

Phase1 General Plan Update

Housing & Public Safety Element Updates and Environmental Justice Policies Workshop – Draft Environmental Impact Report

Community & Economic Development Department

Planning Commission Agenda Item: 2 August 13, 2021 (continued from August 5)

RiversideCA.gov

WORKSHOP OBJECTIVES



Provide a summary of the CEQA process and describe purpose of the workshop

Summarize the proposed Project and its potential impacts Request feedback regarding the content of the Draft EIR and outline next steps in the CEQA process

PART 1: PROJECT BACKGROUND

PHASE 1 GENERAL PLAN UPDATE



- Mandatory General Plan Element
- Updated in 8-year Cycles
- Assess current and future housing needs
- Set policies and actions to meet housing needs
- Must demonstrate
 accommodation of RHNA
- Plans for adequate housing for all income levels, special needs
- Due October 15, 2021



- Mandatory General Plan Element
- Must be updated concurrently with Housing Element
- Identifies public safety risks and vulnerabilities
- Sets policies and actions to reduce hazard risks
- SB 379, SB 1035 must update to address wildfire, climate adaptation

Environmental Justice Policies

- May be separate Element or integrated policies
- Must be added when updating 2+ Elements
- Identifies communities with unique challenges to health and livelihoods (CalEnviroscreen)
- Develops strategies to address challenges of EJ communities and promote civic engagement

REGIONAL HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT



Population, household growth Census, ACS, DOF Data Production vs. need in previous cycles

3.4 million Units in 6th Cycle



Local General Plans Local planning factors/constraints Regional transportation plans

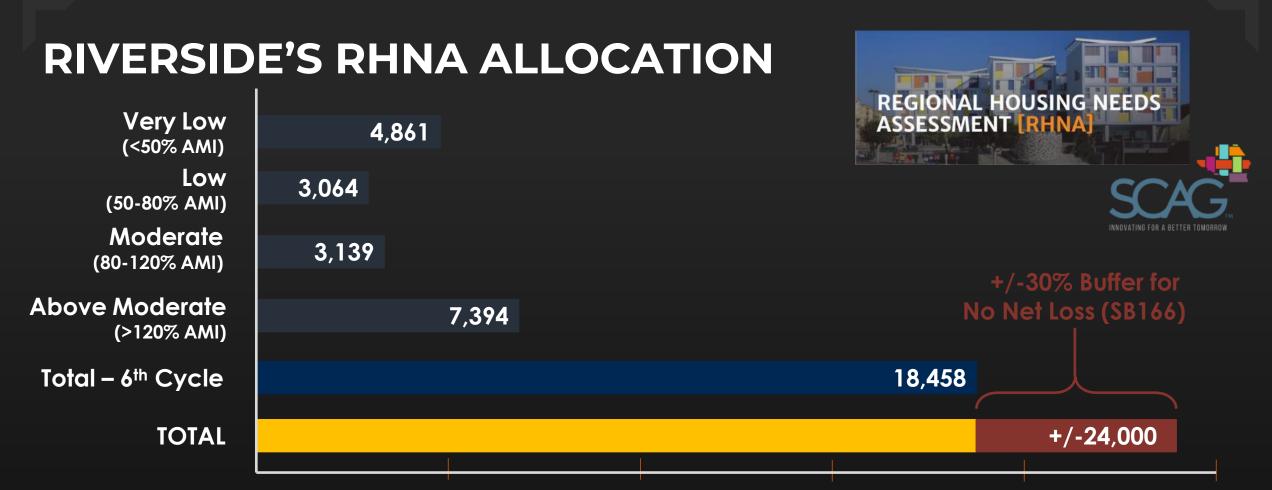
1.3 million^{units}





Final 6th-Cycle Allocation

- 11% of Riverside County total
- 1.3% of SCAG total
- 0.5% of State total

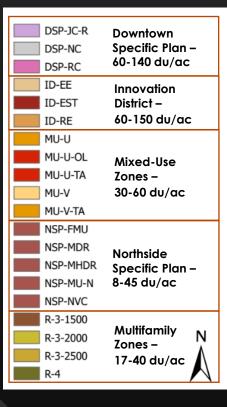


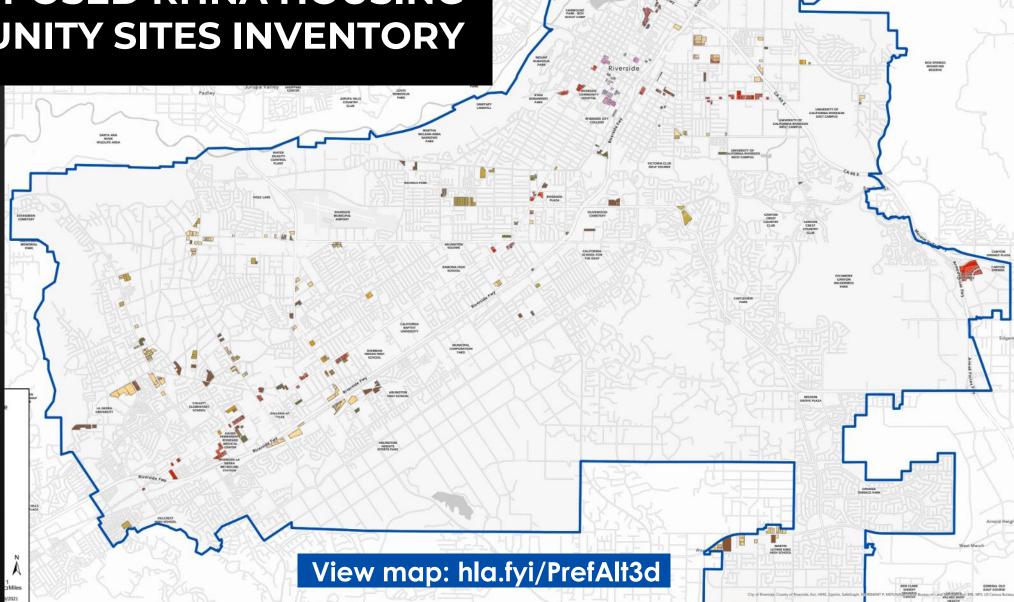


"RHNA is ultimately a requirement that the region zone sufficiently in order for these homes to have the potential to be built, but it is not a requirement or guarantee that these homes will be built." HCD, October 2019

