RESOLUTION NO.

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA, MAKING EXPRESS FINDINGS FOR LOCAL AMENDMENTS TO THE 2022 EDITION OF THE CALIFORNIA BUILDING AND FIRE CODES, FOR LOCAL CLIMATIC, GEOLOGICAL AND TOPOGRAPHICAL CONDITIONS, AND REPEALING RESOLUTION NO. 23501.

WHEREAS, California Government Code Section 50022.1 *et seq.* authorizes the City to enact an ordinance which adopts any code for reference, in whole or in part; and

WHEREAS, Section 17958 of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California 8 provides that if a city does not amend, add, or repeal ordinances or regulations to impose the same 9 requirements as are contained in the provisions adopted pursuant to Section 17922 of theHealth 10 and Safety Code and published in the California Building Standards Code and the other regulations 11 adopted pursuant to Section 17922 or make changes or modifications in those requirements upon 12 13 express findings, the provisions published in the California Building Standards Code or other 14 regulations promulgated pursuant to Section 17922 shall be applicable to it and shall become 15 effective 180 days after publication by the California Building Commission; and

WHEREAS, Section 17922(c) of the Health and Safety Code provides that local use zone
 requirements, local fire zones, building setbacks, side and rear yard requirements, and property
 line requirements are specifically and entirely reserved to the local jurisdiction except as provided
 in Section 17959.5 of the Health and Safety Code; and

WHEREAS, Sections 17958.5 and 18941.5 of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California provide that in adopting ordinances or regulations making any changes in the provisions in the California Building Standards Code and other regulations adopted pursuant to Section 17922 of the Health and Safety Code, a city may make such changes or modifications as are reasonably necessary because of local climatic, geological or topographical conditions; and

WHEREAS, Section 17958.7 of the Health and Safety Code requires the governing body of a city, before making any modifications or changes pursuant to Section 17958.5, to make an express finding that such modifications or changes are reasonably necessary because of local

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climatic, geological or topographical conditions; and

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WHEREAS, the Building Official and Fire Marshal have recommended modifications and changes be made to the Codes and advised that certain changes to the 2022 Editions of the California Building, Residential, and Fire Codes are reasonably necessary due to local conditions in the City of Riverside and have further advised that the remainder of said changes and modifications are of an administrative or procedural nature, or concern themselves with subjects not covered by the Codes, or are reasonably necessary to safeguard life and property within the City of Riverside; and

WHEREAS, the City Council held a public hearing on November 22, 2022, at which time
 all interested persons had the opportunity to appear and be heard on the matter of adopting the
 California Building Standards Code, 2022 Edition, as amended by the concurrently adopted
 Ordinance Nos. _____ and ____; and

WHEREAS, the City published notice of the public hearing pursuant to California Government Code section 6066 on ______ and _____.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the City Council of the City of Riverside,
 California, that it makes the following findings and determinations:

Section 1:

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I. Climatic Conditions

A. Hot Drying Conditions. The City of Riverside is in a semi-arid Mediterranean type of climate. It annually experiences extended periods of high temperatures with little or no precipitation. Hot, dry (Santa Ana) winds, which may reach speeds of 60 M.P.H. or greater, are also common to the area. These climatic conditions cause extreme drying of vegetation and common building materials creating extreme fire hazard conditions. Frequent periods of drought and low humidity add to this fire danger. This predisposes the area to large destructive fires (conflagration). In addition to directly damaging or destroying buildings, these fires are also prone to disrupt utility services throughout the City.

Obstacles generated by strong wind, such as fallen trees, streetlights and utility poles, and the requirement to climb 55 feet vertically will greatly impact the response time to reach an incident scene. Additionally, there is a significant increase in the amount of wind force at 60 feet above the ground. Use of aerial type firefighting apparatus above this height would place rescue personnel at increased risk of injury.

