposed Project. Therefore, the proposed Project would not substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan; impacts would be less than significant directly, indirectly, and cumulatively. | PS-7), the zone (V) The production I-215 from Routes, propose Responsion are currently to according to accord | an Significant Impact. the entirety of the proposed HFHSZ). posed Project site is located approximal Alessandro Boulevard in deproject site is therefore the project site is therefore the project site is located approximately built out to their upper project site is located approximately built out to their upper project site is located approximately built out to their upper project site is located approximately built out to their upper project site is located approximately built out to their upper project site is located approximately built out to their upper project site is located approximately built out to their upper project site is the project site is t | Plan, Project Description Per a review of Figure Project site is not atted at the northwest attely 2.1 miles east or a designated as an article located adjacent to get to the City of River altimate roadway half the proposed Project wong the Project's from | ption) are PS-7 – Fire Halocated within are corner of Alessan f the site. Per GP 2 terial evacuation reand in close proxiside General Plantf-sections. As such would include curbintage for a drivey | dro Bouleva 025 Public Soute and the imity to desi, Alessandron, there are a and gutter, | (GP 2025 Pub ssified as a ver ard and Mission Safety Element I-215 as a free ignated evacua b Boulevard an no additional r sidewalk, and ach consistent | n Grove Park, Figure PS-8 way evacuate ation routes. It does not be a made at the control of the | ement, Figure azard severity way, with the 3.1 Evacuation ion route. The As outlined in rove Parkway rovements for improvements y's standards. |
| wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire? 20b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Public Safety Element Figure PS-7 – Fire Hazard Areas, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Section 5.3 – Air Quality) | Per GP Riversic the Stan an Emeintention off of ro In certai 35). An coordina evacuati to provi operatio response b. Due wildfire concentr | 2025 Section 5.7 Hazar de Fire Department (RFE dardized Emergency Margency Operations Plan n of protecting public satisfacts and allow emergency in circumstances, local or an emergency response ation with the police arion plan and would compide emergency access to of the proposed Project plan or emergency evaluations from a wildfire or Response: (Source) | rds and Hazardous M. O) coordinates emerge anagement System (S. Per RFD, in the every syresponse vehicles to a fficials may direct per and evacuation proceed and evacuation proceed and evacuation proceed to the proposed system of the proposed ext. Therefore, the proceed are project occupant to the uncontrolled spread the uncontrolled spread every spread to the proposed ext. | Interials, the City' ency response, disaster, as seed of a disaster, as expelled to remain in the property of the project of the project would occdures. The project area and roposed Project was would be less the ents to pollutant ead of a wildfire? | s Emergence aster prepare p. 5.7-12 – 1 a "shelter-in doors, which ers and/or fact and an impair posed Project to surroun ould not sultan significa | y Management dness, and disa 3). The EMO place" order in would aid in he cilitate an order later for safety pould be coording an adopted ent's surrounding ding properties estantially impent directly, inc | t Office (EMaster recovery has additional would be entered to be a compared to be a compare | IO) within the y by activating ally developed acted with the cessary traffic n if necessary. P 2025 pp. 5.7-th the City in ponse plan or would continue astruction and ed emergency cumulatively. |

Less than Significant Impact. As mentioned in response 20a above, the entirety of the proposed Project site is not located within a VHFHSZ. The closest area identified as a VHFHSZ is located approximately 1.25 miles northwest of the site, between Canyon Crest Drive and Via Vista Drive (GP 2025 Public Safety Element Figure PS-7 – Fire Hazard Areas). The proposed Project site is bordered by Alessandro Boulevard to the south, Mission Grove Parkway to the east, and residential uses to the north and west.

Per GP 2025 FPEIR Section 5.3 – Air Quality, the City lies within the South Coast Air Basin, and the interaction of land (offshore) and sea (onshore) breezes controls local wind patterns in the area. Daytime winds typically flow from the coast to inland areas, while the pattern typically reverses in the evening, flowing inland to the ocean (FPEIR pp. 5.3-3-5.3-4). Thus, the prevailing daytime winds at the Project site are from west to east while nighttime winds are from east to west.