PROPOSED RHNA HOUSING OPPORTUNITY SITES INVENTORY

Proposed Zoning





IPORTS

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

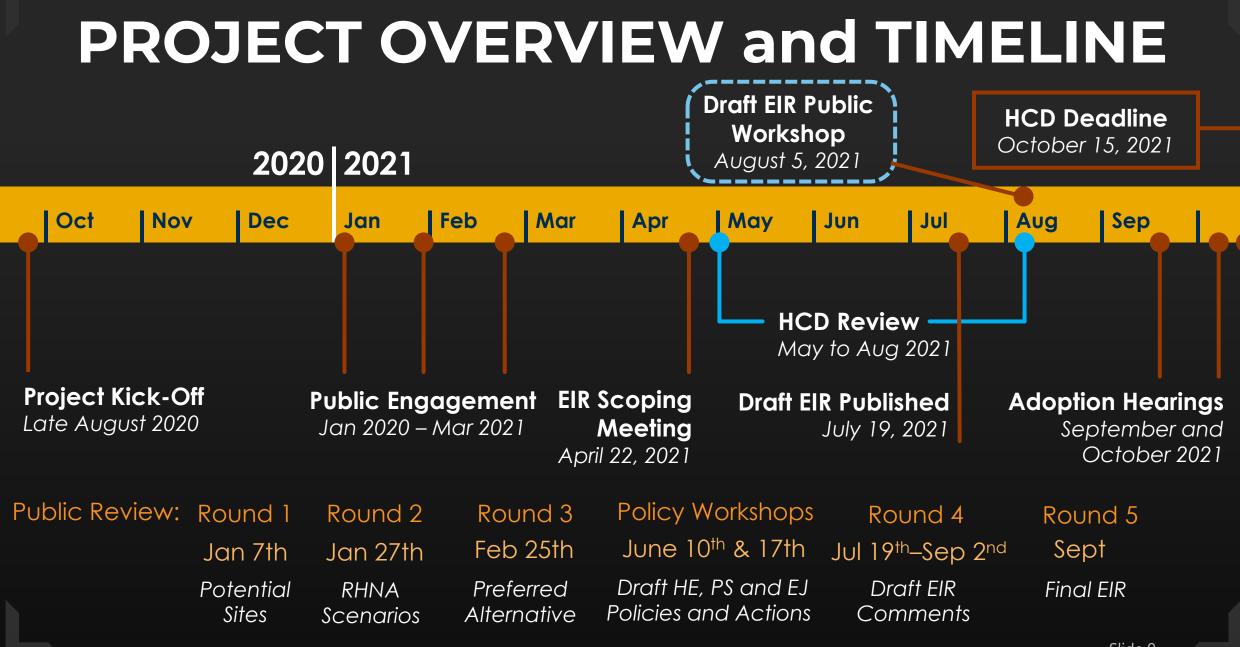
Stakeholder Outreach

- Over 900 stakeholders representing public agencies, business advocacy groups, non-profit and faithbased organizations, community activists and citizens
- One-on-one stakeholder briefings, as requested:
 - Greater Riverside Chambers of Commerce
 - Building Industry Association
 - Inland Equity Partnership
 - o AARP
 - Riverside Unified School District
 - $\circ~$ Inland Valley Association of Realtors

- Mayor's Housing Action Team
- Anti-Racist Riverside
- Inland Empire Labor Council
- o Riverside Downtown Partnership
- Downtown Area Neighborhood Alliance
- o Individuals

Community Outreach

- Virtual Public Workshop Series January 7th, 27th and February 25th
- Planning Commission Workshop March 18th
- CEQA Scoping Meeting April 22nd
- Council Housing & Homelessness Committee May 3rd
- Virtual Policy Workshops June 10th and 17th
- Ward-Based open houses June and July
- Regular Email blasts 50,000+ recipients
- City Channels Social media, official announcements, electronic billboards, RiversideTV
- Interactive tools Map.Social, ESRI StoryMap, Surveys
- Letter to Property Owners



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PART 2: AFFIRMATIVELY FURTHERING FAIR HOUSING

AFFIRMATIVELY FURTHERING FAIR HOUSING

As defined by A.B. 686:

 "Taking meaningful actions, in addition to combating discrimination, that overcome patterns of segregation and foster inclusive communities free from barriers that restrict access to opportunity" for persons of color, persons with disabilities, and other protected classes

To meet AFFH requirements, the Housing Element must:

- Assess fair housing issues in the City
- Analyze segregation patterns and disparities in access to opportunity
- Identify major contributing factors to fair housing issues
- Include meaningful actions to correct issues

ISSUES AND CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

ISSUES

Integration and Segregation

Racial/ethnic Disability Familial status Income

Racial/Ethnic Concentration

Poverty Affluence Access to Opportunity

Education Employment Transportation Environmental health

Disproportionate Housing Needs

Higher rate of housing issues among one protected class compared to others in the same area: Cost burden Overcrowding Risk of displacement

