# Zero-Emission Transition Financial Analysis:

**Riverside Connect** 

Riverside County Transportation Commission ZEB Implementation & Rollout Plan Project



### **About CTE**



#### WHO WE ARE

501(c)(3) nonprofit engineering and planning firm



#### OUR MISSION

Improve the health of our climate and communities by bringing people together to develop and commercialize clean, efficient, and sustainable transportation technologies



#### PORTFOLIO

\$900 million

- Research, demonstration, deployment
- 100 Active Projects totaling over \$400 million



#### OUR FOCUS

Zero-Emission Transportation Technologies



#### NATIONAL PRESENCE

Atlanta, Berkeley, Los Angeles, St. Paul



### Introduction

Today's Objective is to review the financial projections for ZEB technology transition scenarios including:

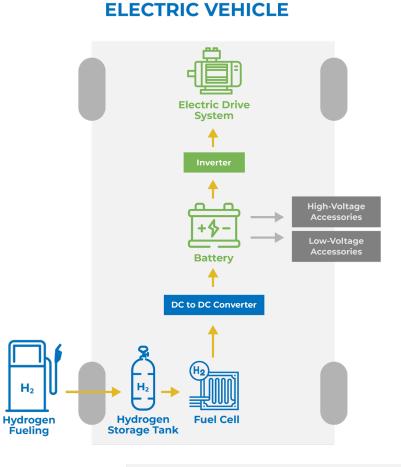
- Fleet Procurements and Capital Cost
- Fuel Costs
- Maintenance Costs
- Preliminary Infrastructure Projects & Costs
- Total Cost of Ownership



# Zero Emission Buses —What's Different?

**FUEL CELL** 

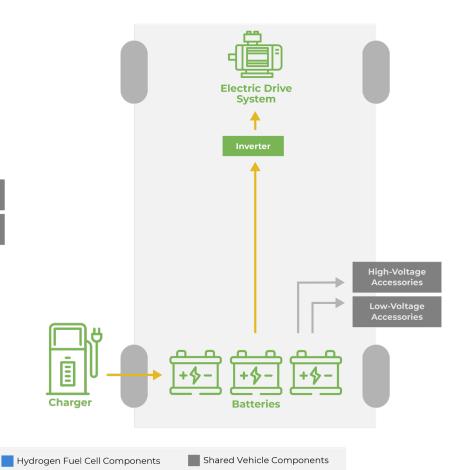
- Propulsion System
  - Traction Motor instead of engine
- Energy Storage System
  - Battery instead of fuel tank
  - Hydrogen storage tanks
- HVAC
  - No "free" heat
  - Electric heater
- Time to "Re-fuel"
  - FCEB: 10 minutes
  - − BEB: ~3 hours



Battery Electric Components

Legend

### BATTERY ELECTRIC VEHICLE





# Fleet Capital Cost Assessment



# CARB Innovative Clean Transit Regulation

- 100% ZEB Fleet by 2040 is not a mandate, but a goal
- There is only a purchasing rule:

Starting January 1	ZEB Percentage of Total New Bus Purchases
2026	25%
2027	25%
2028	25%
2029	100%



- Small CA Transit Agencies (<100 buses) are required to submit a board-approved ZEB Rollout Plan by July 1, 2023.
- Riverside Connect has 0 ZEB bonus credits.

# Service Assessment & Feasibility Assumptions

- Riverside Connect operates only demand response service.
- All demand response service is performed by 25-26ft cutaways that will require midday or opportunity-charging at the depot.
  - Electrified cutaway service implies required schedule modifications.
  - On-route charging (pantograph or inductive) has not yet been demonstrated for this vehicle size.
- This service is performed by a fleet of 25' CNG cutaways. These are modeled as generic van-style cutaway ZEBs.
  - These vehicles are most analogous to one another based on passenger loading and on-board energy.

# Fleet Assessment Overview & Assumptions

- Procurements cycles are based on the FTA minimum service life terms of the vehicle types.
  - 25-26ft cutaways are replaced on a 7 year cycle per the service life of larger cutaways.
- Vehicles prices for legacy fueled vehicles are based on agency reporting and ZEV pricing is based on the 2022 CA State Contract
  - A 7.75% sales tax is included in the capital price of the vehicle.
  - An inflation rate of 2% is applied year over year for the whole transition period.
- Riverside Connect proceeds with a zero-emission vehicle purchase per their planned procurement in 2023 and subsequently, procures ZEVs as required by the ICT procurement schedule.
  - 25% of total annual procurement number must be ZEV, if 25% of the total is less than .5, no
     ZEVs must be purchased. The first ZEB purchase is required in 2026.



### **Bus Procurement Timeline & Annual Costs**

#### Baseline

Riverside Connect Baseline Fleet Procurement Cost

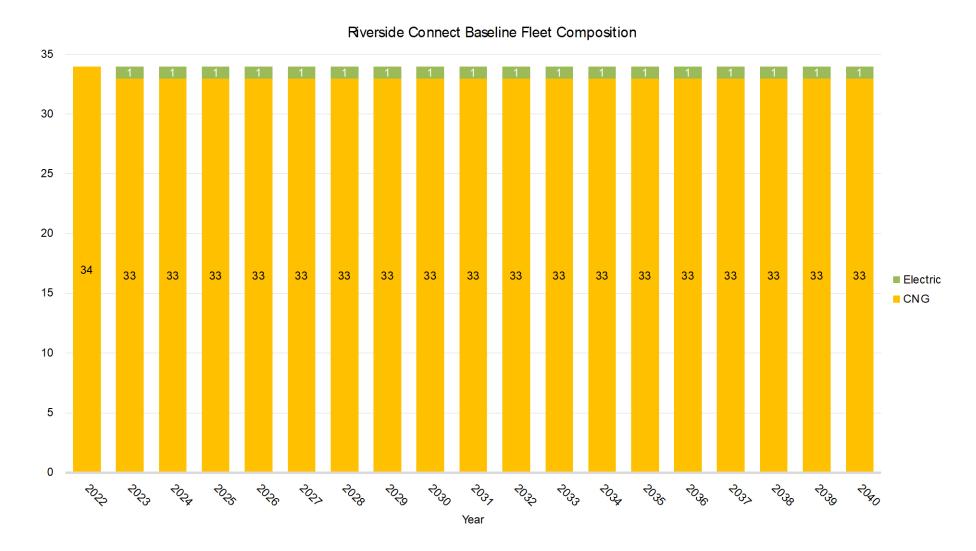






### **Fleet Composition**

#### **Baseline**





# **Bus Procurement Timeline & Annual Costs BEB**

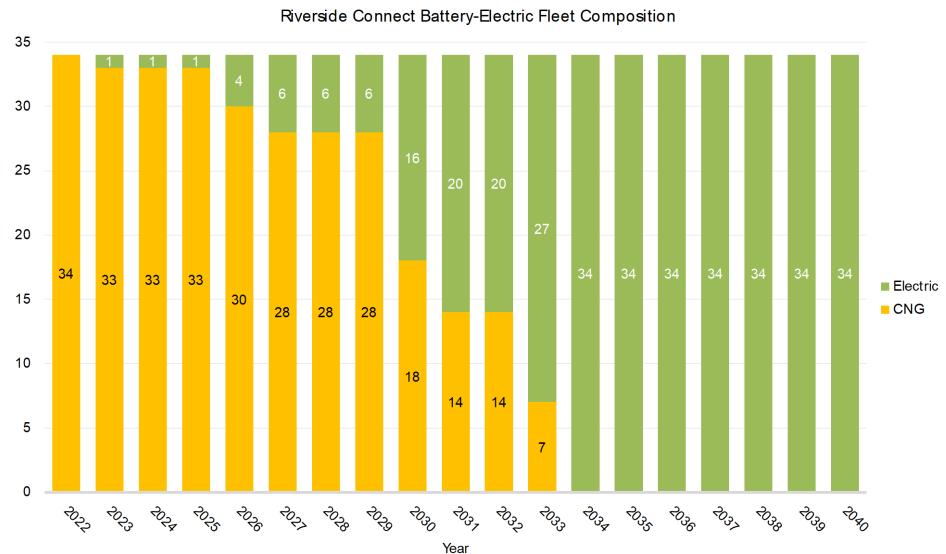
Riverside Connect Battery-Electric Fleet Procurement Cost