A fire will generally spread uphill due to the preheating of the fuel and the up-slope draft unless the general wind is strong enough to overcome these two forces. The flames are closer to the fuel on the uphill side and they receive more radiant heat. This results in more preheating and faster igniting of the fuel. The heated air rises along the slope increasing the draft that further increases the rate of spread. As a result of winds blowing up-slope, more convective heat also reaches the fuel in front of the fire and it is pre-heated more quickly to the ignition temperature. The opposite is true at night. When the slope becomes shaded, the surface generally loses heat rapidly and becomes cool. The air adjacent to the surface also cools and becomes denser thus heavier and it can begin to flow down-slope. As earlier described, the proposed Project site is developed and bordered by paved roads and residential uses. The site is not surrounded by steep slopes that would increase the rate a potential fire would spread. As such, the proposed Project would not exacerbate wildfire risks due to slope.

As earlier described, the entirety of the proposed Project site is not located within a VHFHSZ and the closest area identified as a VHFHSZ is located approximately 1.25 miles northwest of the site, between Canyon Crest Drive and Via Vista Drive (GP 2025 Public Safety Element Figure PS-7 – Fire Hazard Areas). The risk for the proposed Project site to exacerbate wildfire risks for a wildfire spreading to or from the proposed Project site to these roadways that border the VHFHSZ would be relatively unlikely as there is generally little wildfire fuel on roadways. As such, it is not anticipated that the proposed Project site would exacerbate wildfire risks for a wildfire spreading to or from the proposed Project site from the nearest VHFSZ. Further, proposed Project structures would be required to comply with the California Fire Code (CFC) with regard to emergency fire access and use of building materials that would limit the spread of wildfire to the greatest extent possible, and all proposed construction activities would be subject to compliance with all applicable State and local regulations in place to reduce risk of construction-related fire, such as installation of temporary construction fencing to restrict site access and maintenance of a clean construction site. Compliance with and implementation of these fire safety measures would reduce the potential spread of a wildfire from the proposed Project site to areas outside the proposed Project site boundary, which would also reduce the potential of exacerbating wildfire risks.

In addition, proposed Project would be constructed in accordance with the CFC as well as the California Building Code (CBC) and would be compliant with the GP 2025. The proposed Project would not, due to slope, prevailing winds, or other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, nor would the proposed Project expose project occupants to pollutant concentrations from wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire. Impacts would be **less than significant** directly, indirectly, and cumulatively.

| c. Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure | | |
|---|--|--|
| (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines, or | | |
| other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in | | |
| temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment? | | |

20c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Public Safety Element Figure 8.1 – Fire Hazard Areas)

Less than Significant Impact. As described under response 20a above, the proposed Project site is located along Alessandro Boulevard to the south and Mission Grove Parkway to the east, with the I-215 freeway located approximately 2.1 miles east of the site. The proposed Project site is developed, with existing buildings/structures located on the site that would be demolished to allow for the development/construction of the proposed Project. Thus, as the site had been previously developed to allow for and service existing structures, the proposed Project would not require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure, such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines, or other utilities that could

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| exacerbate fire risks or result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the immediately adjacent to paved roads on both the south and east and potential impacts associated with requiring the installation or mainten fire risk or result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment vicumulatively. | d would be ance of asso | serviced by ex ciated infrastru | isting utilitience is in a second control of the co | es. Therefore, ay exacerbate |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| d. Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes? | | | | |
| 20d. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Public Safety Eleme | ent Figure P | S-4 – Flood H | azard Areas) | 1 |
| Less than Significant Impact. Per Figure PS-4 – Flood Hazard Area proposed Project site is not located within or near an identified Flood the proposed Project site is developed and bordered by paved roads a slope nor is the site surrounded by steep slopes that would increase landslides because of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage char people or structures to significant risks resulting from these factors indirectly, and cumulatively. | Hazard Are nd residential the risk of the risk of the property | a. Additionally all uses. The site of downslope of posed Project v | y, as previou e is not loca r downstrear would therefo | sly described, ted on a steep in flooding or ore not expose |
| | | | | |
| 21. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE. | | | | |
| a. Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or an endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? | | | | |
| 21a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 - Figure OS-6 - St Other Habitat Conservation Plans (HCP), Figure OS-7 - MSHCP Cell Areas, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.4 Figure 5.4-6 - MSHCP Narrow Endemic Plant Species Sur Species Survey Area, Figure 5.4-8 - MSHCP Burrowing Owl of Species Associated with Riparian/Riverine Areas and Archaeological Sensitivity) Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated. The proposed | MSHCP Co -4 - MSHCl vey Area, Fi Survey Area Vernal P | ores and Link P Criteria Cell igure 5.4-7 – N a, MSHCP Sec ools, and FF | ages, Figur s and Subur MSHCP Crit tion 6.1.2 - I EEIR Figur | e OS-8 – nit Areas, teria Area Protection e 5.5-1 - |
| to be used for church operations. As described above, the proposed I project-level impacts including biological resources and cultural resources and contain riparian habitat. However, development of the proposed I would have the potential to uncover cultural resources; thus, with imple MM CUL-4, the proposed Project would have a less than significant addition, construction of the proposed Project could result in the dactivities; thus, with implementation of mitigation measures MM E significant impact on biological resources. The proposed Project would quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or an restrict the range of a rare or an endangered plant or animal or eliminate history or prehistory. Impacts would be less than significant with mit | Project would burces. The last animals or sed Project value and the last animals or mentation of impact to his listurbance of BIO-1 the price and the last animal wildlife specimal commu- important experiments. | d result in sever Project site doeplant communi- would require go mitigation ments storical and are for nesting bird roposed Project the potential to cies, cause a fis- nity, substantial tamples of the re- | eral potential es not containes. Further ground disturt asure MM C chaeological s from ground the would have substantially reduce to the container of the conta | Illy significant in any known more, the site rbance, which UL-1 through resources. In nd disturbing to a less than y degrade the population to he number or |