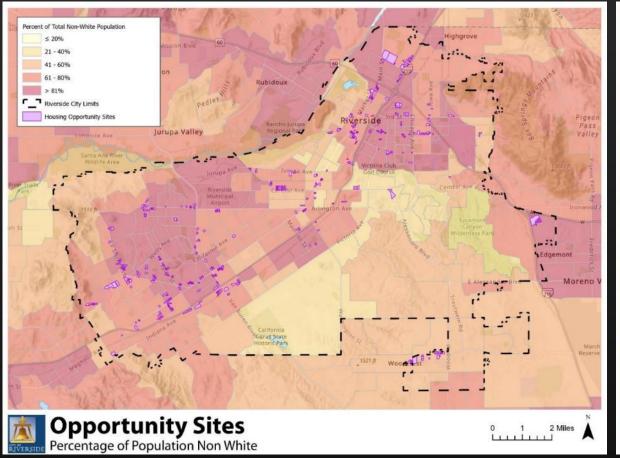
FACTORS

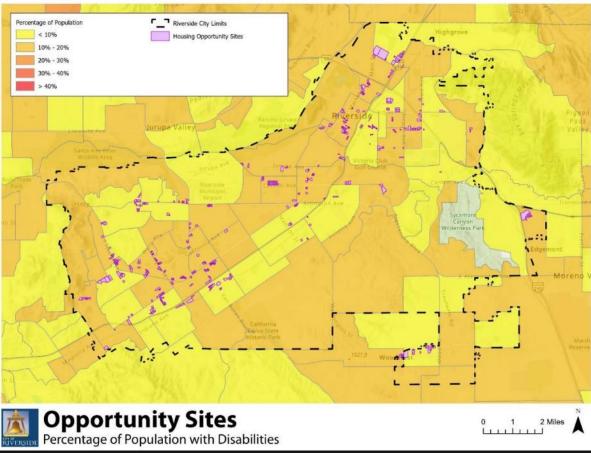
Historic, current patterns of segregation Discrimination Housing cost/affordability Limited social mobility Poor quality of resources (schools, infrastructure, etc) Community opposition

Childcare, healthcare, food security Access to transportation Job availability and quality Quality of place Housing affordability

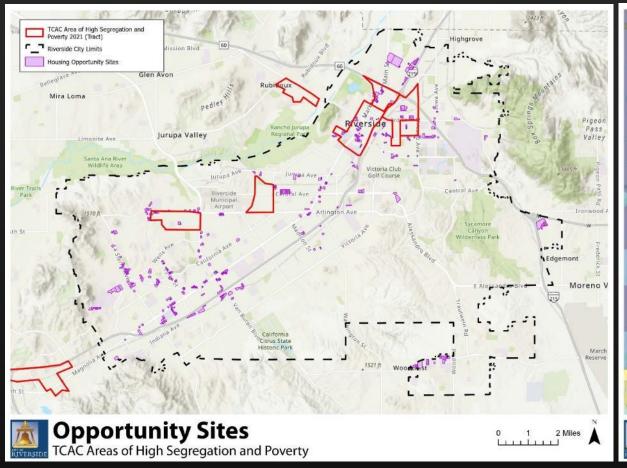
Housing cost/affordability Lending practices Unit size – family housing Accessibility (ADA) Housing condition/overcrowding