### **Fleet Composition**

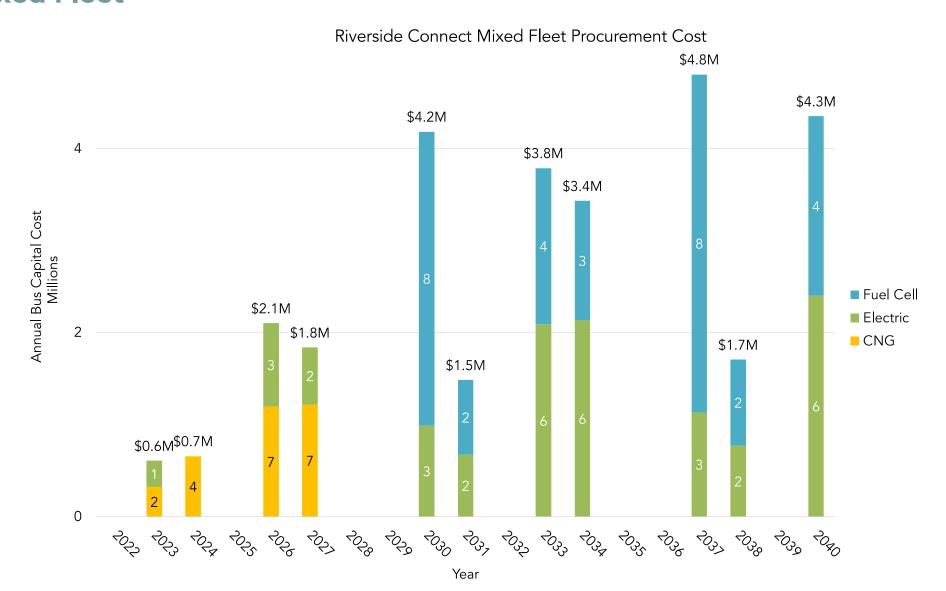
**BEB** 





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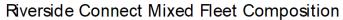
# **Bus Procurement Timeline & Annual Costs**Mixed Fleet

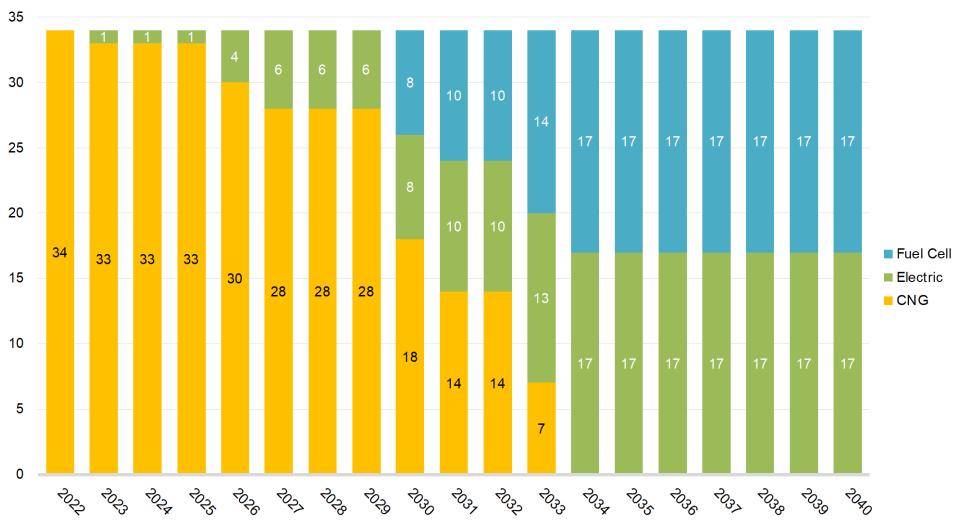




### **Fleet Composition**

#### **Mixed Fleet**







Year

14

### **Bus Procurement Timeline & Annual Costs**

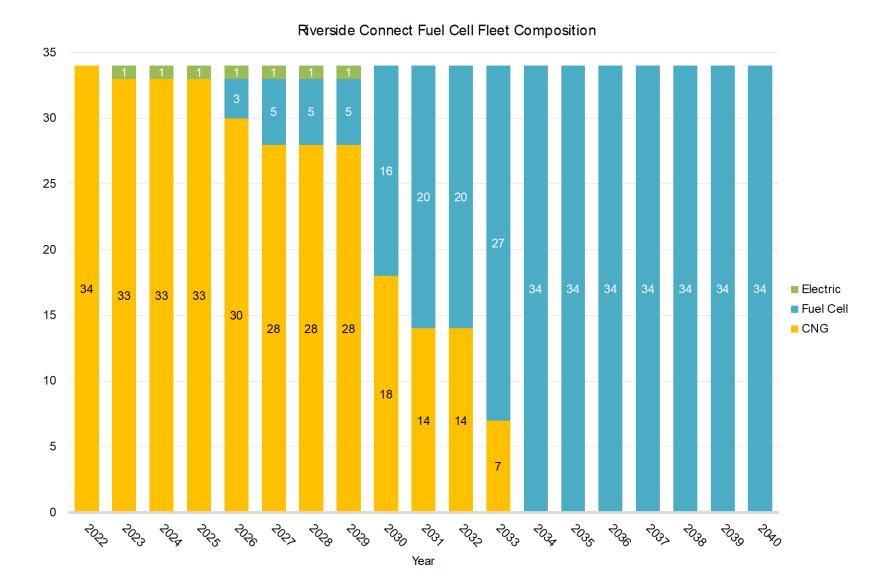
**FCEB** 

Riverside Connect Fuel Cell Fleet Procurement Cost





# Fleet Composition FCEB

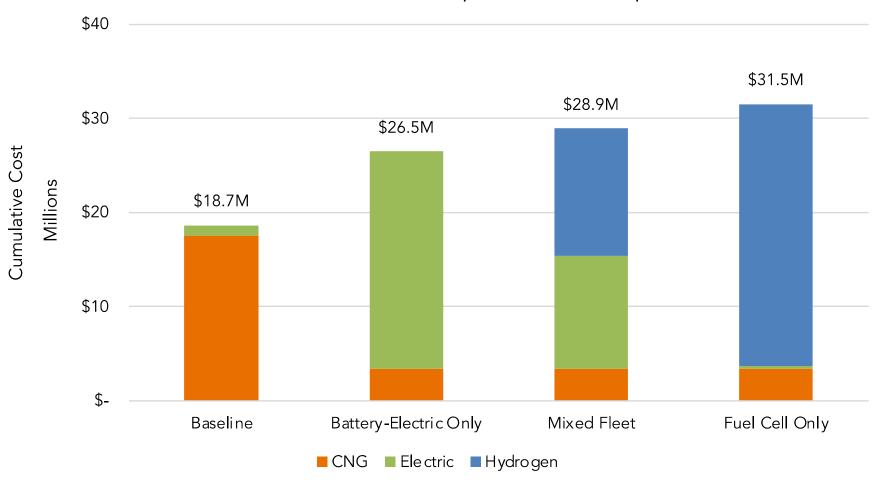




### **Comparative Fleet Capital Costs**

#### **Entire Transition Period, All Scenarios**

#### Riverside Connect Fleet Capital Cost Comparison





# **Fuel Cost Analysis**



### **Fuel Cost Assumptions**

- Assumes no change to service provided and fleet mileage
- All costs are based on 2021 dollars, with EIA inflation for transportation fuels projected through 2040