| b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? | | | | |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| 21b. Response: (Source: FPEIR Section 6 - Long-Term Effect | ts/ Cumulai | tive Impacts f | or the Gene | ral Plan 2025 |
| Program) | | - | | |
| Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated. The proposed development impacts within the region, like other future developments. significant impacts relating to biological and cultural resources. Howe all potential impacts to less than significant levels with implementation project's cumulative impacts. Therefore, cumulative impacts would be | The propose ever, the proon of mitiga | ed Project woul posed Project tion measures, | d create seve would adequ thereby also | eral potentially lately mitigate o reducing the |
| c. Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? | | | | |
| 21c. Response: (Source: FPEIR Section 5 – Environmental Impa | ct Analysis | for the Genera | ıl Plan 2025 | Program) |
| Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated. The proposed Prelevel impacts on human beings. As outlined in the Noise response 13a of various design features in order to attenuate (reduce) noise generated and equipment such as driers, to adjacent residential uses, and not exceed | a. above, the d from the p | proposed Project | ject required at from the ca | incorporation |
| Construction noise is considered a short-term impact and would be con outside the allowable times as described in the City's Municipal Code. In the City's permissible hours per the Municipal Code. Construction no ambient noise level above the existing within the project vicinity how occurs within the allowable daytime hours of 7 AM to 10 PM. With con City's Municipal Code, potential noise impacts from construction ar reduction measures are outlined as mitigation measures MM NOI-1 noise to the greatest extent possible. Therefore, impacts would be less to | The proposed is a will have ever the Cit impliance will be considered through MN | d Project construction at the attemporary y has an exemple that the allowable dest than sign NOI-5, to f | ruction would or periodic i ption for con le times as de gnificant. He urther reduce | d occur during ncrease in the instruction that escribed in the owever, noise |

Note: Authority cited: Sections 21083 and 21087, Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 21080(c), 21080.1, 21080.3, 21082.1, 21083, 21083.3, 21093, 21094, 21151, Public Resources Code; Sundstrom v. County of Mendocino, 202 Cal.App.3d 296 (1988); Leonoff v. Monterey Board of Supervisors, 222 Cal.App.3d 1337 (1990).

| Mitigation Measure/ Condition of Approval | Action Required/ Monitoring Method | Implementation Timing | Responsible Monitoring Party/Agency | Compliance Verification Initial Date Comments |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Biological Resources | | | | |
| MM BIO-1 | | | | |
| If construction shall occur within the nesting bird breeding season (February 1st through August 31st), prior to on-site vegetation clearance, the Project applicant shall retain a qualified biologist to conduct a pre-construction nesting bird survey in accordance with the following: • The survey shall be conducted no more than three days prior to the initiation of clearance/construction work. • If pre-construction surveys indicate that bird nests are not present or are inactive, or if potential nesting vegetation is unoccupied, no further measures are required. • If active nests of birds that are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) or California Fish and Game Code (CFGC) are found during the surveys, the biologist shall delineate an appropriate buffer sone around the nest. The size of the buffer shall be determined by the biologist and shall be based on the nesting species, its sensitivity to disturbance, and location in relation to the construction activities. These buffers are typically 300 feet from nests of nonlisted species and 500 feet from the nests of raptor and listed species. Any active nests observed shall be mapped on an aerial photograph and with the bird species identification. | Conduct pre- construction nesting bird survey and submit to the City (Planning Division). If negative findings, no further action is required. | Prior to issuance of grading permit for any ground disturbance that would start any time between February 1st and August 31st | Community & Economic Development Department - Planning Division Project Applicant's Qualified Biologist | |
| Environmental Initial Study | 09 | | PR-2021-001023 | (מוז מת מוזי) בת אמי) |