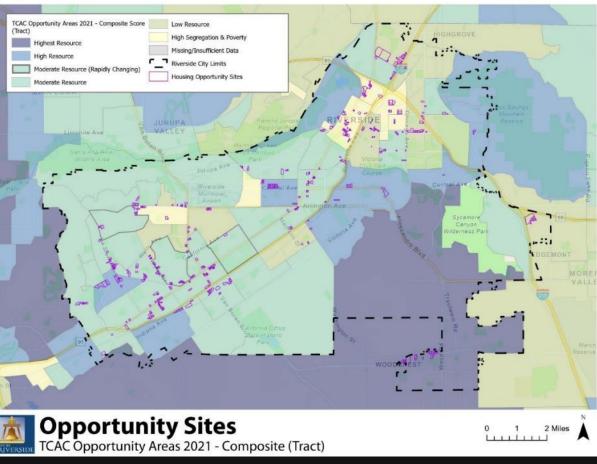
RIVERSIDE DATA



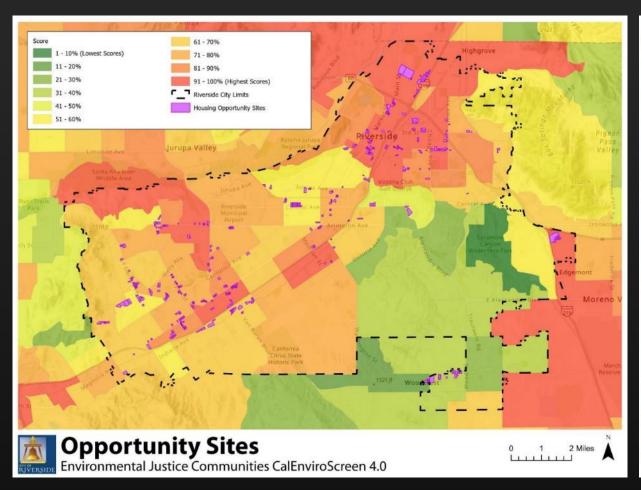


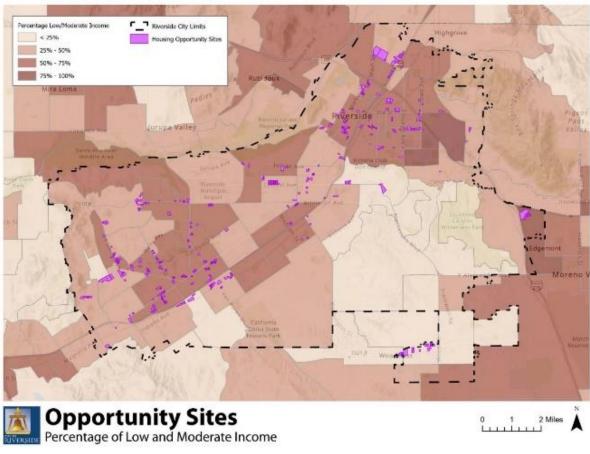
RIVERSIDE DATA





RIVERSIDE DATA





MEANINGFUL ACTIONS TO AFFH

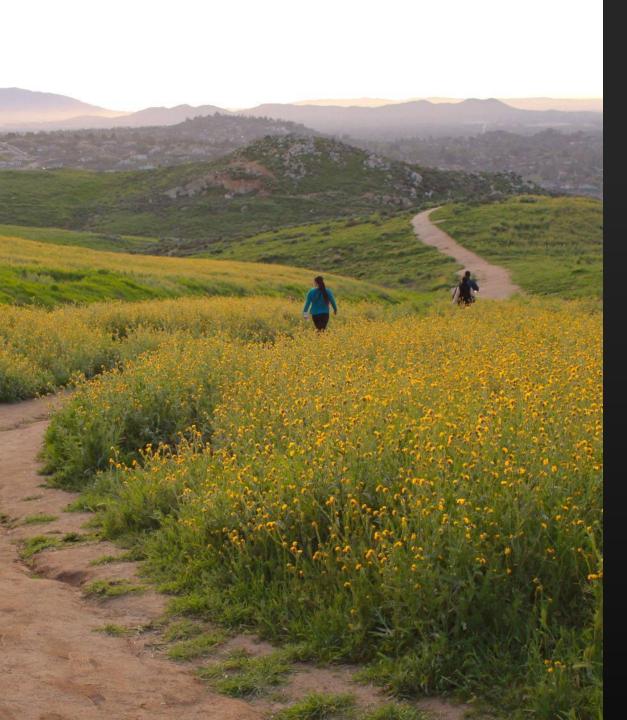
Actions developed to AFFH must:

- Address significant disparities in housing needs and in access to opportunity
- Replace segregated living patterns with truly integrated and balanced living patterns
- Transform racially and ethnically concentrated areas of poverty into areas of opportunity
- Foster and maintain compliance with civil rights and fair housing laws

This could look like:

- Housing mobility strategies
- Place-based strategies to encourage community revitalization
- New housing choices in areas of high opportunity
- Protecting existing residents from displacement
- Fair housing services
- Community health strategies
- Environmental equity strategies

PART 3: ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW



CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT (CEQA)

The primary purposes of CEQA are to:

- Inform the public and decision makers about the Project and about the potential environmental impacts.
- Identify how to avoid or reduce impacts.
- Prevent environmental damage through mitigation or alternatives.
- Foster interagency coordination in review of projects.
- Provide an opportunity for the public and local/state agencies to comment on the environmental issues.

CEQA ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW PROCESS



EIR = Environmental Impact Report

KEY CEQA QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

- What is an Environmental Impact Report?
- When is an Environmental Impact Report required?
- What is a Program EIR?
- Why is this document so long?
- What is an impact threshold?
- How do you decide whether an impact is "significant"?
- What is a mitigation measure? How does it relate to future projects?
- What happens when an impact is significant, but can't be lessened?
- What are alternatives? How are they evaluated?

PROJECT COMPONENTS

- The Draft EIR evaluated these key Project components:
 - Housing Element Update
 - General Plan Amendments
 - Zoning Changes and Code Amendments
 - Specific Plan Amendments
 - Public Safety Element Update
 - Environmental Justice Policies within the two
 updated elements
- The EIR will also evaluate a maximum development of up to 31,564 dwelling units (gross) facilitated by the Project throughout the City to meet the minimum RHNA obligation (18,458 units with a 30% No Net Loss Buffer).





PROJECT OBJECTIVES

- Plan adequately to meet our RHNA obligation + buffer
- support positive economic, educational, and health outcomes for EJ communities
- Increase affordable housing all across City
- Add a variety of housing opportunities
- Locate new housing close to amenities, transit, jobs
- Identify sites for housing with high development potential
- Avoid areas with development constraints
- Proactively address public safety and public health needs for all natural and human-caused hazards
- Reduce impacts of housing near incompatible land uses or pollution sources



All CEQA Topics Considered

The Draft EIR evaluates these environmental topics:

- Aesthetics & Visual Quality
- Agriculture & Forestry Resources
- Air Quality Emissions
- Biological Resources
- Cultural / Tribal Resources
- Energy
- Geology, Soils, & Seismicity
- Greenhouse Gas Emissions
- Hazards & Hazardous Materials Wi
- Hydrology & Water Quality
- Mineral Resources

- Land Use & Planning
- Noise
- Paleontological Resources
- Population/Housing
- Public Services
- Recreation
- Transportation & Circulation
- Utilities & Service Systems
- Wildfire
- Alternatives
- Cumulative Impacts
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CEQA Topics Considered Less than Significant

The Draft EIR determined these environmental topics will not result in significant impacts and impacts are **Less than Significant**:

- Aesthetics & Visual Quality
- Agriculture & Forestry Resources
- Energy
- Geology, Soils, & Seismicity
- Hydrology & Water Quality
- Land Use and Planning
- Mineral Resources
- Public Services
- Recreation
- Wildfire
- Utilities and Service Systems



CEQA Topics Considered Significant

Through the evaluation of the Project, these environmental topics are Potential Significant, but have Less Than Significant Impacts with Mitigation Incorporated:

- Biological Resources
- Cultural Resources
- Paleontological Resources
- Hazards and Hazardous Materials
- Tribal Cultural Resources

Through the evaluation of the Project, these environmental topics will result in **Significant and Unavoidable Impacts** with and without mitigation:

- Air Quality (with Mitigation)
- Greenhouse Gas Emissions (with Mitigation)
- Noise (with Mitigation)
- Population and Housing
- Transportation (with Mitigation)

CEQA Alternatives



Based on the analysis, the Project and Alternative 3 are both environmentally superior.