Fuel Type	Cost per unit	Avg. Cost per Mile for uniform propulsion fleet for 18-year period	Notes
CNG	\$1.57/GGE	• \$0.20/mile	<ul> <li>Average of agency-reported fuel prices across the entire fleet</li> </ul>
$H_2$	\$8.68/kg	• \$0.66/mile	<ul> <li>Average of 2022 prices for CA hydrogen fuel for transit end-users contractual agreements.</li> <li>Price contains station O&amp;M costs.</li> </ul>
Electricity	Per SCE's TOU-EV-9	• \$0.51/mile	• See next slide



## **Assumptions for Electricity Costs**

- Electricity costs based on SCE's TOU-EV-9, provided that Riverside Public Utilities doesn't have an EV-specific rate schedule (applicable to commercial/business customers) that would be applicable
  - 20% of the agency's DAR requirements can be satisfied with overnight depot charging
  - 80% of the agency's DAR requirements can be satisfied with opportunity depot charging

Electric	TOU Rates	Summer (\$/kWh) (4m)	Winter (\$/kWh) (8m)	Annual
Utility	On-Peak	\$0.47		\$0.47
Rates - SCE	Mid-Peak	\$0.29	\$0.33	\$0.32
TOU-EV-9	Off-Peak	\$0.17	\$0.18	\$0.18
100 24 3	Super-Off		\$0.11	\$0.11
	Fixed Recovery Charge	\$		0.00066
	\$/Meter/Month	\$		368.25

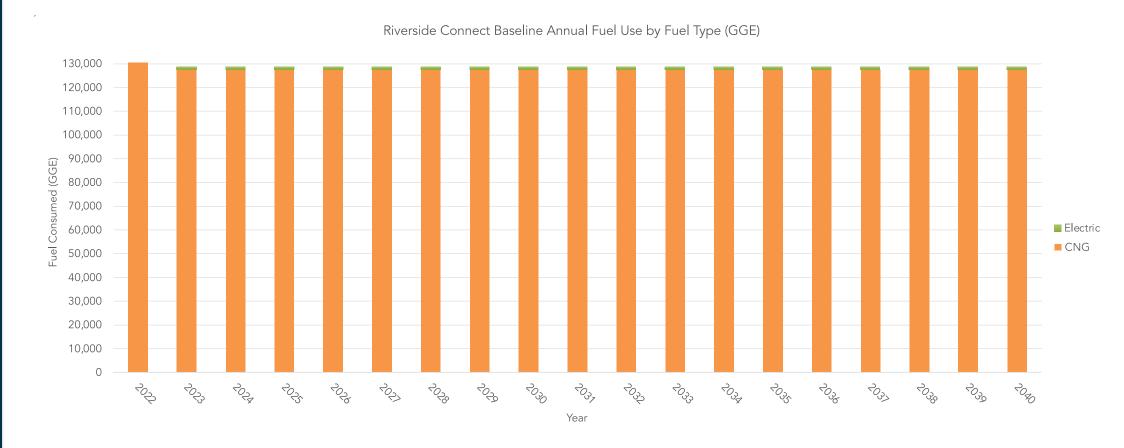


<sup>\*</sup>Commencing March 1, 2019, no Demand Charge shall apply to Customers receiving (T) service under this Schedule.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Phase-In of Demand Charge shall occur as determined and authorized by the (T) Commission in SCE's next GRC Phase 2 application or any Commission proceeding | related to transportation electrification.

### **Annual Fuel Consumption**

#### **Baseline**





### **Annual Fuel Consumption Costs**

#### **Baseline**



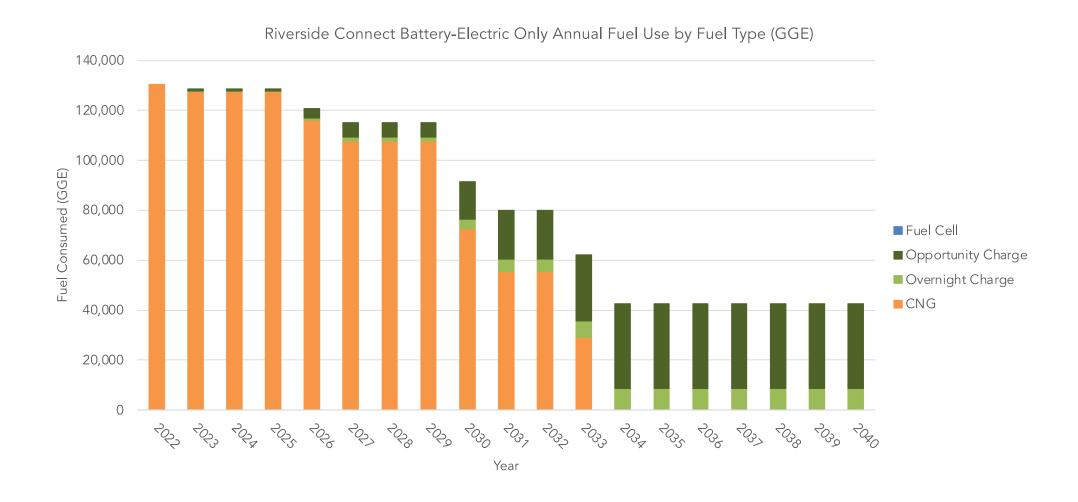




• The average fuel cost per mile for all fuels utilized in the course of the transition period for this scenario is \$0.21/mile.