- B. Strong Winds. The dry climatic conditions with strong winds contribute to the rapid spread of even small fires originating in high-density housing or vegetation. These fires spread very quickly and create a need for increased levels of fire protection. The added protection of fire sprinkler systems and other fire protection features will supplement normal fire department response by providing immediate protection for the building occupants and by containing and controlling the fire spread to area of origin. Fire sprinkler systems will also reduce the use of water for firefighting by as much as 50 to 75 percent.
 - C. Heavy Precipitation. The climate alternates between extended periods of drought and brief flooding conditions. The winter months can experience heavy rainfall of up to several inches per hour. Flood conditions may affect the City Fire Department's ability to respond to a fire or emergency condition. Floods also disrupt utility services to buildings and facilities within the City. Hillside erosion also may occur during such conditions and limit the response capability of the Fire Department.
 - **D.** Water Availability. Water demand in this densely populated area far exceeds the quantity supplied by natural precipitation; and although the population continues to grow, the already-taxed water supply does not. California is projected to increase in population by nearly 10 million over the next quarter of a century with 50 percent of that growth centered in Southern California. Due to storage capacities, consumption, and a limited amount of rainfall, future

water allocation is not fully dependable. This necessitates the need for additional and on-site fire protection features. It would also leave tall buildings vulnerable to uncontrolled fires due to a lack of available water and an inability to pump enough available water to floors in a fire.

II. Topographical Conditions

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A. Hillside Community. Natural slopes of 15 percent or greater generally occur throughout the foothills of Riverside County. The City of Riverside has a sizeable hillside community with little to no remaining developable lowlands. Mass grading for development on hillsides has become easier and cost effective. Therefore, mass grading on hillsides has increased the number of structures constructed on and around sloping terrain. Sloped terrain places physical burdens upon fire fighters and their equipment in responding to emergencies and attacking fires. Hillside development mandates construction to comply with setbacks from slopes and typically requires soil reports and fuel modification plans to be prepared.

- **B. Traffic and Circulation Congestion** is an artificially created, obstructive topographical condition, which is common throughout Riverside County and the City.
- C. Response Time. These topographical conditions combine to create a situation, which places fire department response time to fire occurrences at risk and makes it necessary to provide automatic on-site fire-extinguishing systems and other protection measures to protect occupants and property. It is necessary to adopt more restrictive fire suppression and fire protection requirements because of the land area and size of the City; construction of scattered apartment, highrise, commercial and industrial developments through this large area; and the lack of adequate manpower and aerial equipment to cope with fire and life safety protection for the structures and adjacent exposure.

III. Geological Conditions

A. Earthquake Faults. Previous earthquakes have been accompanied by disruption of traffic flow and fires. A severe seismic event has the potential to negatively impact any rescue or fire suppression activities because it is likely to create obstacles like those indicated under the high wind section above. With the probability of strong aftershocks there exists a need to provide increased protection for anyone on upper floors of buildings. Due to the many active earthquake faults in Southern California region including the San Andreas fault approximately 15 miles to the northeast, the San Jacinto fault approximately 6 miles to the northeast, the Elsinore fault 16 miles to the southwest, the Whittier fault 24 miles to the west and the San Gabriel fault approximately 33 miles to the northwest, there are significant seismic hazards within the City of Riverside. In the event of a severe earthquake, these faults present the potential for catastrophic damage including fire, damage to roadways, and other impairments to or disruption in public services including the ability of the Fire Department to respond to fires.

B. Landslide and Flooding. Road circulation features located throughout the County also make amendments reasonably necessary. Located throughout the County are major roadways, highways and flood control channels that create barriers and slow response times. There is also a major riverbed located on the western edge of the corporate limits of the City of Riverside. During flooding conditions, emergency travel in and out of the City may be severely impaired, if not completely cut off.

C. Soil Conditions. Riverside is subject to ground tremors from seismic events as the City is located in a Design Category D, which relates to a high risk of earthquakes. The high-risk seismic zone is defined based on the proximity to known fault lines, soil type, and known mapped spectral accelerations. Various