These Alternatives are considered in the Draft EIR:

- No Project Alternative. No changes to existing zoning or allowed development on preliminary opportunity sites would occur. This scenario would not meet the City's RHNA goal of 24,000 units.
- **Dispersed Growth Alternative**. Housing development would be spread more widely across almost all Opportunity Sites, generally at lower densities, resulting in less intensive but more widespread land use changes. This would exceed the City's goal of 24,000 RHNA units.
- Focused Growth Alternative. Housing development on strategic locations with superior access to transportation, employment, services, and amenities, generally at higher densities and more intensive land use changes. This scenario would also exceed the City's RHNA goal of 24,000 units.
- Limited Opportunity Sites. Alternative would involve a reduced number of the Opportunity Sites, focused on meeting but not exceeding RHNA allocation of 18,458 units.

Project Next Steps

- Take comments heard today during the workshop.
- Accept written comments through September 2, 2021.
- Respond to written comments and complete the Final EIR for the Project.
- Finalize drafts of the Housing Element, Public Safety Element, and Environmental Justice Policies.
- Formal public hearings before the Planning Commission and City Council for consideration and adoption.



We'd Like Your Comments

- Verbal comments during today's workshop
- Submit comment letters by mail or email to:

Matthew Taylor, Senior Planner City of Riverside Community & Economic Development Department, Planning Division 3900 Main Street, 3rd Floor Riverside, CA 92522

Email: mtaylor@riversideca.gov

- Comment Period Closes September 2, 2021
- Visit the Project website and join the mailing list:
 - www.riversideca.gov/HousingUpdate

Planning / Riverside Housing and Public Safety Updates and Environmental Justice Policies

Build Riverside

City Plans -Zoning Code And

Regulations

Archives

Contact

EPlan Review

Public Permit Portal

Riverside Housing &

And Environmental Justice Approach

Public Safety Element

Development Projects

And CEOA Documents

Historic Preservation -

Agendas & Schedules Boards & Commissions

Forms

Riverside Housing and Public Safety Updates and Environmental Justice Policies

Welcome to the City of Riverside's Housing, Public Safety Updates and Environmental Justice Policies project site. Here you will find the latest project news, information on upcoming community events and resources to track the progress of the update of the Housing Element, Public Safety Element and Environmental Justice Policies of the City's General Plan 2025.



Available Now!

Notice of Preparation of an Environmental Impact Report and Environmental Initial Study

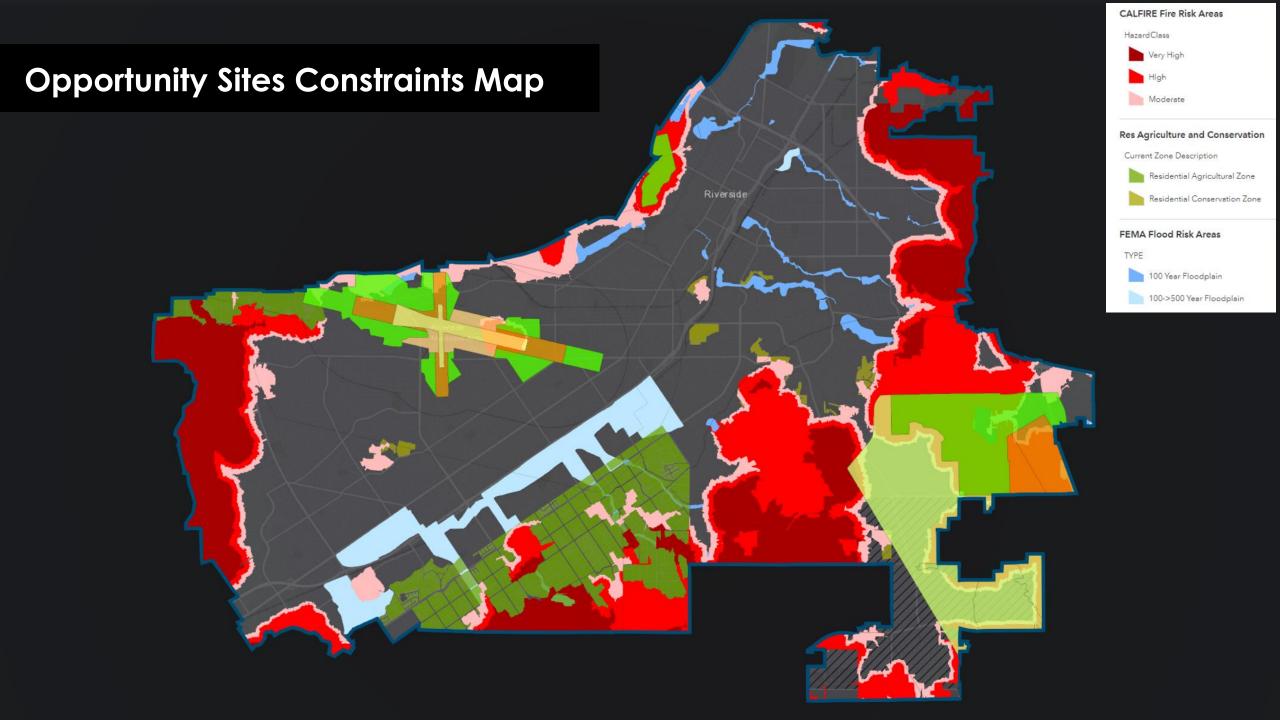
A Notice of Preparation (NOP) of an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) has been published for the Update, along with an Initial Study (IS) describing the environmental Issues that will be examined in greater detail in the forthcoming EIR. We want to hear from you about what you think the EIR should address - see below for information on how to submit your written comments, or for information about a public Scoping Meeting that you can attend to hear more about the EIR process and share your thoughts on the environmental review for the Update.