### **Annual Fuel Consumption**

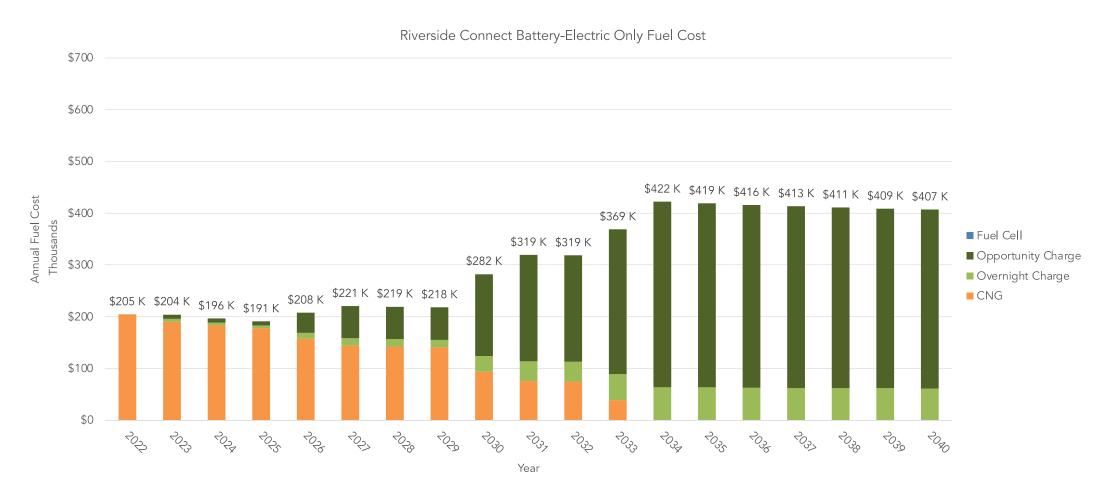
#### **BEB**





### **Annual Fuel Consumption Costs**

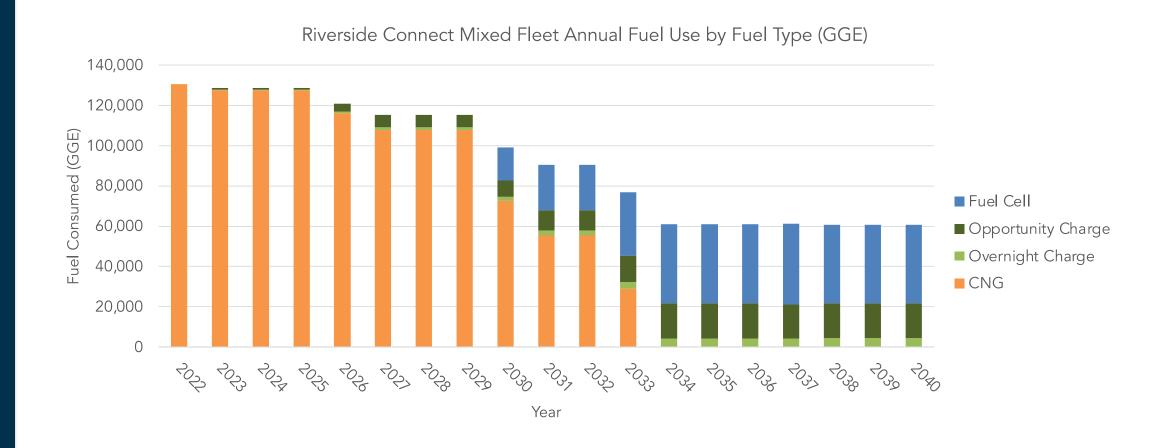
#### **BEB**





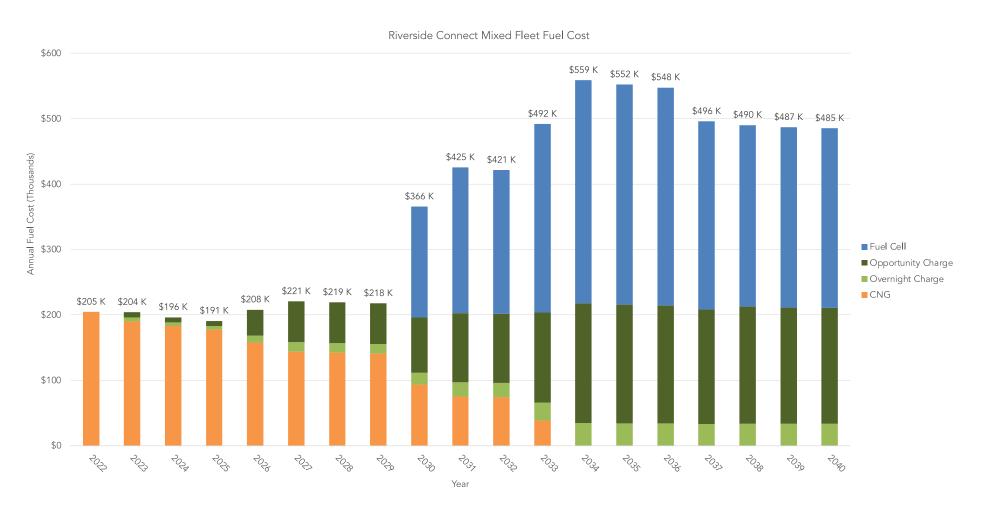
• The average fuel cost per mile for all fuels utilized in the course of the transition period for this scenario is \$0.35/mile

# Annual Fuel Consumption Mixed Fleet





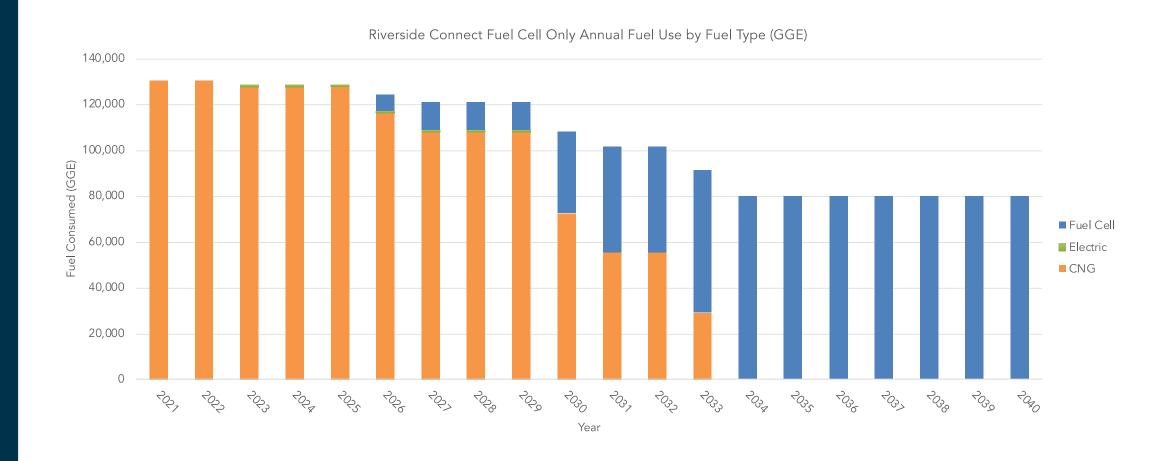
## **Annual Fuel Consumption Costs**Mixed Fleet





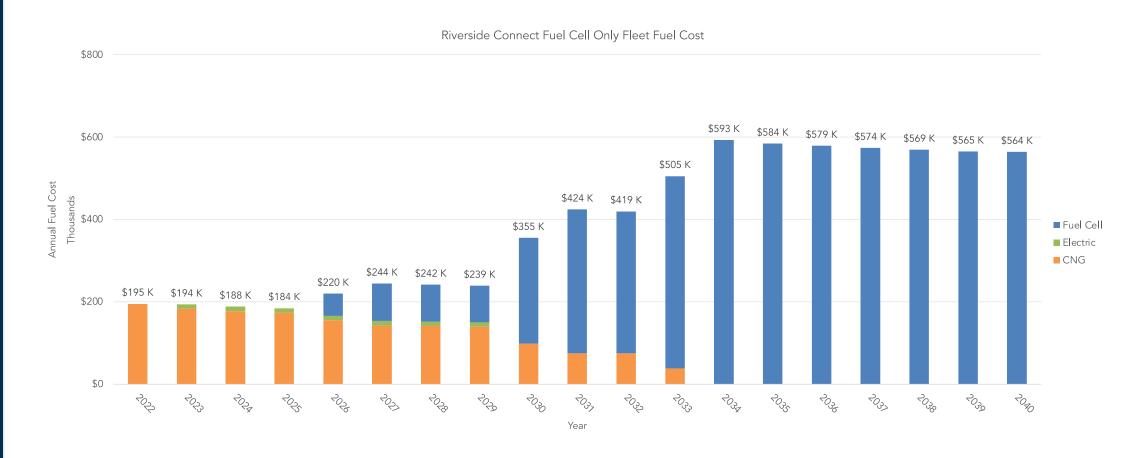
• The average fuel cost per mile for all fuels utilized in the course of the transition period for this scenario is \$0.41/mile

