Sec. 405. Duties of Mayor; Mayor Pro Tempore; Council tie—Mayor's vote.

The Mayor shall be the presiding officer at all meetings of the City Council and shall have a voice in all its proceedings but shall not vote except to break a City Council tie-vote which exists for any cause. The Mayor shall be the official head of the City for all ceremonial purposes. The Mayor shall have the primary but not exclusive responsibility for interpreting the policies, programs and needs of the City government to the people, and of informing the people of any major change in policy or program. The Mayor shall advise the City Council on all matters of policy and public relations and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by this Charter. During the months of January or February, the Mayor shall deliver a State of the City message at any location within the City that the Mayor deems appropriate at which the Mayor will present the Mayor's programs, objectives and priorities.

The City Council shall designate one of its members as Mayor Pro Tempore, who shall serve in such capacity at the pleasure of the City Council. In the absence of the Mayor, the Mayor Pro Tempore shall assume the duties of the Mayor. The Mayor Pro Tempore shall conduct the Council meetings and shall vote only as a member of the Council, not as Mayor Pro Tempore. In the event of a tie vote, the Mayor Pro Tempore shall not have a tie-breaking vote and Council vote shall be recorded as a negative or "nay" vote. With regards to the veto power, the Mayor Pro Tempore shall not have the power to veto acts of the City Council.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Charter, when a tie-vote exists for any cause, in order to break that tie, the Mayor shall have the same voting right as a member of the City Council for or against the item before the City Council. The Mayor's vote shall be deemed a City Council member's vote for all purposes, including the introduction or adoption of both ordinances and resolutions.

(Effective 12/27/1995 and 12/11/1986)

Sec. 405.1 Mayor veto.

The Mayor may veto any formal action taken by vote of the City Council including any ordinance or resolution, except an ordinance proposed by initiative petition. The Mayor's veto authority shall include a line-item veto on any budget or budget item proposed to the City Council. The Mayor's line-item veto shall include the authority to add to any budget or budget item, and to alter the manner of spending within a budget or budget item.

Any Mayor veto must occur within fourteen days of the City Council formal action and the veto must be accompanied by a statement of decision explaining the rationale for the veto. Said statement of decision shall be delivered to the City Council and the City Clerk, and the City Clerk shall immediately make the statement of decision available to the public. Failure by the Mayor to timely exercise the veto shall be construed as a waiver of the right to veto. In the event that the Mayor is out of town, the time for the Mayoral veto shall be extended by twenty-four hours from the time the Mayor returns to the City.

At any regular or adjourned meeting held not less than thirty days, nor more than forty-five days after veto the City Council shall reconsider such formal action and vote on the question of overriding the veto. A vote of two-thirds of the total membership of the City Council shall be required to override the veto and adopt or approve the formal action. The Mayor shall have no right to veto the veto override of any formal action.

Sec. 413. Adoption of ordinances and resolutions.

With the sole exception of ordinances which take effect upon adoption, referred to in this Article, no ordinance shall be adopted by the City Council on the day of its introduction, nor within five days thereafter nor at any time other than at a regular or adjourned regular meeting. At the time of its introduction an ordinance shall become a part of the proceedings of such meeting in the custody of the City Clerk. At the time of adoption of an ordinance or resolution it shall be read in full, unless after the reading of the title thereof, the further reading thereof is waived by unanimous consent of the Council members present. In the event that any ordinance is altered after its introduction, the same shall not be finally adopted except at a regular or adjourned regular meeting held not less than five days after the date upon which such ordinance was so altered. The correction of typographical or clerical errors shall not constitute the making of an alteration within the meaning of the foregoing sentence.

Unless a higher vote is required by other provisions of this Charter, the affirmative votes of at least four members of the City Council shall be required for the adoption of any ordinance or resolution.

Any ordinance declared by the City Council to be necessary as an emergency measure for preserving the public peace, health or safety, and containing a statement of the reasons for its urgency, may be introduced and adopted at one and the same meeting if passed by at least five affirmative votes.

At any time before the adjournment of a meeting, the Mayor may, by public declaration spread upon the minutes of the meeting, veto any formal action taken by vote of the City Council including any ordinance or resolution, except an emergency ordinance, the annual budget or an ordinance proposed by initiative petition. Thereupon, pending the vote to override the veto as herein provided, such ordinance, resolution or action shall be deemed neither approved nor adopted. The Mayor shall, no more than twenty days following the veto, provide to Council members, in writing, reasons for the Mayor's veto. If the Mayor fails to provide a written veto message within the time allotted, the original action of the Council shall stand. At any regular or adjourned meeting held not less than thirty days, nor more than sixty days after veto the City Council shall reconsider such ordinance, resolution or action and vote on the question of overriding the veto. Five affirmative votes shall be required for its adoption or approval. The Mayor shall have no right to veto the veto override of any ordinance, resolution or action.

All ordinances and resolutions shall be signed by the Mayor and attested by the City Clerk. (Effective 12/27/1995)