| Mitigation Measure/ Condition of Approval | Action Required/ Monitoring Method | Implementation Timing | Responsible Monitoring Party/Agency | Compliance Verification Initial Date Comments |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Only construction activities (if any) that have been approved by a Biological Monitor shall take place within the buffer zone until the nest is vacated. The biologist shall serve as Construction Monitor when construction activities take place near active nest areas to ensure no in advertent impacts on these nests occur. Results of the pre-construction nesting bird survey and any subsequent monitoring shall be provided to the Property Owner/Developer and the City. The monitoring report shall summarize the results of the nest monitoring, describe construction restrictions currently in place, and confirm that construction activities can proceed within the buffer area without jeopardizing the survival of the young birds. | | | | |
| Cultural Resources | | | | |
| Prior to grading permit issuance, if there are any Provide copy of changes to project site design and/or proposed grades, consultation logs the Applicant and the City shall contact consulting showing Applicant's tribes to provide an electronic copy of the revised effort to contact plans for review. Additional consultation shall occur interested tribes and the between the City, developer/applicant, and consulting outcome of any such tribes to discuss any proposed changes and review any consultations. new impacts and/or potential avoidance/preservation of the cultural resources on the project site. The City and the developer/ applicant shall make all attempts to Halt any work in the avoid and/or preserve in place as many cultural event of inadvertent resources and paleontological resources as possible discoveries of that are located on the project site if the site design archaeological and/or proposed grades should be revised. In the event resources. Work shall temporarily halt until agreements are executed with consulting tribe, to provide tribal | Provide copy of consultation logs ghowing Applicant's deffort to contact rinterested tribes and the goutcome of any such yconsultations. Halt any work in the levent of inadvertent ediscoveries of narchaeological tresources. | Prior to issuance of grading permits. | Community & Economic Development Department - Planning Division Historic Preservation Officer Project Developer/Applicant | |
| Environmental Initial Study | 61 | | PR-2021-001023 | (GPA-RZ-CUP-DR-VR) |

| Mitigation Measure/ | Action Required/ | Implementation Timing | Responsible Monitoring | Compliance Verification |
|---|---|---|---|-------------------------|
| Condition of Approval | Monitoring Method | | Party/Agency | Initial Date Comments |
| monitoring for ground disturbing activities. | | | | |
| MM CUL-2: Archaeological and Paleontological Monitoring | Monitoring | | | |
| At least 30 days prior to application for a grading permit and before any grading, excavation and/or ground disturbing activities take place, the developer/applicant shall retain a Secretary of Interior Standards qualified archaeological monitor to monitor all ground-disturbing activities to identify any unknown archaeologist, in consultation with consulting tribes, the Developer, and the City, shall develop an Archaeological Monitoring Plan to address the details, timing, and responsibility of all archaeological and cultural activities that will occur on the project site. Details in the plan shall include: a. Project grading and development of a rotating or simultaneous scheduling. b. The development of a rotating or simultaneous schedule in coordination with the developer/applicant, the project archaeologist, and for designated Native American Tribal Monitors from the consulting tribes for grading, excavation, and ground-disturbing activities on the site, including the scheduling, safety requirements, duties, scope of work, and project archaeologist and Native American Tribal Monitors' authority to stop and redirect grading activities in | Provide evidence to the City that a qualified Archeological Monitor has been retained. Submit the Archaeological Monitoring Plan to the City (Planning Division) for review/approval. Provide copy of consultation logs showing Applicant's effort to contact interested tribes and outcome of each consultation. | At least 30 days prior to application for a grading permit and before any ground disturbing activities. | Community & Economic Development Department - Planning Division Historic Preservation Officer | |
| Environmental Initial Study | 62 | | PR-2021-001023 | עניי מים מייט מים נמיט |