# **Annual Fuel Consumption** FCEB





# **Annual Fuel Consumption Costs FCEB**

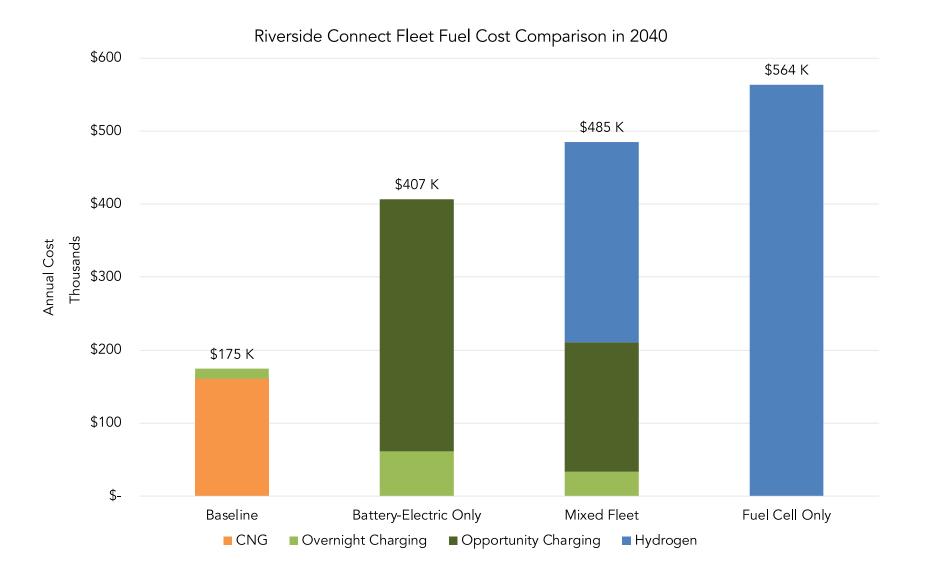




• The average fuel cost per mile for all fuels utilized in the course of the transition period for this scenario is \$0.44/mile

### **Comparative Annual Fuel Costs**

#### For Transitioned Fleet 2040, All Scenarios





# Maintenance Cost Analysis



### **Maintenance Cost Assumptions**

#### **Annual Vehicle Parts & Labor**

- Basic calculation framework is established by NREL reports of per-mile costs for standard buses.
- Calculation items based on mileage-weighted averages from the NREL study data, adjusted to year 2021 dollars.
- Applied a common service life and curb weight for each operator for each class of vehicle.
- This maintenance assessment includes only vehicle maintenance costs for the transition.
  - Hydrogen and CNG infrastructure maintenance is included in the fuel price in the fuel assessment.
  - Charger maintenance is included in the infrastructure assessment.
  - Many other operational and administrative costs are not included.
- Inflation is applied to the costs per mile at 3% per year per the **CPI** Index.



## **Maintenance Costs Composition**

NREL Category and ATA VMRS Items	CNG Cost per Mile	BEB Cost per Mile
Exhaust System Repairs (43)	\$0.00706	\$0.00000
Fuel System Repairs (44)	\$0.01909	\$0.00000
Power Plant Repairs (45)	\$0.04035	\$0.00694
Electric Propulsion Repairs (46)	\$0.00000	\$0.03376
Air Intake System Repairs (41)	\$0.00507	\$0.00013
Cooling System Repairs (42)	\$0.02025	\$0.01631
Hydraulic System Repairs (65)	\$0.00017	\$0.00000
General Air System Repairs (10)	\$0.00658	\$0.00472
Transmission Repairs (27)	\$0.00532	\$0.01045
HVAC System Repairs (01)	\$0.01559	\$0.01495
Axle, Wheel, and Driveshaft Repairs (11, 18,		
22, 24)	\$0.00964	\$0.01157
Electrical System Repairs (30, 31, 32, 33)	\$0.04318	\$0.04318
Lighting System Repairs (34)	\$0.00692	\$0.00692
Tire Repairs (17)	\$0.02918	\$0.02918

Adjusted Model Formulation
CNGs at \$0.0014 per curb weight ton-mile (CWTM). BEBs were assumed to be 45% of CNGs based on ICT Appendix G
\$1425/\$1500 per vehicle (cutaway/standard) plus \$0.000072 per CWTM
Replaced by a new 'Combined Mechanical' category
Replaced by a new 'Combined Mechanical' category
\$0.0072 per CWTM



May 17, 2023

### **Maintenance Cost Assumptions**

### **Annual Vehicle Maintenance Parts & Labor**

Legacy Vehicle Type	Maintenance Cost (Per Mile)
Gas Cutaway	\$ 0.35
CNG Cutaway	\$ 0.35
30'/35'/40' CNG Bus	\$ 0.38

Zero-Emission Vehicle Type	Maintenance Cost (Per Mile)
Battery Electric Cutaway	\$ 0.32
30'/35'/40' Battery Electric Bus	\$ 0.34
Fuel Cell Electric Cutaway	\$ 0.51
30'/35'/40' Fuel Cell Electric Bus	\$ 0.56



## **Maintenance Cost Assumptions**

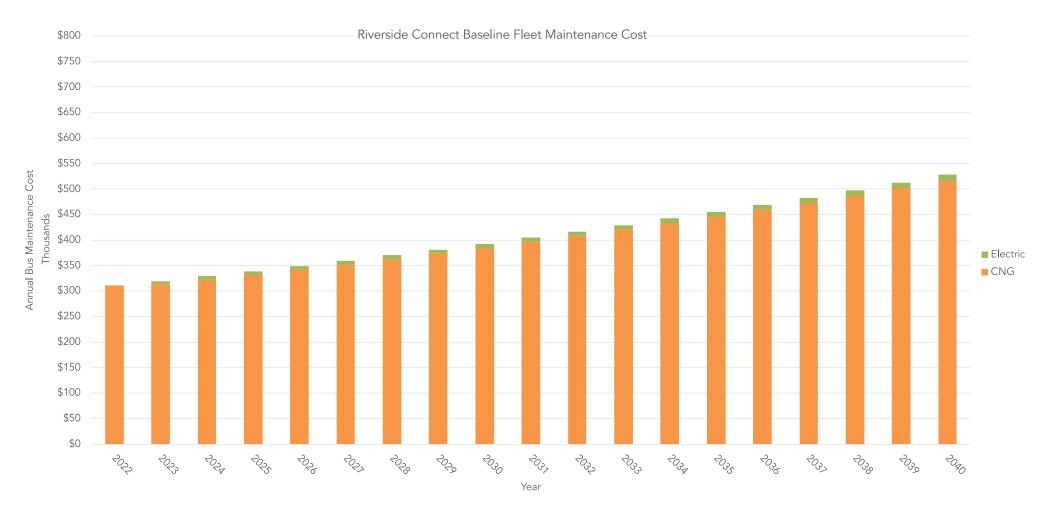
### **Capital Expenditure in Maintenance Parts & Labor**