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1 2	areas in Riverside have very poor soil conditions, including liquefiable soil,		
	which is known to cause severe structural damage to buildings and their		
3	supporting facilities during severe earthquake events.		
4	Section 2: The City Council hereby finds that the amendments to the Codes as set forth in		
5	detail in Ordinances Nos and	_ are reasonably necessary based on climatic, geological	
6 7	and topographical conditions cited in Section 1 of this Resolution and apply to the amendments as		
7	follows:		
8	CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE:		
9	CODE SECTION 16.08.145 - Section 903.2 amended	FINDINGS Climatic/Topographical	
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11	CALIFORNIA FIRE CODE:		
12	CODE SECTION	FINDINGS	
13	16.32.220 Section 305.2.1 added	Climatic /Topographical	
14	16.32.225 Section 307.1 added	Climatic /Topographical	
15 16	16.32.227 Section 305.1 added	Climatic /Topographical	
10	16.32.228 Section 305.4 added	Climatic /Topographical	
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10	16.32.230 Section 307.1.1 added	Climatic /Topographical	
20	16.32.235 Section 307.2 added	Climatic /Topographical	
20	16.32.240 Section 307.2.1 added	Climatic /Topographical	
21	16.32.250 Section 307.4 added	Climatic /Topographical	
22	16.32.255 Section 307.4.1 added	Climatic /Topographical	
23	16.32.260 Section 307.4.2 added		
25		Climatic /Topographical	
25 26	16.32.265 Section 307.4.3 added	Climatic /Topographical	
20 27	16.32.270 Section 307.5 amended	Climatic /Topographical	
27	16.32.275 Section 308.1.6.3 added	Climatic /Topographical	
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1	16.32.276 Section 321 added	Climatic /Topographical
2	16.32.279 Section 503.1.2 added	Climatic /Topographical
3	16.32.280 Section 503.3 amended	Climatic /Topographical
4	16.32.285 Section 503.4 amended	Topographical
5	16.32.290 Section 503.4.2 amended	Topographical
6 7	16.32.293 Section 503.5 amended	Topographical
8	16.32.295 Section 503.6 amended	Topographical
9	16.32.297 Section 503.7 added	Topographical
10	16.32.300 Section 506.1 amended	Topographical
11	16.32.310 Section 507.1 amended	Topographical
12 13	16.32.315 Section 507.5.1 amended	Topographical
14	16.32.320 Section 507.5.5 amended	Topographical
15	16.32.325 Section 507.5.7 added	Topographical
16	16.32.330 Section 510.1.1 amended	Topographical
17 18	16.32.331 Section 510.3 added	Topographical
19	16.32.332 Section 805 added	Topographical
20	16.32.333 Section 806 added	Climatic /Topographical
21	16.32.334 Section 807 added 16.32.335 Section 903.2 amended	Climatic /Topographical Topographical
22	16.32.340 Section 907.6.6 added	Topographical
23	16.32.345 Section 912.2.1 amended 16.32.350 Section 912.5 added	Topographical Topographical
24 25	16.32.355 Section 912.8 added	
25 26	16.32.356 Section 1103.2 amended	Topographical Topographical
27	16.32.357 Section 1103.2added 16.32.360 Chapter 25 amended	Topographical Climatic
28	16.32.365 Section 4904.3.1.1 added 16.32.370 Section 5601.1.1 amended	Climatic /Topographical Climatic
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12 13 14	16.32.375 Section 5601.1.3 amended Climatic /Topographical 16.32.377 Appendix B Table B105.2 amended Climatic 16.32.380 Finding and declaration. Climatic 16.32.380 Finding and declaration. Climatic 16.32.385 Severability Climatic 16.32.390 Hazardous materials clean-up Climatic /Topographical 16.32.390 Hazardous materials clean-up Climatic /Topographical Section 3: The other modifications to the California Building Code, the California Residential Code, the California Existing Building Code, the California Green Building Standards Code, and the California Energy and Mechanical Code, the California Plumbing Code, California Fire Code, and the California Electrical Code are administrative in nature or are reenactments of existing provisions of the Riverside Municipal Code. Section 4: As required by Section 17958.7 of the Health and Safety Code, a copy of these findings, together with the modifications or changes expressly marked and identified to which each such finding refers, shall be filed by the City Clerk of the City of Riverside with the California Building Standards Commission. Section 5: Resolution No. 23501 is hereby repealed.
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17 18	ADOPTED by the City Council this 22nd day of November, 2022.
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	PATRICIA LOCK DAWSON Mayor of the City of Riverside Attest: DONESIA GAUSE City Clerk of the City of Riverside // // // // // // //
CITY ATTORNEY'S OFFICE 3750 UNIVERSITY AVE, SUITE 250 RIVERSIDE, CA 92501 (951) 826-5567	8

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1	I, Donesia Gause, City Clerk of the City of Riverside, California, hereby certify that the		
2	foregoing resolution was duly and regularly adopted at a meeting of the City Council of said City		
3	at its meeting held on the 22nd day of November, 2022, by the following vote, to wit:		
4	Ayes:		
5	Noes:		
6	Absent:		
7	Abstain:		
8	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the official seal of the		
9	City of Riverside, California, this day of November, 2022.		
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11	DONESIA GAUSE		
12	City Clerk of the City of Riverside		
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