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| Curation and Storage: Curation and Storage: Curation and Storage: Curation and Storage: Guy of the curation ources shall be temporarily of any artifacts from the project archaeologist. The shall relinquish towerse, including sacred all goods, and and artifacts and non-human or cultural resources, including sacred all goods, and and artifacts and non-human or cultural resources. The required ningation or cultural resources for one of the following provide the City of munuity and Economic Department with evidence with the consulting Native cican tribes or bands. This include measures and sions to protect the future all area from any future all area from any future all cataloging and basic distinct of the discovered with the consulting Native all cataloging and basic distinct of the discovered with the consulting Native all cataloging and basic distinct of the discovered with the consulting Native all cataloging and basic distinct of the discovered with the completed basic distinct of the discovered and all cataloging and basic | Mitigation Measure/ Condition of Approval | Action Required/ Monitoring Method | Implementation Timing | Responsible Monitoring Party/Agency | Com | pliance Ve | Compliance Verification |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|------------|-------------------------|
| Temporary Curation and Storage: During the course of construction, all discovered resources shall be temporarily curated in a secure location on site or at the offices of the project archaelogist. The removal of any artifacts from the project site will need to be thoroughly inventoried with a tribal monitor from pach consulting tribe to oversee the process; and Treatment and Final Disposition: The landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources, including sacred tiems, burial goods, and all archaeological artifacts and non-human remains as part of the required mitigation for impacts to cultural resources. The Applicant shall relinquish the artifacts through on or more of the following methods and provide the City of Riverside Community and Economic Development Department with evidence of same: a. Accommodate the process for onsite a provisions to protect the future reburial area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all cataloging and basic recordation have been completed; | significance evaluation. | If resources are found | | 686 | | | |
| During the course of construction, all agreement to the City discovered resources shall be temporarily curated in a secure location on site or at the ordifices of the project archaeologist. Monitoring Report to the project site will need to be thoroughly Division). Treatment and Final Disposition: The landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources, including sacred items, burial goods, and all archaeological artifacts and non-human remains as part of the required mitigation for impacts to cultural resources. The Applicant shall relinquish the artifacts through on or more of the following methods and provide the City of Riverside Community and Economic Development Department with evidence of same: a. Accommodate the process for onsiting and provisions to protect the future recural area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all cataloging and basic recordation have been completed; | | | | Project Applicant | | | |
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| | Riverside Community and Economic | | | | | | |
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| reburial area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all cataloging and basic recordation have been completed; | provisions to protect the future | re | | | | | |
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| recordation have been completed; | until all cataloging and basi | ic | | | | | |
| | recordation have been completed | d; | | | | | |

4

Environmental Initial Study

(GPA-RZ-CUP-DR-VR)

PR-2021-001023

| e d | Action Required/ Monitoring Method | Implementation Timing | Responsible Monitoring Party/Agency | Compliance Verification Initial Date Comments |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| b. A curation agreement with an announciate qualified renository | h an sitory | | | |
| within Riverside County that | that | | | |
| meets federal standards per 36 | er 36 | | | |
| CFR Part 79 and therefore will be | ill be | | | |
| professionally curated and made | made | | | |
| | other | | | |
| archaeologists/researchers | for | | | |
| further study. The collections and | s and | | | |
| associated records shall be | be | | | |
| transferred, including title, to an | to an | | | |
| appropriate curation facility | cility | | | |
| within Riverside County, to be | to be | | | |
| accompanied by payment of the | of the | | | |
| fees necessary for permanent | anent | | | |
| curation; | | | | |
| c. If more than one Native | lative | | | |
| American tribe or band is | d is | | | |
| involved with the project and | and | | | |
| cannot come to a consensus as to | as to | | | |
| the disposition of cultural | ltural | | | |
| materials, they shall be curated at | ted at | | | |
| the Western Science Center or | er or | | | |
| Museum of Riverside by default; | fault; | | | |
| and | | | | |
| d. At the completion of grading, | lding, | | | |
| excavation, and gr | ground- | | | |
| disturbing activities on the site, a | ite, a | | | |
| Phase IV Monitoring Report shall | shall | | | |
| be submitted to the City | City | | | |
| documenting monitoring | oring | | | |
| nducted | the | | | |
| project archaeologist and Native | lative | | | |
| Tribal Monitors within 60 days of | tys of | | | |
| completion of grading. This | This | | | |
| report shall document the impacts | pacts | | | |
| to the known resources on the | ıı nıe | | | |
| Environmental Initial Study | 65 | | PR-2021-001023 | |
| • | | | | (CD A D7 CITE DE VD) |