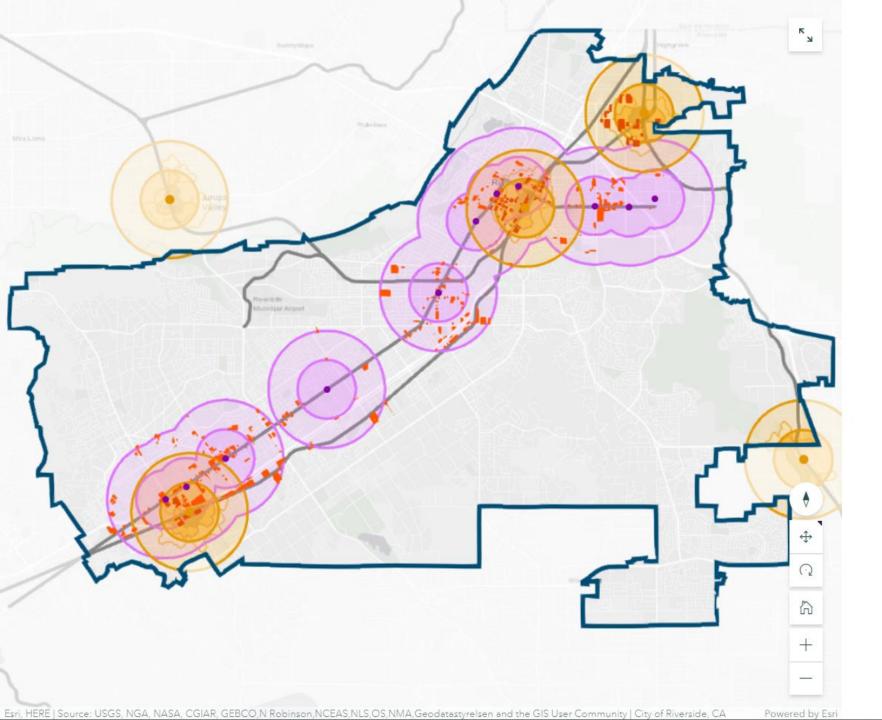
NOTICE OF PREPARATION INITIAL STUDY

We are accepting written public comments on the NOP and IS until 5:00 p.m. Wednesday, May 5, 2021

Submit your comments in writing to

REFERENCE ONLY SLIDES

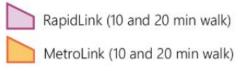




Locate more housing near Transit

Homes within walking distance to highcapacity transit can allow residents to access jobs in Riverside or nearby cities with lower cost and environmentally friendlier transportation. These areas present good opportunities to add housing options.

High Capacity Transit Service

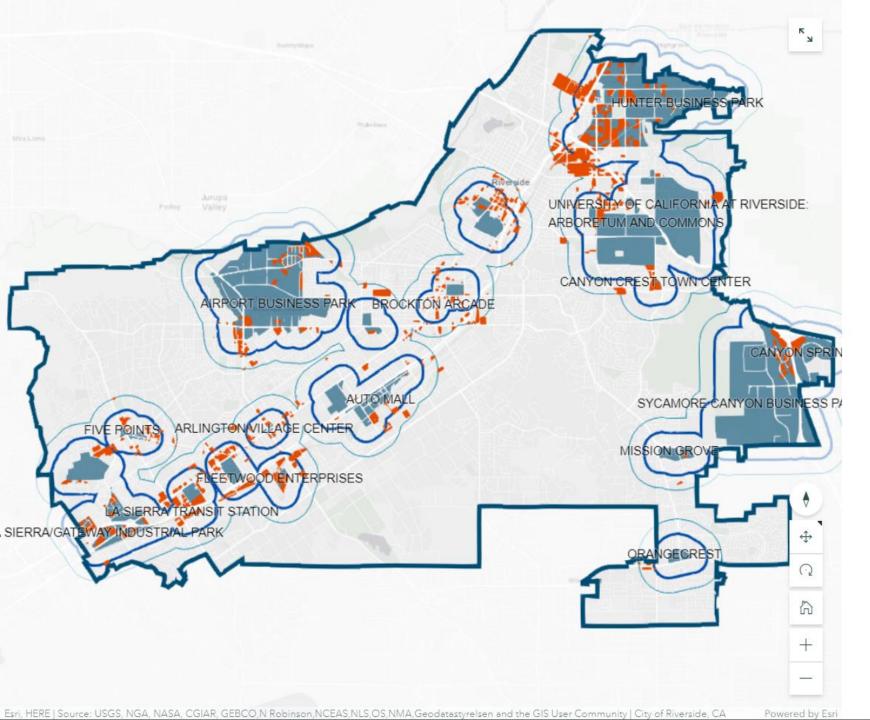


Potential Areas for Housing

RHNA Opportunity Sites

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Locate more housing near Jobs and Activity Centers

New homes that are located near activity centers can provide access to commercial services and shopping, as well as access to the jobs that drive those activities. Affordable housing in these locations supports a diverse local workforce and brings more customers to local businesses.