Vehicle Type	Overhaul (FC/Transmission) Cost Per vehicle life	Battery Warranty Cost Per vehicle life
CNG Cutaway	\$0	\$0
30'/35'/40' CNG Bus	\$30,000	\$0
Battery Electric Cutaway	\$0	\$24,000
30'/35' 40' Battery Electric Bus	\$0	\$75 <b>,</b> 000
30'/35'/40' Fuel Cell Electric Bus	\$40,000	\$17,000
Fuel Cell Electric Cutaway	\$0	\$10,000



### **Annual Maintenance Costs**

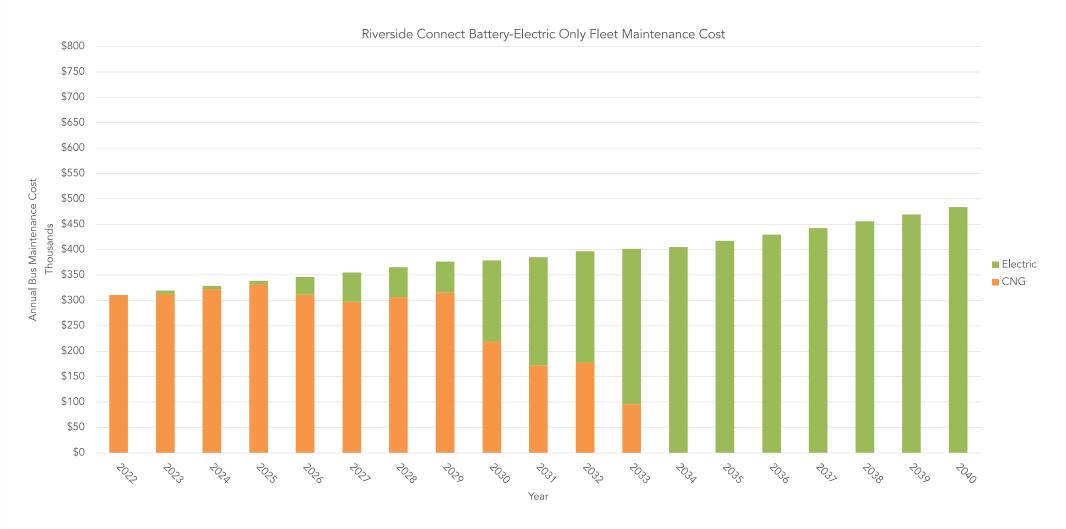
#### Baseline





Capital expenditure for vehicle battery warranties and fuel cell (if applicable) & CNG overhauls for the course of the transition is approx. \$72K and covers the cost of this maintenance practice for 85 vehicles.

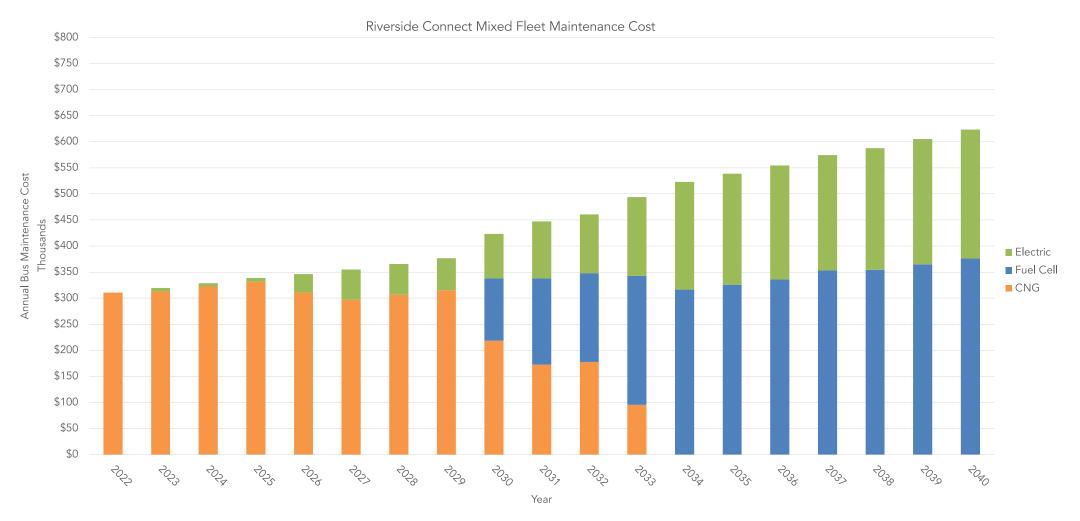
# **Annual Maintenance Costs BEB**





Capital expenditure for vehicle battery warranties and fuel cell (if applicable) & CNG overhauls for the course of the transition is approx. \$1.56M and covers the cost of this maintenance practice for 85 vehicles.

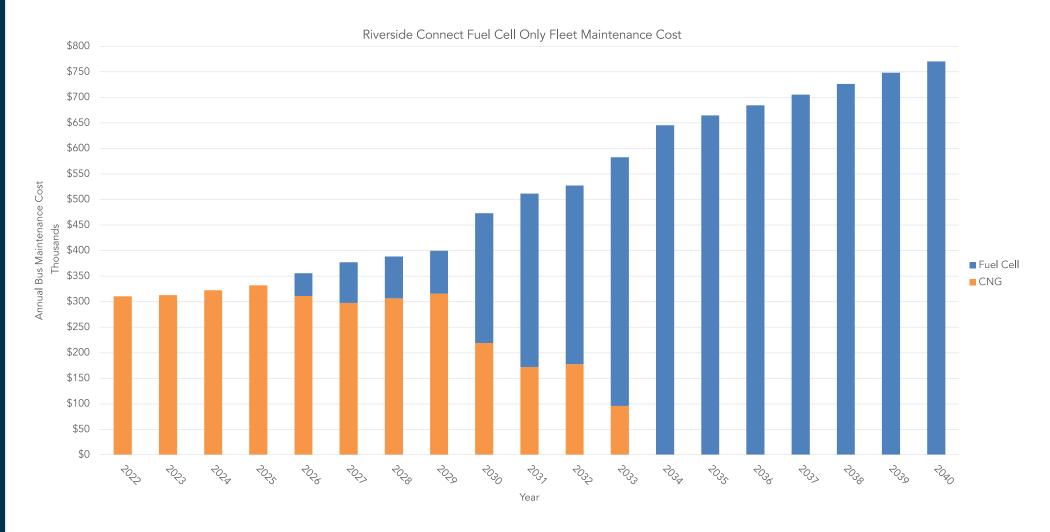
# **Annual Maintenance Costs Mixed Fleet**





Capital expenditure for vehicle battery warranties and fuel cell (if applicable) & CNG overhauls for the course of the transition is approx. \$1.13M and covers the cost of this maintenance practice for 85 vehicles.