| Mitigation Measure/ Condition of Approval | Action Required/ Monitoring Method | Implementation Timing | Responsible Monitoring Party/Agency | Compliance Verification Initial Date Comments |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| property; describe how each mitigation measure was fulfilled; document the type of cultural resources recovered and the disposition of such resources; provide evidence of the required cultural sensitivity training for the construction staff held during the required pre-grade meeting; and, in a confidential appendix, include the daily/weekly monitoring notes from the archaeologist. All reports produced will be submitted to the City of Riverside, Eastern Information Center, and consulting tribes. | | | | |
| MM CUL-4 Cultural Sensitivity Training | | | | |
| The Secretary of Interior Standards County certified archaeologist and Native American monitors shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the developer/permit holder's contractors to provide Cultural Sensitivity Training for all construction personnel. This shall include the procedures to be followed during ground disturbance in sensitive areas and protocols that apply in the event that unanticipated resources are discovered. Only construction personnel who have received this raining can conduct construction and disturbance activities in sensitive areas. A sign-in sheet for attendees of this training shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report. Noise MM NOI-1 Construction shall occur during the permissible hours as defined in section 7.35.01(B)(5) and | Sign-in sheet from Cultural Sensitivity Training for all construction personnel to be provided to City and included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report This mitigation measure shall be added as a note | Prior to start of grading activities. During all grading and construction activities | Community & Economic Development Department – Planning Division Qualified Archaeologist Consulting Tribe(s) Community & Economic Development | |
| Environmental Initial Study | 99 | | PR-2021-001023 | (a) ad all Day (a) |

(GPA-RZ-CUP-DR-VR)

| Mitigation Measure/ | | Implementation Timing | Responsible Monitoring | Compliance Verification |
|--|---|--|--|-------------------------|
| Condition of Approval | Monitoring Method | | Party/Agency | Initial Date Comments |
| 7.35.020(G) of the Riverside Municipal Code on the grading and (RMC). | on the grading and construction plans. | | Department – Building & Safety Division | |
| | | | Public Works Department | |
| | | | Construction Contractor | |
| MM NOI-2 | | | | |
| During construction, the contractor shall ensure all construction equipment is equipped with appropriate noise attenuating devices. | This mitigation measure shall be added as a note on the grading and | During all grading and construction activities | Community & Economic Development Department – Building & Safety Division | |
| | construction praise. | | Public Works Department | |
| | | | Construction Contractor | |
| MM NOI-3 | | | | |
| The contractor shall locate equipment staging areas that will create the greatest distance between construction-related noise/vibration sources and constitute reconficulty property the project sits to the | This mitigation measure shall be added as a note on the grading and | During all grading and construction activities | Community & Economic Development Department – Building & Safety Division | |
| greatest extent feasible, during all project construction. | constanting prais. | | Public Works Department | |
| | | | Construction Contractor | |
| MM NOI-4 | | | | |
| Idling equipment shall be turned off when not in use. | This mitigation measure shall be added as a note on the grading and | During all grading and construction activities | Community & Economic Development Department – Building & Safety Division | |
| | | | Public Works Department | |
| | | | Construction | |
| Environmental Initial Study | <i>L</i> 9 | | PR-2021-001023 | (m) de mio per vero |

PR-2021-001023 (GPA, RZ, CUP, VR, DR), Exhibit 10 - Mitigated Negative Declaration

(GPA-RZ-CUP-DR-VR)

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| Mitigation Measure/ | Action Required/ | Implementation Timing | Implementation Timing Responsible Monitoring | Comp | liance V | Compliance Verification |
|---|--|---|--|-----------------------|----------|-------------------------|
| Condition of Approval | Monitoring Method | | Party/Agency | Initial Date Comments | te Co | nments |
| | | | Contractor | | | |
| MM NOI-5 | | | | | | |
| Equipment shall be maintained so that vehicles and This mitigation measure During all grading and their loads are secured from rattling and banging. Shall be added as a note constructionactivities on the grading and construction plans | This mitigation measure During all grading and shall be added as a note constructionactivities on the grading and construction plans | During all grading and constructionactivities | Construction Contractor | | | |

PR-2021-001023 (GPA, RZ, CUP, VR, DR), Exhibit 10 - Mitigated Negative Declaration

PR-2021-001023