Commercial and Retail Centers

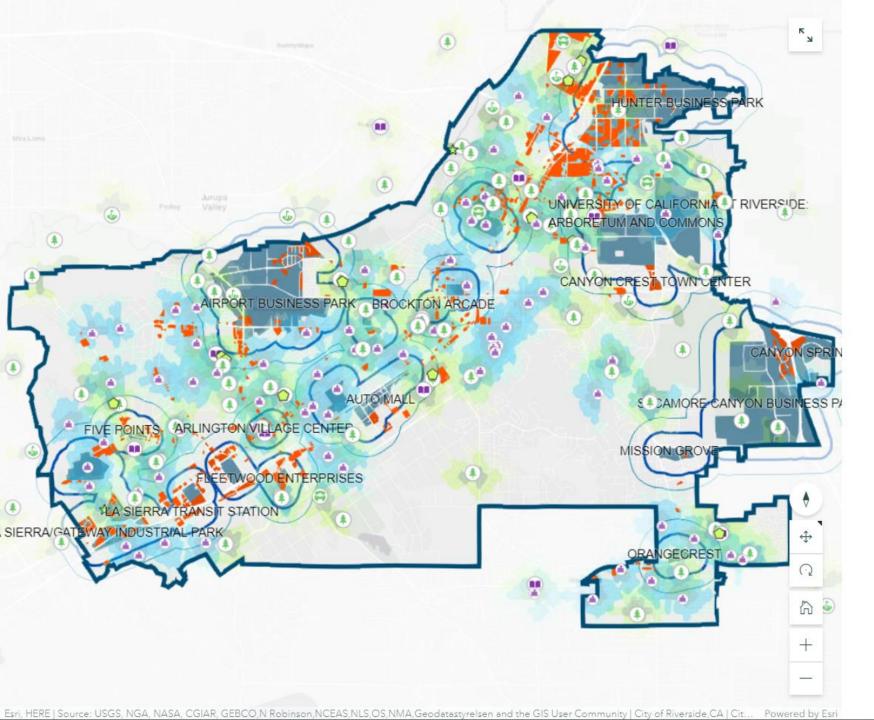


Potential Areas for Housing



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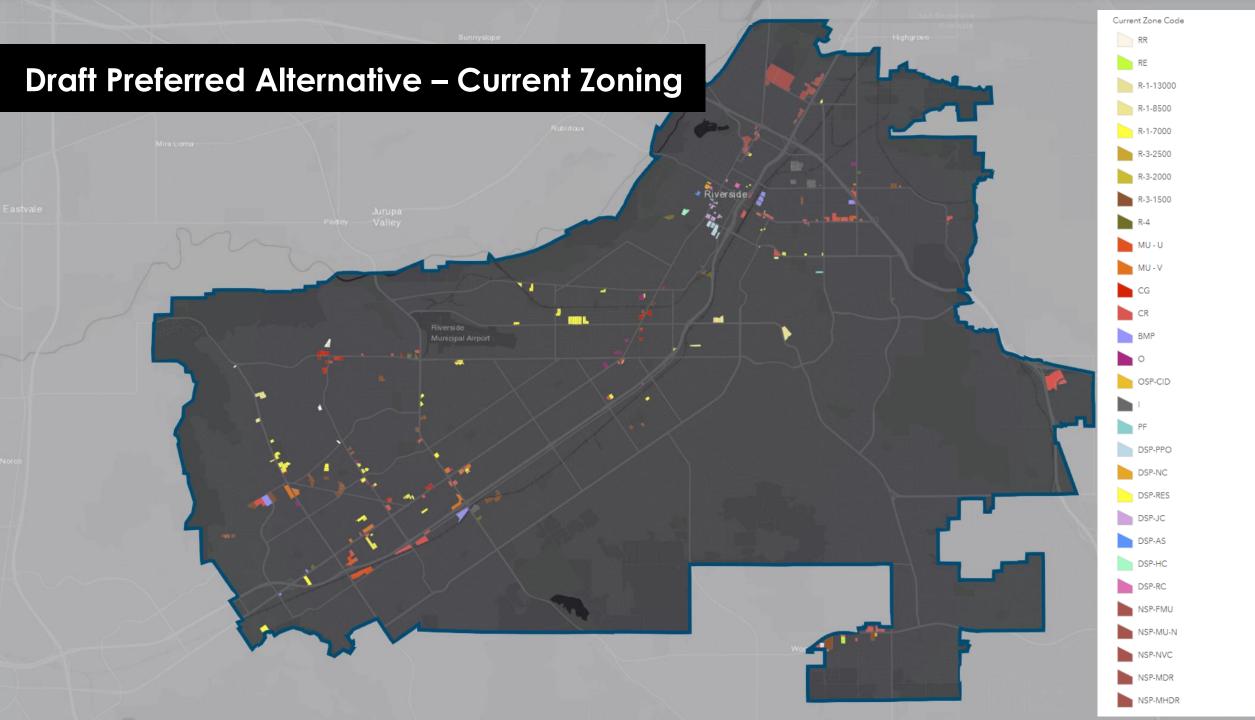