# **Annual Maintenance Costs** FCEB

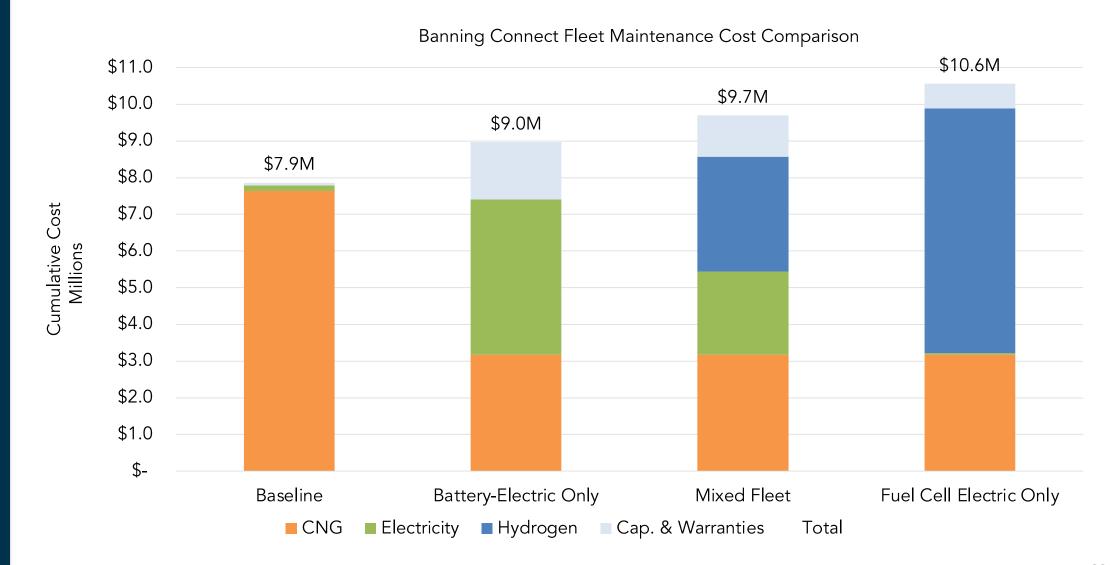




Capital expenditure for vehicle battery warranties and fuel cell (if applicable) & CNG overhauls for the course of the transition is approx. \$664K and covers the cost of this maintenance practice for 85 vehicles.

### **Comparative Annual Maintenance Costs**

#### **Entire Transition Period, All Scenarios**





# Preliminary Facilities Cost Analysis



## **Facilities Concept Assumptions**

- No land acquisition costs are included in the project costs.
- Infrastructure for baseline is not included since it is a continuation of today's operations.
- Assume 100% of buses will operate, so every bus has a dispenser.
- Assumes 2 dispensers per 150 kW charger and a 2 bus to 1 charger ratio
  - Only one transit bus can charge at a time.
  - Two cutaways can charge simultaneously at one charger, each charging at 75kW.
- Depot & Station MW capacity is assumed to start at 0.
- On-Route chargers assume each charger can serve 4 buses per hour to allow for each bus to have 15 minutes on the charger in any given hour.
  - Each on-route charger has just one dispenser (assumed to be pantograph- usable only by transit buses).
- Costs are applied in <u>the year prior</u> to non-ZEBs are replaced with ZEBs requiring the infrastructure to represent the actual year of expenditure for the RCTC implementation plan.



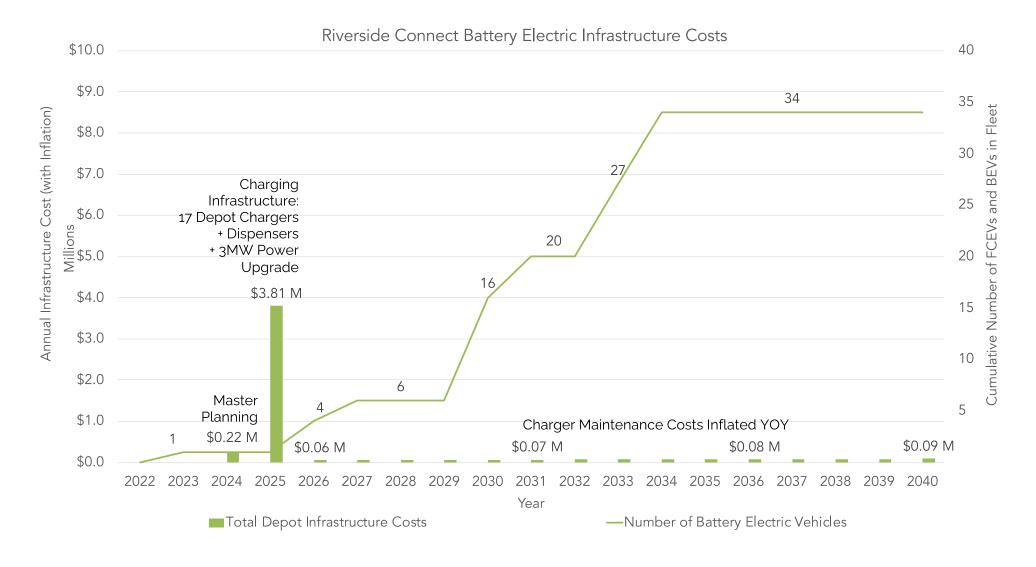
## **Facilities Cost Assumptions**

- Construction projects are inflated 5.4% per year per Caltrans Construction Index (CCI).
- Hydrogen fueling projects are determined based on annual consumptions and known fueling technologies. All operators fueling solutions are decided based on fuel consumption need and approximately right-sized.
- Hydrogen infrastructure maintenance and operations is covered in the price of fuel in the fuel assessment.
- Charger maintenance is included as a \$3,000/per charger per year inflated at 3% per year.
- Infrastructure project pricing is determined through averages of recent CTE deployment projects as well
  as transit client procurement and industry product insights (proprietary).
  - IBI Group will explore site assessments and infrastructure recommendations for each operator's selected transition scenario further in tasks 4.3 & 4.4.



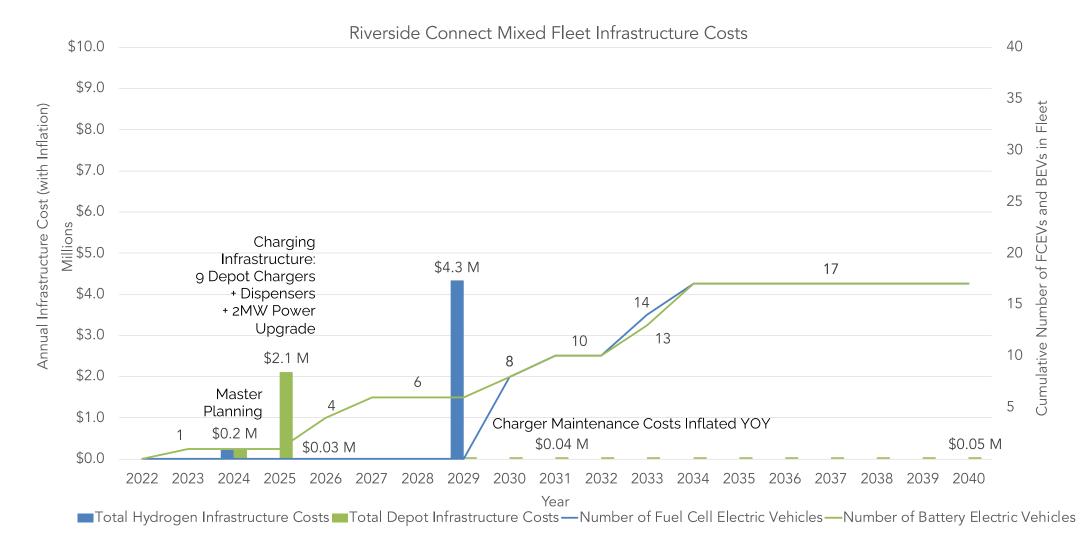
#### **Annual Infrastructure Timeline and Costs**