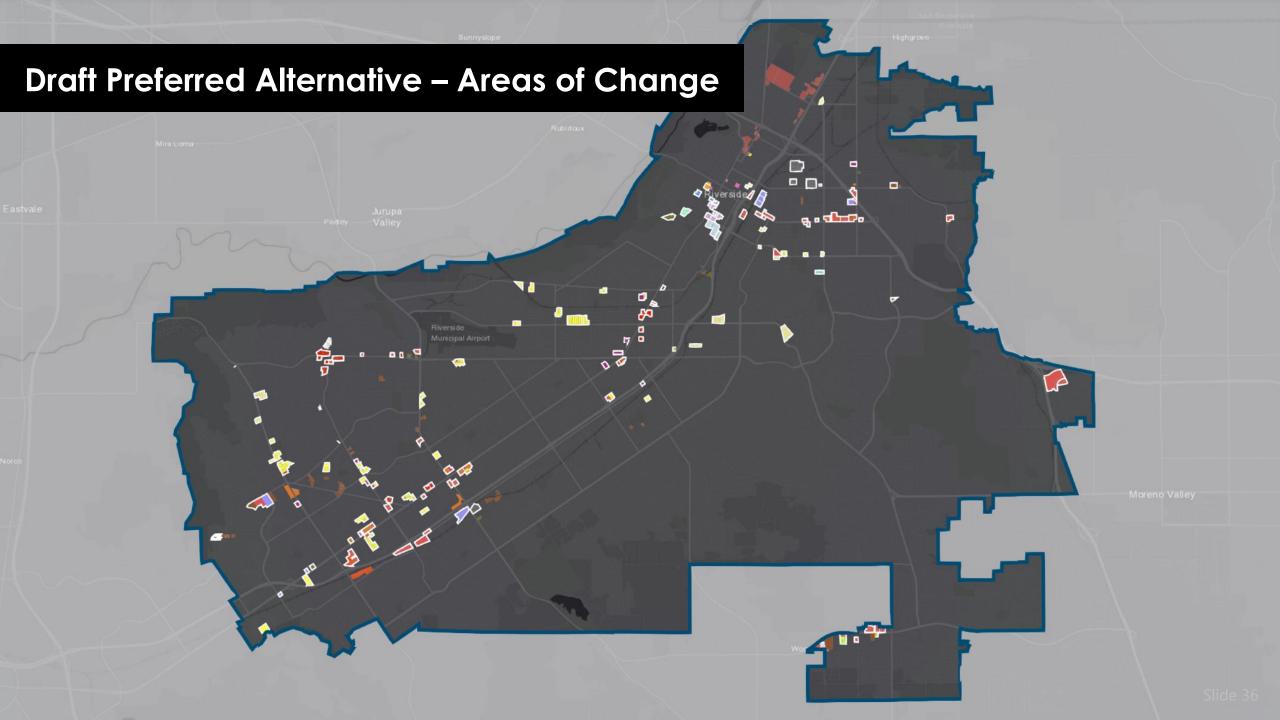
Locate more housing near Amenities and Services

Households have many needs -- like nearby access to playgrounds, open spaces, libraries, and schools. Whenever possible, new housing should be in areas rich with these important services and amenities. This can help ensure safe routes to schools and healthy options for recreation and learning.

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HOUSING ELEMENT

Draft Policies and Actions address:

- Affordable Housing
 - Abundant, available and accessible
- Homelessness
 - Expanding services to meet needs
- Fair Housing
 - Upholding state and federal protections
- Thriving Neighborhoods
 - Supporting a sense of community
- Regulations
 - Streamlining for results
- Monitoring and Engagement
 - Tracking and sharing progress
- Environmental Justice
 - Safe, healthy and attainable neighborhoods





PUBLIC SAFETY ELEMENT

Draft Policies and Actions address:

- Natural Hazards
 - Reduce risk, be prepared
- Hazardous Materials
 - Safe transportation and storage
- Transportation
 - Reducing conflicts and crossings
- Emergency Services
 - High-quality and responsive
- Pandemic
 - Providing public health services
- Homelessness
 - Reduce suffering, reduce harm
- Climate Adaptation and Resiliency
 - Identify risks and adapt accordingly

ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE

Draft Policies and Actions for:

- Land Use & Urban Design
 - Healthy, complete neighborhoods
- Circulation & Community Mobility
 - Transportation for tomorrow
- Education
 - Robust partnerships for opportunity
- Noise
 - Manage and reduce
- Air Quality
 - Addressing exposure
- Parks & Recreation
 - Equitable access for all
- Public Facilities & Infrastructure
 - Healthy and efficient homes
- Arts & Culture
 - Art in public places
- Historic Preservation
 - Telling untold stories



PROJECT OBJECTIVES

- Plan for a maximum allowable development under the Project (31,564 units) to meet the City's minimum RHNA obligation (18,458 units with a 30 percent No Net Loss buffer for approximately 24,000 units) across all wards.
- Affirmatively further fair housing and identify potential environmental justice and social equity issues to support positive economic, educational, and health outcomes for low-income families—particularly longterm outcomes for children.
- Ensure affordable housing is added across the City and not concentrated in areas with lower access to amenities or near sources of pollution.
- Add a variety of housing opportunities that will make Riverside a more accessible and resilient community.
- Locate new housing in areas readily accessible to services, parks and other amenities, transit, jobs, and activity centers.
- Identify vacant or under-developed sites, meaning sites with substantial unused land or development potential.
- Limit or prevent housing development in areas with development constraints, such as agricultural and conservation lands, airport influence areas, and, to the extent feasible, fire and flood hazard zones.
- Address the public safety and public health needs and concerns of its residents, businesses, institutions, and visitors, and set forth a proactive and coordinated program of protection for all foreseeable natural and human-caused hazards.
- Reduce the potential adverse impacts of housing near incompatible land uses, along major corridors, or near similar uses.