#### **BEB**





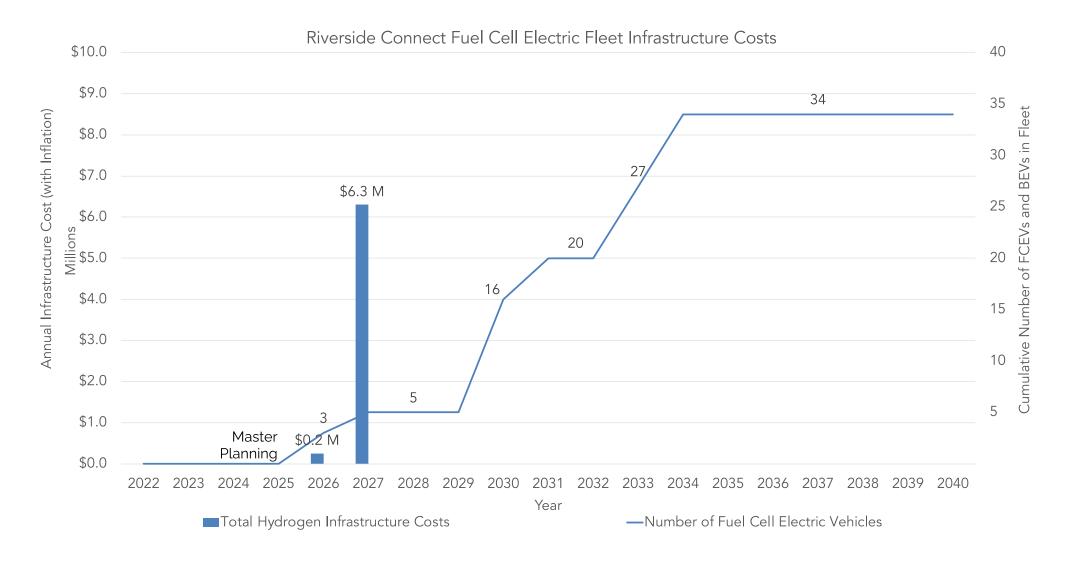
# Annual Infrastructure Timeline and Costs <a href="Independent">Independent</a> Hydrogen Infrastructure Serving Mixed Fleet





#### **Annual Infrastructure Timeline and Costs**

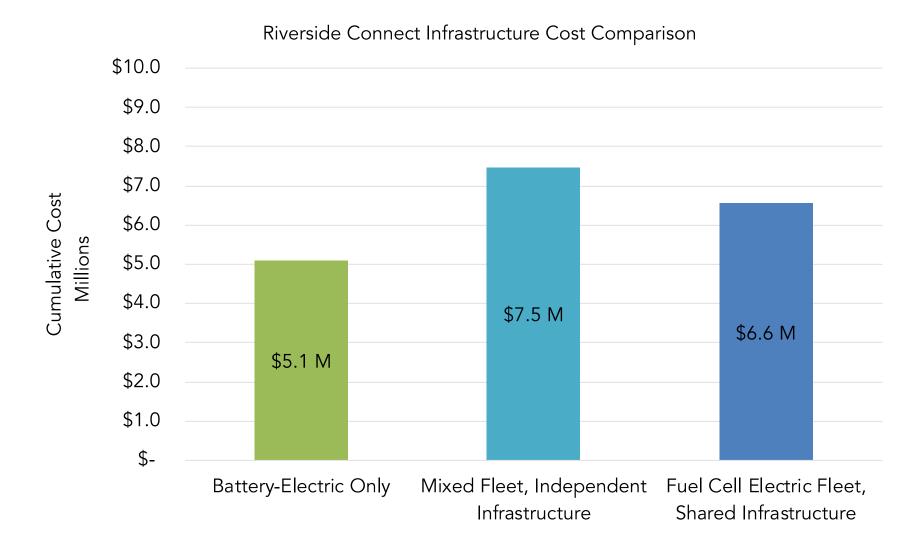
#### **Shared Hydrogen Infrastructure Serving Fuel Cell Fleet**





### **Comparative Infrastructure Costs**

#### **Entire Transition Period, All Scenarios**



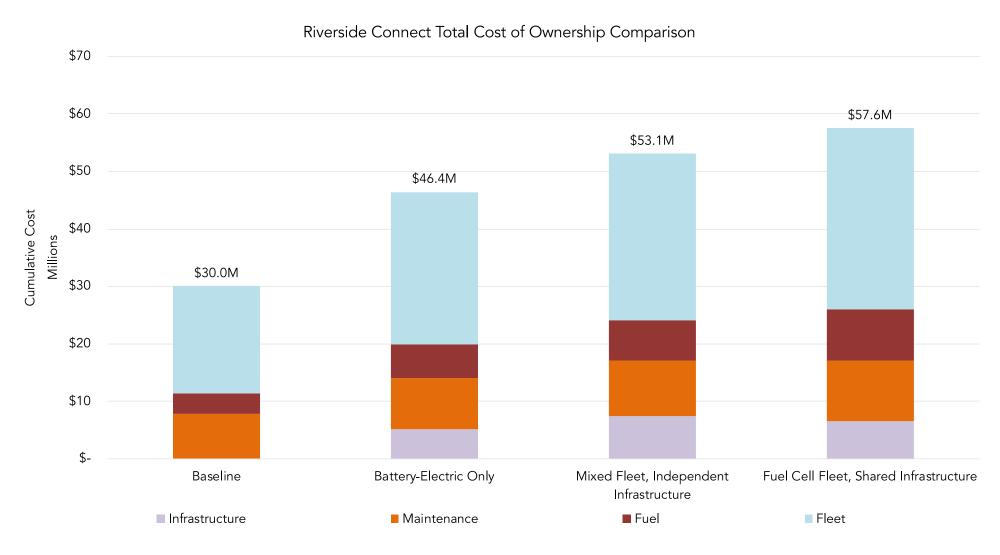


# Total Cost of Ownership Analysis



### **Comparative Total Cost of Ownership**

#### **Entire Transition Period, All Scenarios**





### **Other Considerations**

- These analyses are based on the Existing Conditions Report published in October 2022.
- Transition plans are living documents that are meant to be revisited as the market matures.
- There are operational costs and impacts that may increase the need for personnel such as ZE project managers, operations staff, trainings, grants managers, which are not included in this analysis.
- Scheduling changes are not included in this assessment. Operators can review operational modifications that may simplify their transitions to ZEV.
- Prices used in the analysis are a snapshot of today's market, while they are evidence-based predictions, the hydrogen market is nascent and will likely see large pricing drops with increased supply and commercialization.



### **Other Considerations Continued**

- While shared infrastructure offers cost savings, there is potential for increased deadhead with shared infrastructure.
- EV Rate Schedules do have end dates projected, so electricity prices are likely to rise.
- Selecting a single technology can increase operational simplicity and cost savings.
- Selecting multiple technologies does make a fleet more resilient to grid-down or fuel supply shortage scenarios.



## **Next Steps**

- Meeting with Riverside Staff February 7
- Staff Recommendations
- ICT Rollout Plan Approval June 20
- Implementation Plan with Selected Transition(s) for all operators October
   11

